

**O`ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI OLIY VA O`RTA
MAXSUS TA'LIM VAZIRLIGI**

ANDIJON MASHINASOZLIK INSTITUTI

**Sirtqi bo`lim uchun
ingliz tili fanidan mustaqil ish tayyorlash bo'yicha
uslubiy ko'rsatma**

Andijon-2018

Institut o`quv - uslubiy kengashi tomonidan tasdiqlangan.

(2018 yil " 15 " 05 " 2018) - son majlis bayoni)

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Mashinasozlik texnologiyasi fakul'teti kengashi tomonidan ma`qullangan.

(2018 yil " 12 " 5 ") - son majlis bayoni)

Kengash raisi: M-A.Eshonov

Xorijiy tillar kafedrasining majlisida (" 5 " 12 2018 yil

№ 5 son bayonnoma) muhokama qilingan va tavsiya etilgan.

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Kirish

Mustaqil Respublikamiz jahon hamjamiyatida alohida o'z o'rniga ega bo'layotgan va xalqaro aloqalar, mamlakatlar o'rtasida madaniy aloqalar rivojlanib, mustahkamlanib borayotgan bir paytda uning kelajagini yaratuvchi yoshlarga ingliz tilini mukammal o'rgatish va xorijliklar bilan suxbatlashish davomida o'ziga tegishli masalalarni erkin muhokama qilish, umuman og'zaki va yozma shaklda muloqot qilishni o'rgatish, hozirgi zamon chet tillarini o'qitish metodikasining eng muhim vazifalaridan biridir.

Mazkur uslubiy ko'rsatma O'zbekiston Respublikasining birinchi Prezidentining 2012 yil 10 dekabrda "Chet tillarni o'rganish tizimini yanada takomillashtirish chora-tadbirlari to'g'risida"gi PQ-1875-sonli, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Vazirlar Mahkamasining 2013yil 8 maydagi "Chet tillar bo'yicha ta'limning barcha bosqichlari bitiruvchilarining tayyorgarlik darajasiga qo'yiladigan talablar" to'g'risidagi 124-sonli qarorlari hamda Yevropa Kengashining "Chet tilini egallash umumiyevropa kompetentsiyalari: o'rganish, o'qitish va baholash" to'g'risidagi umum e'tirof etilgan xalqaro me'yorlari (CEFR – Common European Framework of Reference) ga muvofiq ishlab chiqildi.

Bu uslubiy ko'rsatmada tili o'rganilayotgan mamlakatlarning geografik o'rni, davlat tuzilishi, katta shaxarlari, madaniyati, bayramlari, fasllari va iqlimi xaqida 1-kurs o'quv kitobidagi mavzularga oid tuzilgan.

Mashqlarni echish orqali talabalar tili o'rganilayotgan mamlakatlar xaqida qiziqarli ma'lumotga ega bo'ladi. Uslubiy ko'rsatma 6 bo'limdan iborat bo'lib, o'qitishni har bir bo'limlari uchun mashqlar, topishmoqlar, krossvordlar berilgan va talabalar o'zini bilimini tekshirish uchun tinglab tushunish tekstlari ham uslubiy ko'rsatmani oxirida berilgan.

Talaba nazorat ishi uchun savollarni barcha bo'limlarni ish kitobiga bajaradi va uni ro'yxatdan o'tkazadi.

Ushbu uslubiy ko'satma ingliz tilini o'rganayotganlar uchun yaxshigina dasturulamal bo'ladi deb umid qilamiz.

1 You

Grammar

1 Complete the questions below using *What*, *Where* or *How*.

Example

What's your first name?

- a) _____ 's your surname?
- b) _____ do you live?
- c) _____ 's your telephone number?
- d) _____ old are you?
- e) _____ do you do?

2 Rewrite the questions from exercise 1 and ask about Tanya.

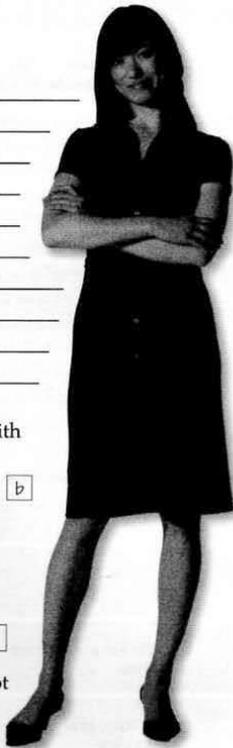
Example

What's her first name?

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

3 Match the answers below with the questions in exercise 2.

- 1 She lives in Cambridge. b
- 2 Redford.
- 3 About twenty-five, I think.
- 4 She's a police officer.
- 5 I don't know, but I've got her email address.



4 Complete the questions using *are*, *do* or *have*.

Example

Are you married?

- a) _____ you tired?
- b) _____ you like dancing?
- c) _____ you live with your parents?
- d) _____ you got a mobile phone?
- e) _____ you stressed?
- f) _____ you got any brothers or sisters?

5 Write short answers for the questions in exercise 4. Make them true for you.

Example

(Are you married?) Yes, I am.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____

6 Complete the table.

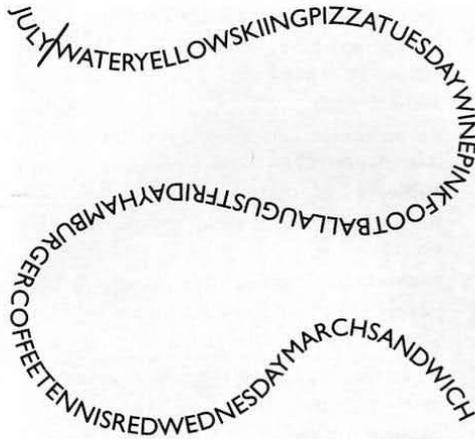
subject	possessive adjective
I	my _____
_____	your _____
he	_____
_____	her _____
_____	its _____
we	_____
they	_____

7 Complete the text using words from the table in exercise 6.

My name's Gerry. (a) I 'm 25 years old. I've got a brother. (b) his name's David. He's 32. (c) he 's an engineer. He's married and he's got two children. (d) Their names are James and Beth. (e) They 're twins. (f) His wife's a doctor. (g) she works in the local hospital. And you? What's (h) your name?

Vocabulary

- 1 Draw a line between the words in the word snake.



- 2 Rewrite the words in the correct category.

Months: July

Days: _____

Food: _____

Drink: _____

Sports: _____

Colours: _____

- 3 Search the word square (→↓) for two words for each category in exercise 2.

D	S	P	A	G	H	E	T	T	I
E	F	K	G	T	S	H	I	F	E
C	V	P	A	S	T	A	E	R	S
E	G	O	L	F	C	I	R	B	W
M	O	S	T	O	O	T	G	L	I
B	E	P	E	I	K	N	R	A	M
E	Y	S	A	N	E	D	E	C	M
R	S	U	N	D	A	Y	Y	K	I
K	J	U	N	E	F	I	B	S	N
T	H	U	R	S	D	A	Y	Z	G

- 4 Add one more word to each category in exercise 2.

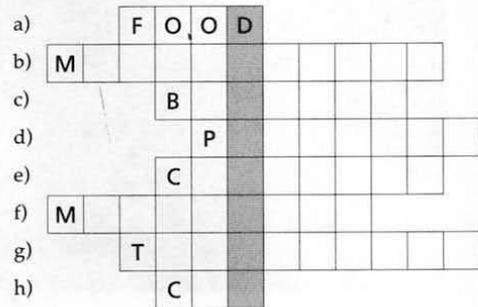
- 5 Complete each question with a word from the box.

brothers favourite French ~~name~~ old
surname telephone

Example

'What's your name?' 'Mary.'

- a) 'What's your _____?' 'Smith.'
- b) 'What's your _____ number?' '732 446.'
- c) 'How _____ are you?' 'I'm 26.'
- d) 'What's your _____ colour?' 'Red.'
- e) 'Have you got any _____ or sisters?'
'Yes, I have. I've got one sister.'
- f) 'Do you speak _____?' 'No, I don't, but I speak Italian.'
- 6 Look at the pictures, complete the puzzle and find the name of a month in the grey squares.



Listening

- 1 Jodie is interested in doing a language course at Language International. Cover the recording script opposite and listen to Jodie's conversation with a receptionist. Tick (✓) the information about the course she is interested in.

Language	Type of course
French <input type="checkbox"/>	Evening conversation course <input type="checkbox"/>
German <input type="checkbox"/>	Intensive business course <input type="checkbox"/>
Spanish <input type="checkbox"/>	Short holiday course <input type="checkbox"/>



- 2 Listen again and complete the form below.

LANGUAGE INTERNATIONAL

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Name: _____

Surname: _____

Address: _____

Telephone number
 (home): _____
 (work): _____

Receptionist Good morning, Language International. Can I help you?

Jodie Yes, please. I'd like some information about one of your language courses.

Receptionist Yes, of course. What language are you interested in?

Jodie French.

Receptionist Can we send you the information in the post?

Jodie Yes, of course.

Receptionist What's your first name, please?

Jodie Jodie. That's J O D I E.

Receptionist And what's your surname?

Jodie Rowlands.

Receptionist Can you spell that, please?

Jodie R O W L A N D S.

Receptionist What's your address?

Jodie 27, King's Road.

Receptionist And what's your telephone number?

Jodie 366 572.

Receptionist Is that your home number?

Jodie Yes, it is.

Receptionist Have you got a telephone number at work?

Jodie Yes, I have. It's 552 638.

Receptionist Sorry, can you repeat that, please?

Jodie Yes, of course. 552 638.

Receptionist What course are you interested in?

Jodie The intensive business French course.

Receptionist OK. I'll send you some information about the course in the post.

Jodie Thanks a lot. Goodbye.

Receptionist Bye.

Pronunciation

- Listen and correct the telephone numbers.

- 921 661
- 119 672
- 377 098
- 567 538
- 871 502

- Listen again and repeat.

Writing

- 1 Read the web page and match the descriptions with the photos of the people.

Galapagos ecology

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Favorites History Search AutoFill Larger Smaller Print Mail Preferences

Address: <http://www.galapagosecol.org/> Go

Galapagos ECOLOGY PROJECT

The Galapagos Ecology Project wants people to come and work with them for four months. Here are two of the people who are helping us on the project this year.

- 1 Hello, my name's Sandra. I'm 22. I'm a marine biologist. I live in Cardiff. I love the beach. My favourite food is fish and my favourite sports are swimming and tennis.
- 2 Hi, my name's Rob. I'm 35. I'm a car mechanic. I live in Glasgow. I love photography and adventure. My favourite sports are jogging, climbing and karate. Bananas are my favourite fruit and my favourite drink is coconut milk.

Do you want to join us? Write a short description of yourself using no more than 50 words and email it to us today.

Internet zone

- 2 Write a short description of yourself for the project. Remember to include the following points:

your name	where you live
your age	your favourite food
your occupation	your favourite sports.

2

People

Grammar

1 Complete the conversation using *do, don't, does or doesn't*.

- A: What do you do?
 B: I'm a football player.
 A: (a) _____ you live with your parents?
 B: No, I (b) _____. I live with my wife, Nikki, and our two children, Robyn and Tammy.
 A: (c) _____ your wife work?
 B: Yes, she (d) _____. She's a singer.
 A: (e) _____ you go to her concerts?
 B: Yes, of course! If I haven't got a football match.
 A: (f) _____ your wife like football?
 B: No, she (g) _____. She prefers shopping.

Listen and check.

2 Circle the correct verb.

- A: *Do / Are / Have* you got any brothers or sisters?
 B: Yes, I (a) *do / am / have*. I've got a brother.
 A: (b) *Does / Is / Has* he older than you?
 B: No, he (c) *doesn't / isn't / hasn't*. He's the same age. He's my twin.
 A: Oh really! What (d) *does / is / has* he do?
 B: He's a dancer.
 A: (e) *Does / Is / Has* he live with you and your parents?
 B: No, he (f) *doesn't / isn't / hasn't*. He lives in London.
 A: (g) *Do / Are / Have* you see a lot of him?
 B: Yes, I (h) *do / am / have*. I go to see him in London two or three times a month. We're very good friends.

3 Complete the questions.

Example

Is your sister married?

- a) _____ you live with your parents?
 b) _____ your teacher Canadian?
 c) _____ you got a twin brother?
 d) _____ you hungry?
 e) _____ your brother work for your father?
 f) _____ your sister got a job?

4 Write short answers for the questions in exercise 3. Where possible make them true for you.

Example

No, she isn't.

- a) _____
 b) _____
 c) _____
 d) _____
 e) _____
 f) _____

5 Write the contracted forms of the verbs in *italics*.

I come from a very big family. *I have got* four brothers and one sister. All my brothers are married, so (a) *I have got* four sisters-in-law. John is my oldest brother. (b) *He has got* three children – two boys and a girl. My next two brothers, Luke and Jamie, have both got two children. (c) *Luke has got* two little girls and (d) *Jamie has got* two little boys. Pete, my little brother, is married, but (e) *he has not got* any children – yet! Helen, my sister, and her husband Rob (f) *have not got* any children, but (g) *they have got* five dogs and two cats.

Example

I've got

- a) _____ e) _____
 b) _____ f) _____
 c) _____ g) _____
 d) _____

Pronunciation

1 Listen and repeat.

the world of work
 In summer I walk to work.

2 Listen and circle the word you hear.

- /wɜ:k/ /wɔ:k/
 a) work walk
 b) work walk
 c) work walk
 d) work walk

Vocabulary

- 1 Complete each sentence using a word from the box.

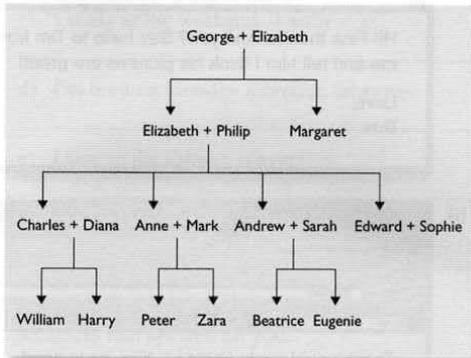
An actor A DJ ~~A nurse~~ A secretary
A teacher A waiter

Example

A nurse works in a hospital.

- _____ works in a bar or café.
- _____ works in a night club.
- _____ works in an office.
- _____ works in a school.
- _____ works for a film company.

- 2 Look at the family tree. Complete each sentence about the family using a word from the box.



brother cousin ~~father~~ grandfather
nephew son uncle

Example

Andrew is Eugenie's father.

- Harry is Beatrice's _____.
- William is Edward's _____.
- Andrew is Harry's _____.
- William is Diana's _____.
- Andrew is Anne's _____.
- George is Charles's _____.
- Peter is Elizabeth's _____.

Do you know this famous family?

- 3 All the answers in exercise 2 are about men. Give the female equivalent. (One word is the same for both a man and a woman.)

Example

father *mother*

- brother _____
- grandfather _____
- uncle _____
- son _____
- nephew _____
- cousin _____
- grandson _____

- 4 Complete the instructions with the correct nationality word.

Example

Name a Polish (Poland) city.

- Name a _____ (Brazil) football player.
- Name an _____ (America) politician.
- Name a _____ (Britain) pop star.
- Name an _____ (Italy) car.
- Name a _____ (Spain) actor or actress.

- 5 Follow the instructions in exercise 4.

Example

Warsaw

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Writing

What is the plural form of the words in the box? Write them in the correct column.

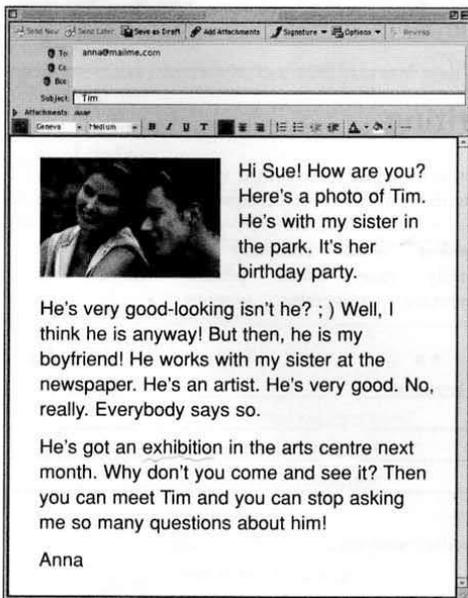
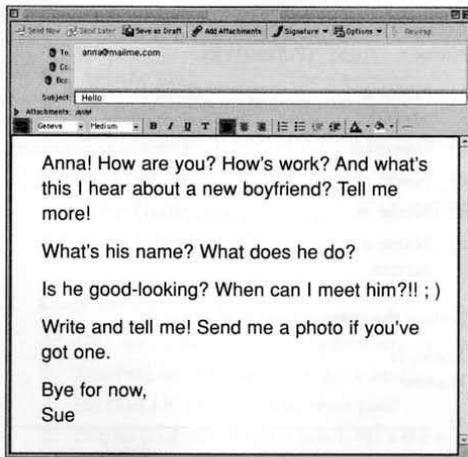
~~brother~~ ~~child~~ company daughter
family man office person school
secretary university woman

+ s	+ ies	irregular
brothers	_____	children
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Reading

1 Read these two emails from Anna and Sue and tick (✓) the correct answer.

- a) Anna and Sue are ...
 ... sisters.
 ... very good friends.
 ... work mates.
- b) They are writing about
 ... Anna's boyfriend.
 ... a colleague.
 ... Sue's friend.



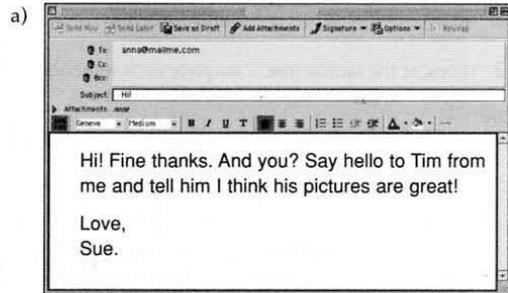
2 Read the emails again. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Example

Sue works with Tim. F

- a) Anna's sister works with Tim.
 b) Tim and Sue are good friends.
 c) Tim is a photographer.
 d) His pictures aren't very good.
 e) Sue wants to meet Tim.

3 Here are three more emails from Sue and Anna. Put them in chronological order.



3

Days

Grammar

1 Add the adverbs in brackets to the sentences.

Example

I go to the cinema. (hardly ever)
I hardly ever go to the cinema.

- a) I get up late on Sunday. (sometimes)

- b) I watch the news on television. (usually)

- c) I study at the weekend. (hardly ever)

- d) I'm tired on Monday morning. (always)

- e) I sing in the shower. (never)

- f) I'm late for work. (often)

2 Use the words from the table and make three sentences that are true for you.

I	(don't)	always	go out on a Saturday night.
		usually	watch television in the morning.
		often	have lunch with friends.
		sometimes	
		hardly ever	
		never	

Examples

I often go out on Saturday night.
I don't usually watch television in the morning.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____

3 Add *-ing* to the verbs in the box.

do go have jog shop swim

doing _____

4 Complete each sentence using a verb from exercise 3.

Example

I hate jogging.



- a) I don't mind _____ the housework.
- b) I like _____ for clothes with my friends.
- c) I really like _____ in the sea.
- d) I don't like _____ to rock concerts.
- e) I love _____ breakfast in bed.

5 Match the questions in box A with the answers in box B.

A

- a) Do you like playing tennis? 5
- b) Do you like chocolate?
- c) Do you like pop concerts?
- d) Do you like your new English teacher?
- e) Does your new English teacher like you?

B

- 1 Yes, I really like her.
- 2 Yes, she thinks I'm great!
- 3 No, I hate them.
- 4 No, I don't. I hate it!
- 5 Yes, I love it. It's a great sport.

6 Write *your* answers to the questions in exercise 5.

Example

- a) *No, I don't, but I like playing football.*
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

Vocabulary

- 1 Match a verb from box A with a phrase from box B to describe each picture.

A

do go have listen to watch

B

a cup of tea a film lunch with friends
music the radio television for a walk
the washing yoga

Example

watch a film



- 2 Complete the time expressions using *in*, *at* or *on*.

Example

in the morning

- a) ___ Saturday afternoon e) ___ my birthday
b) ___ the weekend f) ___ winter
c) ___ night g) ___ February
d) ___ 21st March h) ___ five o'clock

- 3 Put the phrases in the correct order. Write the answers in the box below.

- a) On Saturday I usually get
b) shower. Then I go
c) to music on my walkman and watch
d) newspaper and sometimes I listen
e) up at about 9 o'clock and I have a
f) a nice long breakfast. I read a
g) the people going to the shops.
h) to my local café and I have

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
a	e						

- 4 Circle the correct verb.

Example

He never makes / does decisions.

- a) My brother never *makes* / does his bed.
b) My dad *makes* / does the shopping.
c) I don't often *make* / do long phone calls.
d) My mother *makes* / does the dinner.
e) I always *make* / do the washing up.
f) I usually *make* / do the housework at the weekend.

Writing

Add apostrophes to the texts.

- a) I don't like football, its boring! Im tired of seeing it on TV all the time. I prefer rugby. Its much more interesting. But they dont write about it in my local newspaper.
b) Ive got a new job. Its a part-time job in a night club. Im the managers secretary. The jobs interesting and my boss is very nice. The work isnt hard and Ive got a lot of free time. Im very happy there.
c) My brothers girlfriend works really hard. Shes a nurse. She loves her job but she doesnt like working at night. And they dont pay her very well.

Listening

- 1 Sara is an actress. Here are some of the things she does in her free time. Match the activities to the pictures.

- a) go clubbing 6 d) go to the cinema
b) play tennis e) spend time with friends
c) do yoga f) go shopping



- 2 Cover the recording script opposite and listen to Sara describing how she spends her Saturdays. Tick (✓) the activities you hear from the list in exercise 1.

- 3 Listen again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Example

Sara gets up early on Saturday morning. F

- a) She has a quick breakfast and watches television.
b) She likes going out for lunch with her mother.
c) After lunch she does some yoga.
d) The show starts at 7.30.
e) After the show she likes to go home and relax.

- 4 Correct the false sentences.

Example

Sara gets up late on Saturday morning.

Check your answers in the recording script opposite.

Interviewer Sara, what do you do on Saturday? Do you get up late?

Sara Yes, I do. I usually go to bed late on Friday night, so on Saturday morning I get up at about 10.30, 11 o'clock.

Interviewer And what do you usually do in the morning?

Sara Not very much! I have a long, slow breakfast and read the newspaper. I phone my mother ... We usually go shopping together. I love shopping in the market.

Interviewer And what about lunch? Do you have lunch at home?

Sara No, I don't. I like going out for lunch with my friends. I think it's really important to spend time with my friends. We all have very busy lives. Saturday is a good time to get together.

Interviewer And what do you do after lunch? Do you have any free time?

Sara Yes, I do. I always do some yoga for an hour before I go to the theatre. It helps me relax.

Interviewer What time does the show start?

Sara At half past seven. I usually go to the theatre at about 5 o'clock.

Interviewer And what do you do after the show? Do you go home to bed?

Sara No! I've always got a lot of energy after a show.

Interviewer So, what do you do?

Sara I go clubbing. I love dancing. I go with some of the other actors in the show ... and we have a great time.

Pronunciation

- 1 Listen and repeat.

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday
Friday Saturday Sunday

- 2 Listen. Write the day you hear.

Example

Tuesday

- a) _____ d) _____
b) _____ e) _____
c) _____ f) _____

4

Living

Grammar

1 Complete the description using 's, isn't, are or aren't.

Hi! Here's a photo of our student flats. They're great! There's a gym and a swimming pool. And there (a) a superb bar, with great music. We go there every night! The flats are really nice. There (b) four bedrooms in a flat and there (c) a kitchen and a bathroom too. Unfortunately, there (d) a living room, but the bedrooms are big and comfortable. There (e) any shops, but there (f) a supermarket not far away.

2 Circle the correct form of the verb.

Example

(Is) / Are there a kitchen in the flats?

- a) Is / Are there a gym?
- b) Is / Are there any shops?
- c) Is / Are there a bar?
- d) Is / Are there a living room in the flats?
- e) Is / Are there any discos?

3 Look at the description in exercise 1 again and answer the questions in exercise 2.

Example

Yes, there is.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

4 Circle the correct answer.

My bedroom in the flat isn't very big, but it's comfortable. There's (a) / some / any big bed and (a) a / some / any comfortable armchair. There are (b) a / some / any plants near the window and (c) a / some / any cushions on the floor. There aren't (d) a / some / any posters on the wall but there's (e) a / some / any mirror and (f) a / some / any shelves. I haven't got (g) a / some / any books on the shelves, but there are a lot of CDs and tapes.

5 Complete the questions using a, an or any.

Example

Is there a good cinema?

- a) Are there theatres?
- b) Is there old historic centre?
- c) Is there indoor swimming pool?
- d) Are there shopping centres?
- e) Is there international airport?
- f) Is there river near the town?

6 Answer the questions in exercise 5 for your town.

Example

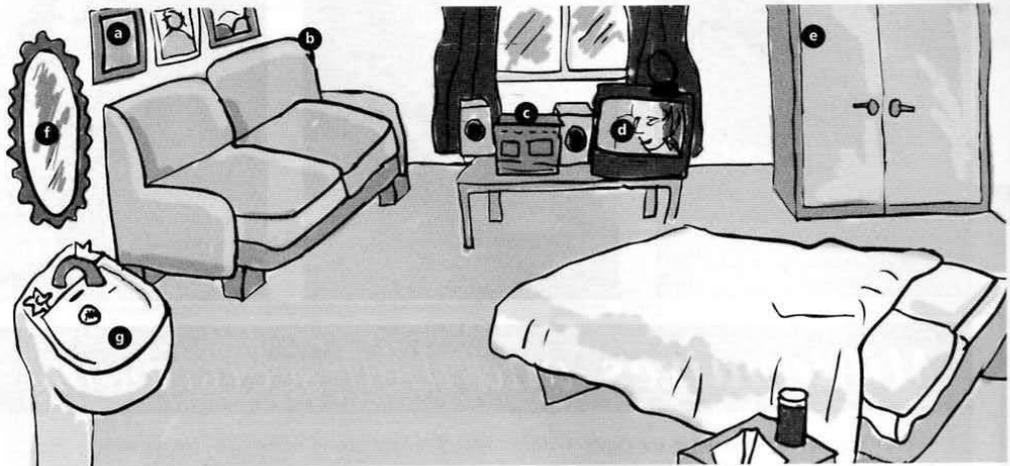
Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____

Vocabulary

1 Use the words in the box to label the objects in the picture below.

mirror ~~pictures~~ sofa stereo television wardrobe wash basin



Example

- a) pictures
 b) _____ e) _____
 c) _____ f) _____
 d) _____ g) _____

2 Look at the picture again. Fill each gap with a preposition from the box.

above in next to on on ~~under~~
 under

Example

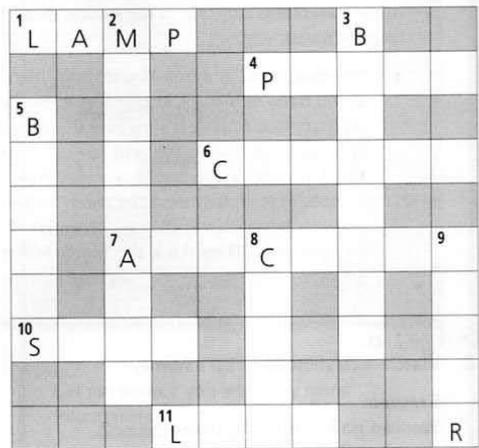
The sofa is under the pictures.

- a) The mirror is _____ the washbasin.
 b) The pictures are _____ the wall.
 c) The wardrobe is _____ the bed.
 d) The television is _____ the table.
 e) The wardrobe is _____ the corner.
 f) The stereo is _____ the window.

3 Circle the correct preposition.

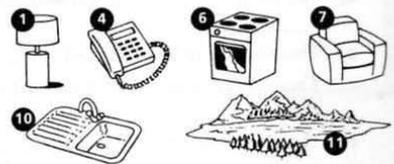
I live (in) / on / by a small village (a) next to / in / on the mountains. I live (b) by / in / on a small flat (c) near / on / in the top floor of an old house. There are some great places to ski (d) in / near / on the village, but I don't like skiing! I would prefer to live (e) in / on / by a city (f) on / by / in the sea.

4 Complete the crossword.

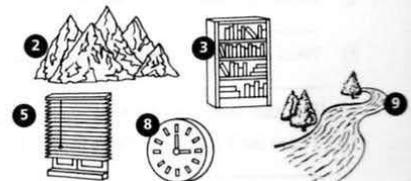


Clues

Across

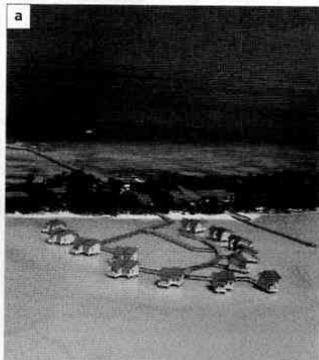


Down



Reading

1 Read this article about millionaire homes and match the descriptions with the photos.



Millionaires and their secret homes

Some millionaires like living in the centre of the world's capital cities. Others prefer to live somewhere quiet and private. Here are three special millionaire homes: one on the beach, one in the mountains and one in the middle of a tropical forest.

1 The first home is a tree house, built high up in the trees of a tropical rain forest. But it's no ordinary tree house. It's on two floors and there are two bathrooms and three bedrooms. The top floor of the house is a roof-top terrace. This is the 'breakfast room', where you can have your coffee and cornflakes with the monkeys. They think the house is just another tree!

2 The second home is an old monastery, built high on a rock. The only way to get there is by helicopter. There's a helicopter pad on the roof, next to the swimming pool. It isn't very big: only three bedrooms, a living room, two bathrooms, a kitchen and a gym. And some very spectacular views.

3 The third home is my personal favourite. It's a beach house, but a beach house with a difference. It's got a private beach, of course. In fact, it's built on its own private island. This home is actually a collection of small houses: a little village in fact. There are four swimming pools, eight tennis courts and twenty horses in the riding stables.

2 Match each sentence with a home.

Example

You can go horse riding here. house 3

- You need a helicopter to get to this house. _____
- There isn't a swimming pool. _____
- There are several houses built next to each other. _____
- There's a beach near the house. _____
- There are fantastic views from the roof. _____
- Wild animals come onto the roof-top terrace. _____
- You can swim on the roof. _____
- There isn't a ground floor in this house. _____

Pronunciation

1 Listen and repeat.

Home sweet home.

2 Look at the groups of words. In which word is the letter *o* not pronounced /əʊ/ as in *home*?

- throne sofa modern open
- wardrobe most top so
- photo coffee poster window
- clock go own phone

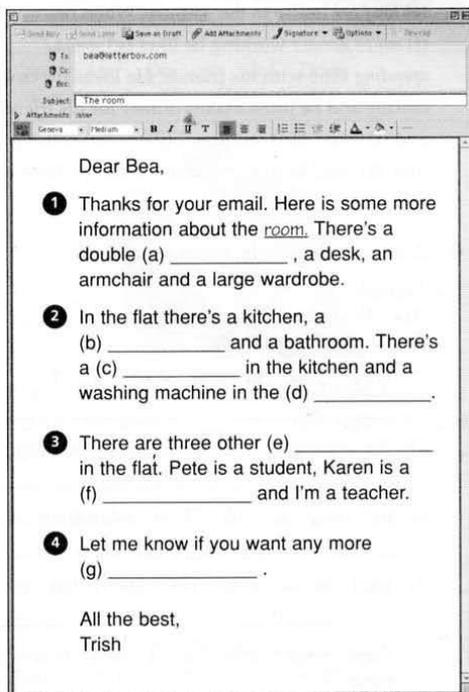
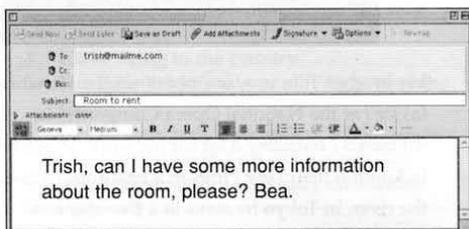
Listen, check and repeat.

Writing

- 1 Complete Trish's message about a room to rent, using words from the box.

bathroom bed hairdresser information
living room cooker people ~~room~~

Room to rent. Large,
comfortable bedroom in
a shared flat.
Email trish@mailme.com.

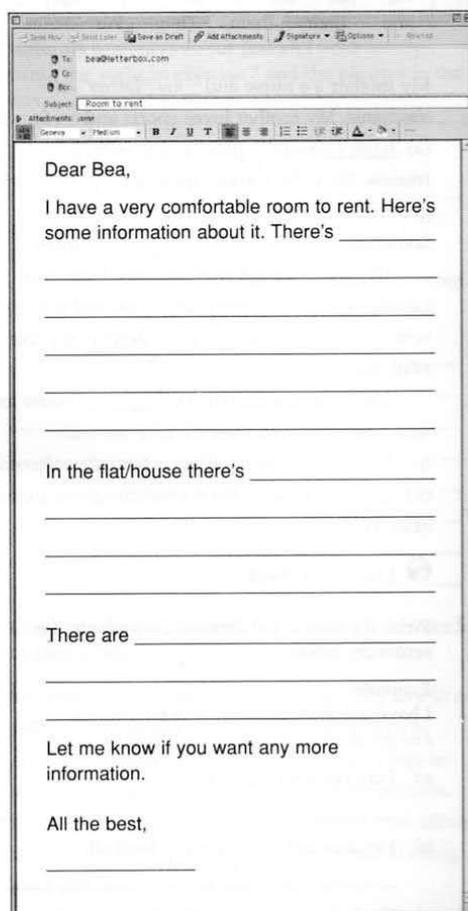


- 2 Read Trish's email again. In which paragraph does she describe the following things?

- rooms in the flat *paragraph 2*
- furniture in the room
- people living in the flat

- 3 You have a spare room in your home. You want to rent it to Bea. Send her some information about it. Remember to tell her about:

- the furniture in the room
- other rooms in the house/flat
- the other people living in the house/flat

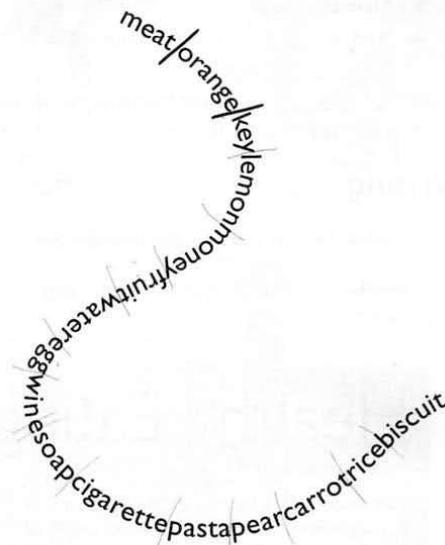


6

Food

Grammar

1 Draw a line between the words in the word snake. Are they countable or uncountable? Write them in the correct column below.



countable	uncountable
<u>orange</u>	<u>meat</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

2 Complete the questions using *much*, *many* or *any*.

- How many days holiday have you got this year?
- How _____ chocolate do you eat?
- How _____ CDs have you got?
- Have you got _____ money I can borrow?
- How _____ times a day do you check your email?
- Is there _____ fruit in the fridge?
- How _____ water do you drink in a day?

3 Match the answers below to the questions in exercise 2.

- Two or three times a day. e
- No, sorry, I haven't.
- Yes, there are some grapes and a melon.
- I don't know. About half a litre?
- A lot! About three hundred I think.
- Not much. I don't like sweet things.
- Twenty, plus public holidays like Christmas and Easter.

4 Circle the correct verb.

- A: Do you want anything from the shops?
 B: Just a minute. Is / Are there any milk in the fridge?
 A: Yes, there (a) *is* / *are*. There (b) 's / *are* two cartons of milk.
 B: And (c) *is* / *are* there any tomatoes?
 A: Yes, there (d) *is* / *are*, but not many.
 B: OK. Can you get some tomatoes, please? And (e) *is* / *are* there any orange juice?
 A: No, there (f) *isn't* / *aren't*. I can get some.
 B: Great. Thanks. Oh, and there (g) *isn't* / *aren't* any bread. Can you get some brown bread too? There (h) 's / *are* some money on the table.

5 Complete the conversation using *a*, *some* or *any*.

- A: Can I help you?
 B: Have you got any brown bread?
 A: Yes, we have. Here you are.
 B: Have you got (a) _____ orange juice?
 A: Yes, there's (b) _____ fresh orange juice in the fridge over there.
 B: Thanks. And are there (c) _____ tomatoes?
 A: Yes, over there, look. There's (d) _____ box of tomatoes next to the cauliflowers.
 B: Oh, yes. I see it. Great, thanks.
 A: Would you like (e) _____ bag?
 B: Yes, please. How much is that?

Pronunciation

Look at the phrases and listen to the pronunciation of the schwa sound /ə/ in the words that are underlined.

- a box of chocolates
- a tub of ice-cream
- a tin of baked beans
- a packet of crisps
- a can of coke

Listen again and repeat.

Vocabulary

1 Circle the odd one out.

- grape lemon pepper strawberry
- onions cakes mushrooms beans
- bread chips pasta steak
- apples seafood cheese chicken

2 Circle the correct alternative.

- A: What's in the picnic bag?
 B: Well, there's a tub of / a carton of orange juice,
 (a) a bowl of / a bottle of mineral water, some
 (b) boxes of / cans of beer, some bread, some
 cheese, (c) a jar of / a bar of olives, some
 (d) tubs of / packets of crisps and (e) a vase of /
 a bowl of fruit salad. Oh, yes, and there's
 (f) a bar of / a tin of chocolate.

A: Mmm. Lovely!



3 Complete the conversation using the words and phrases in the box.

cup I'd small white without
like would

A: Next!

B: I'd like a (a) _____ of coffee, please.

A: Black or (b) _____?

B: Black, please.

A: Would you (c) _____ large, medium or (d) _____?

B: Medium, please.

A: And (e) _____ you like your coffee with or (f) _____ sugar?

B: (g) _____ like some brown sugar, please.

A: OK. That's 1 euro 75 ...

Writing

1 Complete the text using words from the box.

healthy a some bowl glass cup
carton

Healthy Eating

THE COMPETITION

This week's winner is Mrs J.K. Brown from Birmingham. Mrs Brown wins a year's supply of breakfast cereals. Here is her description of her healthy breakfast.

A healthy breakfast

During the week I have a (a) _____ of orange juice, a (b) _____ of cereal and (c) _____ banana. At the weekend I have a (d) _____ of yoghurt, (e) _____ brown toast with olive oil and tomatoes and a (f) _____ of tea.

Next week's winner can win a weekend for two at the Andorra Spa Hotel. Write a description of 'A Healthy Lunch' and you can win this great prize!



2 Enter this week's competition. Write your description of 'A Healthy Lunch'.

Listening

1 Match the phrases to the pictures.

- Buying a train ticket
- Booking a hotel room
- Ordering a bottle of water



2 Cover the recording script opposite and listen to three conversations. Match the conversations with the pictures in exercise 1.

- conversation 1 = picture ____
- conversation 2 = picture ____
- conversation 3 = picture ____

3 Listen again and circle the correct choice.

- 1 A bottle of water: Still or sparkling? Large or small? With or without ice?
- 2 A hotel room: Single or double? Smoking or non-smoking? Shower or bath?
- 3 A train ticket: Single or return? Smoking or non-smoking? First class or second class?

Conversation 1

- A: Are you ready to order?
 B: Yes, I am. I'd like a bottle of water, please.
 A: A bottle of water? Would you like still or sparkling?
 B: Sparkling, please.
 A: Large or small?
 B: Large, please.
 A: With or without ice?
 B: Sorry?
 A: Would you like your water with or without ice?
 B: With, please. Oh, yes, and I'd like some lemon, please.

Conversation 2

- A: Good morning. Can I help you?
 B: Yes, I'd like to book a room for the weekend.
 A: Certainly, madam, would you like a single or a double?
 B: A double please.
 A: Smoking or non-smoking?
 B: Sorry?
 A: Would you like a smoking or a non-smoking room?
 B: Smoking, please.
 A: Would you like a shower or a bath?
 B: A shower. And is there a TV in the room?
 A: Yes, there is. There are TVs in all our rooms. What's your name, please?

Conversation 3

- A: Single to Edinburgh, please.
 B: For today?
 A: Yes.
 B: First or second class?
 A: Second class, please.
 B: Smoking or non-smoking?
 A: Non-smoking. Can I take my dog with me?
 B: Yes, that's no problem, sir.
 A: Thank you.

4 Listen again. What else do the three people ask for?

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____

5 Read the recording script and check your answers.

7

Work

Grammar

1 Tick (✓) the correct explanation for the signs.



- a)
- You can smoke here.
 - You can't smoke here.
 - You have to smoke here.



- b)
- You can't have a picnic here.
 - You have to have a picnic here.
 - You can have a picnic here.



- c)
- You can't get information here.
 - You can get information here.
 - You have to get information here.



- d)
- You have to wear a hard hat.
 - You can't wear a hard hat.
 - You can wear a hard hat.



- e)
- You can't park your car here.
 - You have to pay to park your car here.
 - You can pay to park here.



- f)
- You can take photos.
 - You have to take your camera with you.
 - You can't take photos here.

2 Janie is describing her new job to a friend. Complete her email using *can't* or *don't have to*.

Hi, how are you? I've got a new job. It's not too bad. I'm a receptionist in a language school. I start at 11 o'clock so I don't have to get up early in the morning.

The school is quite small and friendly and I (a) _____ wear a uniform. I can wear my own clothes but I (b) _____ wear jeans and a T-shirt. I (c) _____ eat or drink at my desk, but there's a snack bar and I can take a break every two hours. I (d) _____ make any personal phone calls from reception, but I can use the email and the internet if I want. (I'm writing to you from school now!)

The school isn't open on Saturday and Sunday so I (e) _____ work at the weekends. Maybe we can meet on Saturday sometime for a coffee or something and I can tell you about my first week!

Love,
Janie

3 Complete the descriptions using *can*, *can't*, *have to* or *don't have to*.

Sue: I'm a nurse. I love my job, but sometimes it's difficult. Sometimes I have to work at night or at the weekend. I don't like that because it means I (a) _____ spend much time with my family. But when I work at the weekend I (b) _____ have an extra day for my holidays. I really need those holidays!

Dave: I'm a shop assistant. I work in a clothes shop. I (c) _____ work on Saturdays, so I (d) _____ go away at the weekend. But the shop is closed on Monday morning, so I (e) _____ get up early on Mondays. And that's nice!

4 Circle the correct verb to make the sentences true for you.

- I *have to* / *don't have to* get up early in the morning.
- I *have to* / *don't have to* go to work in an office.
- I *can* / *can't* wear jeans and a T-shirt.
- I *can* / *can't* stay in bed late on Saturday morning.
- I *have to* / *don't have to* study for exams.
- I *can* / *can't* go on holiday when I want.

Vocabulary

- 1 Add the missing letters. The words are all adjectives describing character.

Example

ch__rf_l

- a) r_m_nt_c e) cr__t_v_
 b) s_c__bl_ f) s_ns_t_v_
 c) h_rd-w_rk_ng g) c_nf_d_nt
 d) _dv_nt_r__s

- 2 Match the adjectives from exercise 1 with the definitions below.

Example

I'm happy and always smiling. cheerful

- a) I like painting and writing poetry. _____
 b) I like going to parties and meeting new people. _____
 c) I've got a full-time job and in my free time I study for my university exams. _____
 d) I like giving my girlfriend roses and chocolates. _____
 e) I love learning new things and I'm sure I can learn to do anything. _____
 f) I like skiing and sailing and dangerous sports. _____
 g) I always cry when I watch sad films. _____

- 3 Choose the best job from the box for the people below.

~~model~~ politician scientist ski instructor
 teacher tourist guide

Example

James model Alf _____

Jackie _____ Zadie _____

James is very good-looking. He's interested in clothes and fashion.

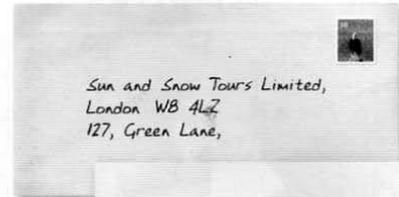
Jackie doesn't want to work in an office. She really likes working with children.

Alf is retired. He wants a part-time job. He loves history, particularly local history. He can speak five languages and he's very sociable.

Zadie loves the mountains. She's very adventurous and she's good at sports. She's very friendly and she likes meeting new people.

Writing

- 1 Put the name and address in the right order on each envelope.



- 2 Look at this letter. What is the correct position (1 or 2) for ...

- a) the writer's address?
 b) the address of the person he/she is writing to?

2

1

Dear Sir or Madam,

a I am a first year student at Brighton Polytechnic. I am studying history and I am very interested in local history. I speak French and a little German and I enjoy working with people.

b I am available for interview any time. You can contact me on my mobile phone 0776 342 688.

c I would like to apply for a part-time job as a tourist guide with your company during my summer holidays.

Yours faithfully,
 Sara Green

- 3 Put the paragraphs a-c in the correct order.

- 4 Write to Sun and Snow Tours and apply for a job as a ski instructor.

Listening

- 1 Cover the recording script opposite and listen to Katie talking about her best friend, Mandy. Which doctor is Mandy, photo a, b or c?



- 2 Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)? Listen again and check.

Example

Mandy works in a private clinic. F

- a) She always has to work at the weekend.
 b) She doesn't always have to go to the hospital when she's 'on call'.
 c) She lives near the hospital.
 d) She never gets any free time.
 e) She doesn't like sports.
 f) She really enjoys going out.

- 3 Read the recording script and correct the false sentences in exercise 2.

Example

She works in a hospital.

- 4 Which four adjectives from the box best describe Mandy?

artistic easy-going energetic
 hard-working romantic sensible
 shy sociable sporty

Jon Who's this in the photo? She's very pretty!

Katie That's my best friend, Mandy. Why? Are you looking for a new girlfriend?

Jon Maybe! Is she a doctor?

Katie Yes. She works in a hospital. She works on the children's ward.

Jon That's a hard job.

Katie Yes, it is. She works very long hours and she often has to work at night or at the weekend.

Jon She works at the weekend?

Katie Yes, she works on call.

Jon 'On call'? What's that?

Katie Well, she doesn't have to go to the hospital. She can stay at home, and if there's an emergency, the hospital phone her and then she has to go to the hospital.

Jon Does she live near the hospital?

Katie Yes, she does. All doctors have to live near the hospital. It's in their contracts.

Jon Wow! Really? And does she get any free time?

Katie Yes, she does. When she works at night or at the weekend she gets a free day during the week.

Jon What does she do in her free time? Sleep?

Katie No! That's the fantastic thing about her. She's got so much energy. She loves doing sports. And she loves going out dancing and meeting new people.

Jon I'd like to meet her. Has she got a boyfriend ...?

Pronunciation

Write the words in the box in the correct column according to the stress pattern.

accountant	assistant	farmer	snowboarder
manager	musician	scientist	lawyer
teacher			

Oo	oOo	Ooo
farmer	accountant	snowboarder
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

- Listen, check and repeat.

Grammar

- 1 Write the infinitive form of the past simple verbs.

Example

opened open

- a) loved _____ d) enjoyed _____
 b) stopped _____ e) used _____
 c) tried _____ f) travelled _____

- 2 Put the verbs in the box into the correct table:
regular or irregular verbs. Write the *infinitive* on
 the left and the *past simple* form on the right.

break come find like live make study
 watch write

regular verbs

infinitive	past simple
like _____	liked _____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

irregular verbs

infinitive	past simple
break _____	broke _____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

- 3 Complete each question using the past simple form of the verb in brackets.

Example

When was the last time you (have) had a haircut?

- a) When was the last time you (stay)
 _____ in a hotel?
 b) When was the first time you (speak)
 _____ to a foreigner?
 c) When was the last time you (take)
 _____ a photograph?
 d) When was the first time you (travel)
 _____ alone?
 e) When was the last time you (study)
 _____ for an exam?
 f) When was the first time you (drive)
 _____ a car?

- 4 Complete these answers to the questions in exercise 3. Use the past simple form of the verbs in the box. (The answers are not in the same order as the questions.)

ask ~~be~~ be go have stay stop
 work

- 1 I was 18. I (a) _____ skiing in France. It was a great holiday!
 2 Last week. I (b) _____ my first lesson. I was really nervous. But the instructor was very good.
 3 Last year. I (c) _____ very hard for it. And I passed!
 4 A month ago. A tourist (d) _____ me in the street and (e) _____ me for directions.
 5 Last weekend. We (f) _____ on the beach. Look, here it is. Isn't it beautiful?
 6 Two months ago. I went to Florence for work. I (g) _____ in a small hotel in the centre. My room had a beautiful view. I could see the Ponte Vecchio and the river.
- 5 Match the answers (1–6) in exercise 4 with the questions a)–f) from exercise 3.

1	2	3	4	5	6
d					

Pronunciation

Write the past simple form of these verbs. What do you notice about them?

- a) think _____
 b) buy _____
 c) catch _____
 d) teach _____
 e) bring _____
 f) fight _____

 Listen, check and repeat.

Vocabulary

- 1 Complete the time expressions using *in, on, at, ago* or *last*.

Example

five minutes *ago*

- a) _____ week
- b) _____ the summer
- c) three weeks _____
- d) _____ 2001
- e) ten years _____
- f) _____ 11am
- g) two days _____
- h) _____ month
- i) _____ my birthday

- 2 Match the sentence beginnings in box A with the sentence endings in box B.

A

- a) Jack O'Neill always went _____ 6
- b) He started to _____
- c) He discovered _____
- d) He opened _____
- e) He took _____
- f) He looked _____

B

- 1 a better material.
- 2 his children to boat shows.
- 3 his first shop in 1952.
- 4 like a pirate.
- 5 make wetsuits.
- 6 to the beach in his free time.

- 3 Combine a word from box A with a word from box B to make compound nouns.

A

- a) sportswear *company*
- b) scuba
- c) water
- d) protective
- e) charity
- f) fishing

B

- 1 boat
- 2 clothing
- 3 ~~company~~
- 4 diving
- 5 sports
- 6 work

Writing

- 1 Read Rob's letter to Sue. In which paragraph does Rob talk about ...

Example

... where they went? paragraph 1

- a) ... what they did on Saturday? _____
- b) ... a future visit? _____
- c) ... where they stayed? _____
- d) ... what they did on Sunday? _____

Dear Sue,

- 1 How was your weekend? We went to *the coast*. The weather wasn't great, but we had a good time.
- 2 John found *a flat to rent* on the internet. It was cheap and comfortable and only five minutes from the beach.
- 3 On Saturday John and his friends went windsurfing and we went *horse riding*. In the evening we had a barbecue on the beach and then we went *to a local pub*.
- 4 On Sunday the sun came out and we went *swimming* and played volleyball on the beach. Our team lost!
- 5 We want to go back again *next month*. Come with us next time! It's a great place. You'd really like it!

Take care,
Rob

- 2 Replace the words in *italics* in the letter with a word or phrase from the box.

Brighton
clubbing
for John's birthday
shopping
for a walk along the sea front
a fantastic hotel

- 3 Write a letter to a friend about a good weekend you had recently. Remember to include information about the five points listed in exercise 1.

Reading

- 1 Look at the photos below. Read the article about the history of surfing and decide which photo goes in each space.
- 2 Read the article again. Answer the questions.
 - a) Who first discovered the Hawaiian surfers?
 - b) When did he discover them?
 - c) Who was the first man to surf in California?
 - d) When did the Californians discover surfing?
 - e) Who wrote songs about surfing and surfers?
 - f) Which Hawaiian beach is the home of modern surfing?



A Brief History of

Surfing

Surfing is not a new sport. Hundreds of years ago the princes and princesses of Hawaii were famous surfers and surfing was a royal art. The sailor James King was the first European to see the Hawaiians surfing. He wrote about his travels to Hawaii in 1778 and described how the Hawaiians played in the enormous waves on the beach in Waikiki.

1 photo ____

In 1907 the writer Jack London visited Waikiki beach and met George Freeth. Freeth was an Irish Hawaiian and he was one of Hawaii's best surfers. Jack London invited him to visit California. Freeth accepted the invitation and became the first man to surf in California.

But the man who really made surfing popular in the USA was Duke Paoa Kahanamoku. Duke was an Olympic swimmer and a Hollywood star. He took his Hollywood friends surfing on Santa Monica beach in California and in 1915 he introduced the sport to Australia.

2 photo ____

In the 1960s and 70s the sport grew and grew. The Beach Boys sang about it, Hollywood made films about it and surfing became California's number one free-time activity.

Today surfing is an international sport, with competitions held all over the world. But Waikiki beach is still one of the best surfing beaches in the world, with some of the world's best waves and some of the world's best surfers.

3 photo ____

9

Solo

Grammar

- 1 Complete the questions about when you were a child using *was*, *were* or *did*.

Example

When you were a child ...

Were you nervous about exams?

- a) _____ you live in the country?
 - b) _____ you frightened of dogs?
 - c) _____ you go on holiday to the beach?
 - d) _____ your school near your house?
 - e) _____ you walk to school?
 - f) _____ you good at Maths?
- 2 Write short answers to the questions in exercise 1. Make them true for you.

Example

Yes, I was.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____

- 3 Circle the correct alternative.

Example

I wasn't / weren't / didn't very happy with my exam results.

- a) We *wasn't* / weren't / didn't do anything special last weekend.
- b) You *wasn't* / weren't / didn't in the house when I phoned.
- *c) They *wasn't* / weren't / didn't finish the race.
- d) She *wasn't* / weren't / didn't speak English very well before she started the course.
- e) He *wasn't* / weren't / didn't nervous about singing karaoke in front of his boss.

- 4 Rearrange the words to make questions.

Example

was Greta Garbo born When ?

When was Greta Garbo born?

- a) theatre school she to When did go ?

- b) many she How appear films did in ?

- c) typical she star Was a Hollywood ?

- d) the attend she Did premieres her of movies ?

- e) children many she have How did ?

- f) name When she change her did ?

- 5 Complete the question for each answer.

Example

What was John Wayne's real name?

His real name was Marion Michael Morrison.

- a) When _____ ?
He was born in 1907.
- b) Where _____ ?
He grew up in Winterset, Iowa.
- c) How many _____ ?
He made more than 200 films.
- d) _____ any awards?
Yes. He won an Oscar for best actor in 1969.
- e) _____ any children?
Yes, he did. He had seven children.
- f) When _____ ?
He died in 1979.



Vocabulary

1 Add the missing letters in the adjectives below.

Example

lonely

- a) w _ r r _ _ d
- b) n _ r v _ _ s
- c) _ x c _ t _ d
- d) _ m b _ r r _ s s _ d
- e) f r _ g h t _ n _ d
- f) _ n t _ r _ s t _ d

2 Use one of the adjectives from exercise 1 to complete each of these sentences.

Example

I feel sad and lonely when I'm not with my friends.

- a) She's _____ in modern art.
- b) I'm _____ about my cat. She didn't eat her food yesterday.
- c) He was very _____ about winning the race.
- d) Debra was _____ of sharks and big boats.
- e) Their faces were red. They were very _____ about their stupid mistake.
- f) I feel _____ when I speak to people I don't know very well.

3 Complete the sentences using *in, of, by, on* or *about*.

Helen is a singer. She sings in a girl band but she wants to start singing alone. She's nervous about singing (a) _____ her own and she's sad (b) _____ leaving the band. She's interested (c) _____ writing her own songs and she's very excited (d) _____ travelling the world and meeting new people. There's only one problem. She doesn't like spending time (e) _____ herself and she's frightened (f) _____ feeling lonely and missing her friends.

4 Complete the text using words and phrases from the box.

~~was born~~ got a job left got married
fell in love grew up moved to won



Humphrey Bogart was born on Christmas Day in 1899. He (a) _____ in New York City and started studying to be a doctor. But in 1918 he (b) _____ college and joined the US Navy. He fought in the First World War and when he returned to the US he decided to become an actor. He (c) _____ in a theatre in New York. But in the 1930s he (d) _____ Hollywood and started working in films. There he met and (e) _____ with Lauren Bacall. They (f) _____ very soon after they met. She was his fourth wife. He (g) _____ an Oscar for best actor for his role in *The African Queen* in 1951. But his most famous role was as Rick in *Casablanca*, probably the greatest love story ever on film.

Reading

- 1 Read the article below and choose the best title.
- Schoolboy missing at sea *ehint, elcruant*
 - Schoolboy Seb breaks record
 - Seb's parents are worried
- 2 Are the following statements true (T) or false (F)?

Example

Seb is 17 years old. F

- Seb left school last year. F
- Seb is the youngest yachtsman to cross the Atlantic. T
- He spent his Christmas holidays alone. T
- He spent five weeks at sea. F
- Everybody in Antigua knew about his record. T
- Seb doesn't want to sail around the world. T
- Seb doesn't want to go home. F
- He is bored of telling people his story. F

- 3 Correct the false sentences.

Example

Seb is 16 years old.

- ~~Seb doesn't want to leave school last year.~~
- ~~He spent 25 days at sea.~~
- ~~Seb excited about to go home.~~
- ~~He telling his story to all his friends at school.~~



Seb Clover arriving in Antigua

16-year-old Seb Clover arrived in Antigua yesterday after 25 days alone at sea and set a new record as the youngest solo yachtsman to cross the Atlantic.

He left Tenerife on December 18th and arrived in English Harbour, Antigua on January 12th. He spent his Christmas holidays at sea and only missed one week of school.

After 25 days on his own, Seb felt really happy to see so many people waiting for him when he finally arrived at the island of Antigua. Everybody wanted to stop him in the street and congratulate him.

'I was so surprised, I couldn't walk down the street without people stopping me and shaking my hand,' he said.

Seb's father is a sailing instructor. He and Seb started training for the Atlantic crossing when Seb was 12 years old. Seb says he is now interested in sailing around the world.

But for the moment, Seb is excited about going home. He says that he really missed having a bath and sleeping in his own bed. And he is really excited about seeing his dog, Bonny, and telling his story to all his friends at school.

Pronunciation

- 1 Listen carefully to the word *was* in the conversation and choose the correct words to complete the rules below.

A: Bogart *was* one of Hollywood's most famous actors.

B: *Was* he married?

A: Yes, he *was*. He *was* married to Lauren Bacall.

Rules:

The pronunciation of *was* is usually **long / short** (/wɒz/).

At the end of a sentence, the pronunciation of *was* is **long / short** (/wɔz/).

- 2 In the next two dialogues, decide if *was* is long or short.

a) A: I think 'El Dorado' *was* John Wayne's best film.

B: *Was* it a Western?

A: Yes, it *was*. All his films all westerns, aren't they?

b) A: *Was* Greta Grabo a very private person?

B: Yes, she *was*. She never spoke about her love affairs.

- 3 Listen, check and practise.

Writing

- 1 Read the notes about Ian Fleming, the man who invented James Bond, and complete the gaps in his biography.



BIOGRAPHY: NOTES

Ian Fleming

May 28th 1908 born in Scotland

May 1917 father died in First World War – mother sent him to school in England

After school Sandhurst military college – after college – tour of Europe – to improve his languages

After Europe started working as a journalist

1939–1945 Second World War – joined Royal Navy Intelligence – took part in secret missions – visited Jamaica, fell in love with the island

After Second World War bought a house in Jamaica – wrote his first Bond novel, *Goldeneye* – married Anne Rothermere – one son, Caspar

August 12th 1964 died after a long illness

Ian Fleming was born on May 28th 1908 in Scotland. His (a) father died when he was only nine years old and his mother sent him to a school in (b) England called Eton.

When he left school, he joined the Sandhurst (c) after college in Sandhurst. But when he finished his studies he decided that he didn't want to join the army. So he went on a tour of (d) Europe to improve his languages. When he returned to England, he started working as a (e) journalist.

During the Second World War he worked for the Royal Navy Intelligence Division as a spy. He took part in a number of secret missions

(f) missions between 1939 and 1945. During one of these missions he visited

(g) Jamaica and fell in love with the island.

After the war finished, he bought a house there and wrote his first James Bond novel, *Goldeneye*. He married Anne Rothermere and they had one (h) son, Caspar.

Fleming (i) died on August 12th 1964 after a long illness.

- 2 Look at the notes about James Bond's life. Find similarities between his life and Ian Fleming's life.

BIOGRAPHY: NOTES

JAMES BOND

Nov 16th 1924 born in Scotland

1936 parents died in an accident (Wales)

1937 started school in Eton, England

After school joined a military college near Edinburgh

1941–1945 fought in the Second World War

After the war joined the British Intelligence Service, MI6

1950 got his number (007) and his licence to kill

Jan 1st 1961 married Teresa – she died in an accident on the same day



- 3 Use the notes to write a biography of James Bond. James Bond was born ...

11 Looks

Grammar

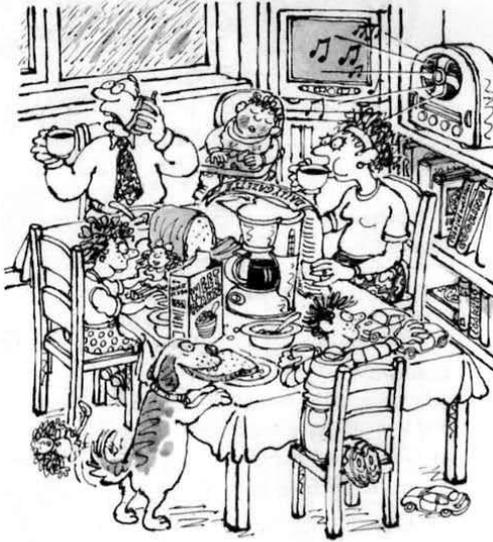
1 Put the verbs in brackets into the present continuous.

Example

The family (have) is having breakfast.

- a) The father (read) _____ the newspaper.
- b) The parents (drink) _____ coffee.
- c) The mother (talk) _____ on the phone.
- d) The baby (play) _____ with his toys.
- e) The children (watch) _____ TV.
- f) The dog (eat) _____ some bread.

2 Look at the picture. Are the sentences in exercise 1 true or false? Correct the false sentences.



Example

The father isn't reading the newspaper. He's talking on the phone.

3 Rearrange the words to make questions.

Example

children reading the Are newspaper the ?
Are the children reading the newspaper?

- a) sleeping Is the dog ?

- b) outside raining it Is ?

- c) listening they to Are some music ?

- d) TV they on film Are watching a ?

- e) father newspaper the Is reading the ?

- f) some eating Is mother the toast ?

4 Look again at the picture opposite and answer the questions in exercise 3.

Example

No, they aren't.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____

Pronunciation

1 Practise reading the numbers in the grid below.

12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19
20	30	40	50
60	70	80	90

2 Listen and cross out the numbers you hear.

Vocabulary

- 1 Look at the photos and underline the mistakes in the descriptions.



- a) Brad Pitt has got a moustache and a shaved head. He's wearing a T-shirt.



- b) Winona Ryder has got long dark hair and big eyes. She's wearing a beautiful suit.



- c) In this photo Madonna has got short spiky hair. She's wearing a white jacket.



- d) In this photo Antonio Banderas has got long fair hair. He's wearing a black shirt and a white jacket.

- 2 Replace the words you underlined in exercise 1 with the correct word or phrase.

- a) moustache beard

 b) _____
 c) _____
 d) _____

- 3 Complete each description using *same*, *both*, *look(s) like* or *doesn't look like*.

- 1 People say that I look like my brother. We've (a) _____ got brown hair and they say we've got the (b) _____ eyes.
 2 My sister (c) _____ me. She's got blond hair and blue eyes. I've got dark hair and green eyes.
 3 I think my boyfriend (d) _____ Brad Pitt. He's got short blond hair and blue eyes and he's very handsome.
 4 My boss (e) _____ Mr Bean. He wears the (f) _____ clothes and they've (g) _____ got the (h) _____ stupid smile!

- 4 Complete each sentence using a word or phrase from the box.

change into get dressed ~~put on~~
 take off try on wear wearing

Example

First thing in the morning I put on a tracksuit and trainers and go for a jog in the park.

- a) Then I have a shower, _____ and run to catch the train.
 b) I work in an office and I have to _____ a suit and tie to work.
 c) When I get home I _____ my work clothes and _____ casual clothes.
 d) I like _____ jeans and T-shirts and I love shopping for new clothes.
 e) I don't like shopping on a Saturday because you have to wait a long time to _____ the clothes you want to buy.

Writing

- 1 Read the email and name the people in the photo.
 a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

Hi Sue,
 Well, here I am, in Edinburgh at last. The course is really interesting and the people I'm living with are really nice. We all went kayaking together last weekend. Here's a photo. There's John, Simon and Lucy. John's a teacher. He's sitting on top of the car in the photo. He's great fun. He's always joking and laughing. He's teaching on a children's summer camp at the moment. The kids really love him! And then there's Simon. He's standing in front of the car. He's smiling in the photo, but sometimes he's very quiet and serious. He's doing a photography course. He's really good. His photos are great. Lucy's sitting on the canoe. She's got beautiful long hair, but you can't see it in the photo. She's a drama student. She's working as a barmaid during her summer holidays. Come and visit me soon. Then you can meet them all! Edinburgh is a great town. You'll love it. Anyway, I've got to go. It's my turn to cook dinner!
 Take care and love to everyone.

Kay



- 2 Read the email again. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Example

Sue is doing a course in Edinburgh. F

a) Kay is living with three other people.

b) Kay's friends are doing the same course as her.

c) John is working as a teacher.

d) Lucy is working with a theatre company.

e) They are all singing and laughing in the photo.

f) Kay is enjoying herself in Edinburgh.

- 3 Imagine you are attending a summer school in Cambridge. Here is a photo of the people you are living with. Use the notes to write an email to a friend. Name and describe the people in the photo.

Lizzy and Rod: brother and sister – doing a painting course

Jez: actor – teaching on a children's drama course

Anna: music student – working in a bar



12

Reality

Grammar

HW

1 Rearrange the words to make questions.

Example

right now Where like you would to be ?

Where would you like to be right now?

a) want you What next weekend do do to ?

b) UK live Would in like you to the ?

c) one day hope married you Do get to ?

d) a hundred live you want to to be Do ?

e) next summer Where on holiday you go would to like ?

f) want go on to do you Who holiday with ?

g) retire when you you do do to hope What ?

HW

2 Write your answers to the questions in exercise 1.

Example

I'd like to be on a beach in the Caribbean.



- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____
- g) _____

3 Write questions using *going to*.

a) you / send / any emails / this evening?
Are you going to send any emails this evening?

b) you / eat out / tonight?

c) you / do / any sport / tomorrow?

d) you / do / any work / this evening?

e) you / do anything interesting / next week?

f) What/ you / do / at the weekend?

g) rain/ later today?

h) Where / you / spend/ your summer holidays?

4 Match the answers below with the questions in exercise 3.

1 No, I don't think so. I've got an exam next Friday so I'm going to study all week. e

2 We're going to travel around Turkey for three weeks.

3 No, I'm not. I'm going to cook something for myself at home.

4 No, I can't. My computer isn't working.

5 Yes, I am. I'm going to play tennis in the morning.

6 I'm going to go to London on Saturday and on Sunday I'm going to visit my grandmother.

7 Yes, I am. I'm going to finish this report before I go to bed.

8 I don't know. On the television they said it's going to be warm and sunny.

Vocabulary

1 Match the verbs in box A with the phrases in box B.

A	B
a) attend	1 diamond jewellery
b) move	2 a good-looking man
c) book	3 into a new house
d) wear	4 a big party
e) meet	5 six easy steps
f) follow	6 a seminar
g) have	7 a holiday

2 Use phrases from exercise 1 to complete the three texts below.

1 Last week I attended a seminar on how to become a millionaire. The speaker said it was very easy. All you needed to do was (a) _____
The first step was to have a great business idea. It didn't sound very easy to me!

2 My cousin Jan won £10,000 on *Who wants to be a millionaire?* last week. She's going to go to the travel agent's tomorrow to (b) _____
_____ in the USA and then she's going to (c) _____ and invite all her friends to help her celebrate her win.

3 My dream list is very simple. I don't want to (d) _____
and designer clothes. And, believe it or not, I don't want to (e) _____
_____ and get married. Not yet, anyway. But I'd like to buy a red sports car and go on long holidays. And I'd like to sell my flat and (f) _____. I'd love to live in a big house in the country.

3 Add the missing letters. The answers are all types of TV programmes.

Example

t h e n e w s

- d _ c _ m _ n t _ r y
- g _ m _ s h _ w
- s _ _ p _ _ p _ r _
- s p _ r t s p r _ g r _ m m _
- r _ _ l _ t y TV
- c h _ t s h _ w

4 Match the descriptions below with programme types from exercise 3.

Example

The Nine O'Clock News: The latest world and home news. the news

- Big Brother*: Who is going to be nominated this week? Watch and see! _____
- Who wants to be a millionaire?* Our weekly quiz show where you can become a millionaire!

- EastEnders*: So what's happening in Albert Square? Mark is leaving home, Grant is coming home and Pat finds out the identity of her secret admirer. _____
- Grandstand*: Highlights from the best of the week's football games. _____
- Walking with dinosaurs*: Another chance to see the BBC's award winning programme about life in pre-history. _____
- Jerry Springer and Guests*: This week Jerry talks to Cher about her new album.

Pronunciation

Look at the words in the box. How many syllables have they got? Write them in the correct column.

beautiful	competitive	honeymoon
impossible	jewellery	miracles
reality	traditional	

oOo	Ooo
<u>competitive</u>	<u>beautiful</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

 Listen, check and repeat.

Reading

- 1 Read the notices and find someone who...
- ... doesn't want to go on holiday alone. 6
 - ... wants to live in a flat with students.
 - ... has got a room to rent in their flat.
 - ... would like to make some friends.
 - ... is learning a language.
 - ... is going to go on holiday in the US.

1
Hi, I'm Spanish, I'm new in town and I want to meet young people to go out with in the evening.
Contact me on oscar.gonzalez@abc.net

2
Single bedroom to rent in flat with four engineering students. Near the university. TV, microwave and washing machine. Interested?
Email Neil on Johnson.neil@homenet.com

3
Can you drive? We're going to drive across the United States this summer. There are two extra seats in the car. Would you like to come too?
Contact Dave or Karen on 01792 635881.

4
My name's Dana. I'm studying Spanish at university. I'd like to meet some Spanish people, to practise speaking Spanish and to go out and have a good time together.
Contact me at this number: 01763 882954.

5
My name's Said. I'm an engineering student and I live alone. I'd like to move into a flat with other engineering students. If you've got a free room in your flat please phone me on 01763 993524.

6
I'm looking for adventure this summer. Have you got any good ideas? I'd like to do some travelling, but I don't want to go alone.
Contact me at LouiseB16@homeweb.com

- 2 Which notice are the following people going to be interested in?

Oscar notice 4
Neil
Dave and Karen
Dana
Said
Louise

Writing

- 1 Read this notice and add capital letters where necessary.

hi, my name's sandrine. i'm french. i'm going to move to new york in september. i'm looking for a room in a flat with other french people. i'd like to live near central park. can you help me? contact me on Sandy76@webmail.net

- 2 Find examples of the rules for using capitals in the notice in exercise 1.

CAPITAL LETTERS

We use capital letters ...

- with the pronoun 'I'
I'm, I'd
- with the names of people and places
- at the beginning of sentences
- with days of the week and months of the year
- with nationalities

- 3 Write two more notices to put up on the noticeboard. Use the prompts below.

Name: Joanna
Wants: Spanish guitar lessons/evenings
Contact: mobile phone 0793 455 691

Name: Fred, musician
Wants: to meet other musicians to form a band
Contact: freddyboy@nethome.com

13

Things

Grammar

1 Complete the table.

adjective	comparative	superlative
nice		the nicest
small	smaller	
big		
	happier	the happiest
comfortable		

2 Use the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets to complete the sentences.

Example

Life in the city is more expensive than life in the country. (expensive)

- I've got two brothers. They're both _____ than me. (young)
- My new house is _____ from my office than my old house. (far)
- I think summers are _____ than they were ten years ago. (hot)
- Modern shopping centres are much _____ than traditional town centres. (ugly)
- My mother is much _____ than I am, now that she's retired. (relaxed)

3 Complete each sentence with the superlative form of an adjective from the box.

bad beautiful generous ~~good~~ lucky
sad

Example

The best thing about living in the country is the peace and quiet.

- The _____ thing about my job is my boss! She's awful. She's always angry and impatient.
- The Grand Canyon was the _____ thing I saw on holiday.

- The Color Purple* is the _____ film in the history of Hollywood. I cried and cried.
- The _____ person I know is my uncle. He won the lottery twice last year!
- The _____ person I know is my brother. He loves buying presents for all the family.

4 Complete each sentence using the comparative or superlative form of an adjective from the box.

bad big busy cheap interesting
nice popular ~~quiet~~

Example

I'd like to live in a quieter part of town. I live in the centre and there's always a lot of noise.

- I usually travel to work by bus. It's _____ than the train. The train is very expensive.
- My brother travels a lot in his job and meets a lot of different people. It's _____ than my job.
- My sister's boyfriend is _____ person I know. He's always got time to stop and talk and he's always interested in what I say.
- Nothing is _____ than forgetting your girlfriend's birthday!
- My friend Jane is _____ girl in my class. Everybody loves her!
- I'd like a _____ house. Our house has only got one bedroom and a very small living room.
- I work in a shoe shop. Saturday is _____ day. We get a lot of customers and we work very hard.

Pronunciation

- 1 Listen and correct the numbers.

Example
756 675

- a) 57,250 b) 3,700 c) 5,678,000 d) 128,653

- 2 Write the corrected numbers from exercise 1 in words. Remember to include *and* where necessary.

Example
six hundred and seventy-five

- a) _____
b) _____
c) _____
d) _____

- Listen again, check and repeat.

Vocabulary

- 1 Label the pictures.



Example

- a) address book f) m _____ p _____
b) g _____ g) m _____
c) g _____ h) s _____
d) h _____ i) TV r _____
e) k _____

- 2 Complete the questions using words from the box.

afford bills credit salary saving
~~spend~~

- a) How much money do you usually spend when you go shopping?
b) How often do you pay for things by _____ card?
c) How many _____ do you usually have to pay every month?
d) How often can you _____ to go to expensive restaurants?
e) Are you _____ money for anything special at the moment?
f) Do you think you earn a good _____ ?

- 3 Match the answers below with the questions in exercise 2.

- 1 Two or three. The electricity, the telephone and the water every three months. C
2 Yes, I am. I'm hoping to go to India in the summer.
3 No, I don't! I'm a nurse. I love my job but I don't think we get paid very well.
4 It depends. I spend more money at the end of the month – when I get paid!
5 Hardly ever. I don't have much money at the moment.
6 Never! I haven't got one.

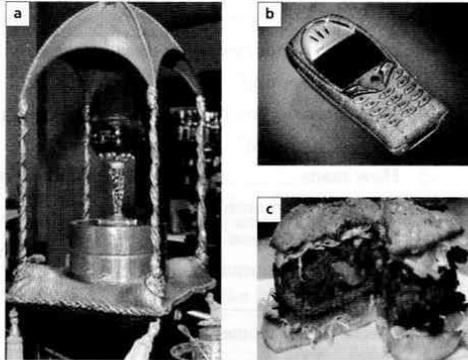
- Listen and check.

- 4 Write *your* answers to the questions in exercise 2.

- a) _____
b) _____
c) _____
d) _____
e) _____
f) _____

Reading

1 Match the texts with the photos.



The world's most expensive ...

1 It's called the Diamante and it costs £23,000. It's made of gold and diamonds and there are only seven of them in the whole world. The people who bought these incredibly expensive mobile phones include a Saudi prince and an Italian football player.

The Italian soccer star paid cash, and he came to pick it up in his red Ferrari Testarossa. The Saudi prince bought one for his wife when she fell in love with it after seeing a picture in a magazine.

2 The famous Old Homestead restaurant in New York introduced a new dish this week: the Kobe burger. It's the first time the 135-year old steak house has offered a hamburger on its menu. But it's no ordinary hamburger. At \$41 it's probably the most expensive hamburger in the world.

And what makes it so special? Well, it's made with Kobe beef from Japan. Kobe beef is made from the meat of cows that drink beer every day. They also have daily massages to make sure their meat is soft and tender.

3 It's made with two types of champagne, it's bright blue in colour and the barman serves it to you on a special musical throne. He suggests that you share it with a group of friends. And it's certainly true that the size and the price make it difficult, if not impossible, to drink it on your own.

So, where can you buy this extravagant drink? At the stylish Radisson SAS Royal Hotel in the centre of Copenhagen. And exactly how much does it cost? It costs 3000 Kroner, approximately 400 euros – so start saving now!

2 Read the stories again. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Example

Only two people in the world can afford to buy a Diamante mobile phone. F

- a) The world's most expensive cocktail is probably too big for one person alone.
- b) The most expensive hamburger in New York is made with the best American beef.
- c) The world's most expensive cocktail is not very big.
- d) The Old Homestead is a very old restaurant.
- e) All the people who bought a Diamante mobile phone paid by credit card.

Writing

1 One word in each group needs an extra letter. Circle it and correct the spelling.

Example

nicer cleaner biger faster bigger

- a) newer brighter richer slimer

- b) sader blacker older quieter

- c) colder hoter cheaper uglier

- d) playing listening swiming washing

- e) loved shoped opened used

2 One word in each sentence has lost a letter. Underline it and correct the spelling.

Example

What's your adress? address

- a) Wich do you prefer, tea or coffee?

- b) Do you speak any forein languages?

- c) I went shoping yesterday and bought a new pair of jeans. _____
- d) I played tennis with my brother in the afternoon.

- e) I stoped smoking about ten years ago.

14

Energy

Grammar

1 Circle the correct alternative.

Example

I'm sorry I can't play tennis today. I'm *not busy enough* / too busy.

- a) I haven't got *time enough* / *enough time* to do my homework during the week.
- b) I get impatient very easily. I'm really *not relaxed enough* / *too relaxed*.
- c) She's a bit stressed at the moment. She's got *work enough* / *too much work* to do.
- d) Calm down! You're trying to do *not enough* / *too many* things at the same time!
- e) How many people are coming? Is your car *big enough* / *enough big*?

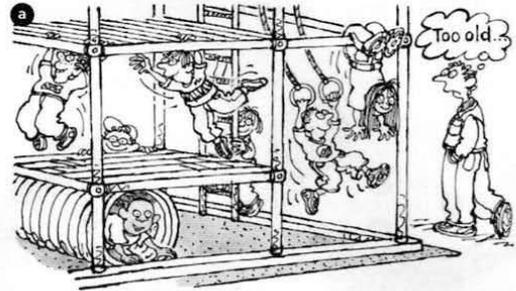
2 Look at the cartoon opposite. Dan is trying to have a day out, but he isn't having much luck. Write a sentence for each picture using the adjective with either *too* or *enough*.

- a) old He's too old.
- b) old _____
- c) early _____
- d) tall _____
- e) tall _____
- f) tired _____

3 Complete the advice using *should* and *shouldn't*.

How to be healthy

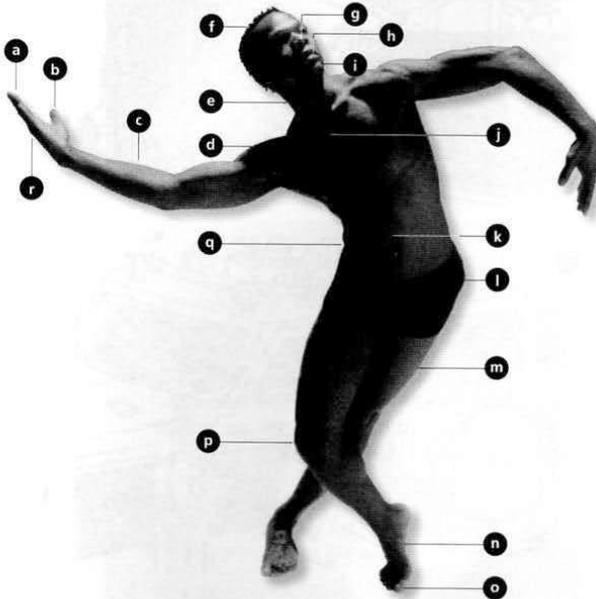
- a) You should eat lots of fruit and fresh vegetables.
- b) You _____ drink at least a litre of water a day.
- c) You _____ stay up late at night.
- d) You _____ do some sport every day.
- e) You _____ walk to work if possible.
- f) You _____ always walk up the stairs.
- g) You _____ get angry.



Vocabulary

- 1 Name the parts of the body using the words in the box.

arm	chest	chin	finger	foot
hand	head	hip	knee	leg
neck	nose	shoulder	stomach	lips
thumb	toe	waist		



Example
a - finger

- 2 Choose the correct adjective from the box to describe the people below.

charming	dominant	impulsive	loyal
selfish	unfriendly		

Example
Mark always knows what to say and how to talk to people. charming

- Sue never stops to think before making a decision. _____
- Frank never smiles or says hello. _____
- Caitlin always defends her friends and helps them when they have problems. _____
- Suzi always does what she wants and never thinks about other people. _____
- Jeff always wants to make decisions and tell other people what to do. _____

- 3 Match the verbs with the parts of the body.

a) fold	your shoulders
b) clap	your fingers
c) click	your feet
d) nod	your hands
e) shrug	your arms
f) stamp	your head

- 4 Match the actions in exercise 3 with the situations below.

Example

Some people do this when they are sitting and waiting.

fold their arms

- In a lot of countries you do this when you want to say 'yes'. _____
- A young child sometimes does this when he/she is angry. _____
- You do this when you don't know the answer to a question. _____
- A rude person does this to get the attention of a waiter in a restaurant. _____
- You do this at the end of a show at the theatre. _____

- 5 Circle the best answer for each question or write one of your own.

Example

A: How often do you brush your teeth?

B: Once a day / Twice a day /

After every meal

- A: How often do you go to the dentist?
B: Every six months / Every two years /

- A: How often do you go on holiday?
B: Once a year / Twice a year /

- A: How often do you do sport?
B: Every day / Three times a week /

- A: How often do you go out to eat?
B: Once a week / Once a month /

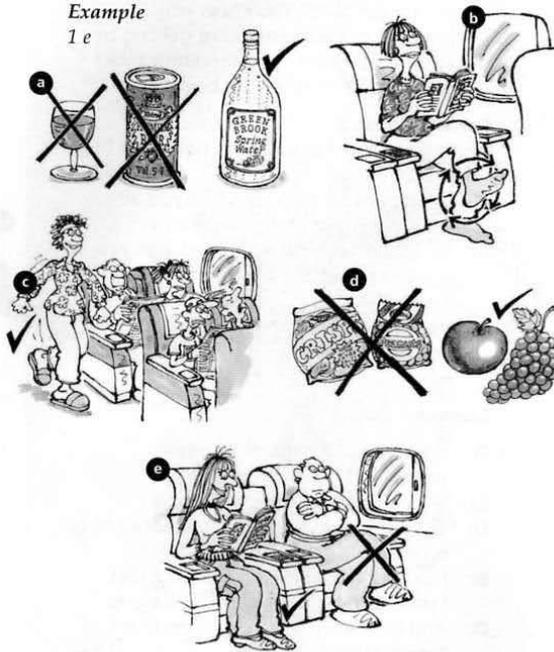
- A: How often do you wash your hair?
B: Every day / Twice a week /

- A: How often do you read a newspaper?
B: Every morning / Every Sunday /

Writing

- 1 Read the leaflet and match the advice with the pictures.

Example
1 e



- 2 Write a similar leaflet called 'Advice for working comfortably at a computer.' Use the pictures to help you.



Your Health in Our Hands

Advice for comfortable air travel

1 You should always make sure you're sitting comfortably. Remember you shouldn't cross your legs and you shouldn't fold your arms.

2 You should do some simple exercises in your seat. For example, clap your hands, shrug your shoulders or move your feet in small circles.

3 You should get up and walk around once every half an hour.

4 You shouldn't drink a lot of wine and beer but make sure you drink lots of water.

5 You shouldn't eat a lot of salty food. You should eat a lot of fresh fruit.

Your Health in Our Hands

Advice for working comfortably at a computer

You should always ...

16 dotcom

Grammar

1 Add the missing letters in the past participles.

infinitive	past participle
buy	b _ _ g h t
get	g _ t
help	h _ l p _ d
meet	m _ t
win	w _ n
work	w _ r k _ d

2 Complete each question with a past participle from exercise 1.

- Have you ever won the lottery?
- Have you ever _____ anything on the internet?
- Have you ever _____ anyone famous?
- Have you ever _____ in a restaurant?
- Have you ever _____ in touch with old schoolfriends?
- Have your classmates ever _____ you with your homework?

3 Match the answers below to the questions in exercise 2.

- No, I haven't. But my sister has spoken to the singer from U2. c
- No, I haven't. I haven't got a computer.
- No, they haven't. I like doing it on my own.
- Yes, I have, but it was only ten euros.
- Yes, I have. I had a job in a pizzeria last year.
- Yes, I have. A group of us went for a meal last week.

4 Write *your* answers to the questions in exercise 2.

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

5 What has/hasn't Teresa done in her life? Write sentences.

7 things to do before I'm 30

buy a house	X
find a good job	X
get married	✓
go to Australia	✓
have children	X
make a lot of money	X
see the Taj Mahal	✓

Example

She hasn't bought a house.

Pronunciation

1 Which past participle in each group has a different vowel sound from the others?

- come done known won
- been left read said
- cost gone lost told
- bought caught heard taught

 Listen to the recording to check your answers.

2 Put the past participles from the box into the correct group in exercise 1.

got slept thought swum

Vocabulary

- 1 Match the sentence beginnings in box A with the sentence endings in box B.

A

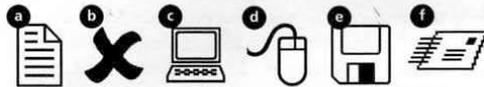
- a) I use this Workbook 3
- b) I use a password
- c) I use my computer
- d) I use the answer key
- e) I use the Language reference sections
- f) I use the recording script
- g) I use a dictionary

B

- 1 to study the grammar rules.
- 2 to check my answers.
- 3 to do my homework.
- 4 to find out the meanings of words.
- 5 to help with the listening exercises.
- 6 to log on to the internet.
- 7 to send emails.

- 2 Label each icon with a word from the box.

delete document mouse save
screen send



- a) _____ d) _____
- b) _____ e) _____
- c) _____ f) _____

- 3 Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

~~find~~ give log look set take

Example

He wanted to find out where his ex-girlfriend was living.

- a) My parents want me to _____ after my baby sister this evening.
- b) She decided to _____ up smoking when she became pregnant.
- c) The business got bigger and they needed to _____ on more staff.
- d) We're going to _____ up a company that designs web pages.
- e) You sometimes have to _____ on when you use a computer.

Writing

- 1 Look at the registration form for a website that helps to reunite old friends. Find four mistakes in the completed form and circle them.

Old Friends

Welcome to
Old Friends

Complete boxes 1-4 in this section in CAPITAL LETTERS.

Your first name
1 CAROLINE

Your surname
2 CAROLINE WARNER

Name of your school
3 Pimlico School

Year of leaving school
4 1982

Enter your email address
caroline.warner@netspeed.com

Choose a password (maximum 6 letters)
insideout

Notes about yourself – what are you doing now?
(Do not include your email address in this section.)

I am now living in Belgium and I have opened a flower shop. I am married with two children (Mandy, 11 and Jack, 6). I have bought a big house in the country with lots of room for guests. I would love to hear from old friends. Contact me at caroline.warner@netspeed.com

Click here to send

- 2 Complete the form with your own details and write some notes about yourself.

Reading

- 1 Read the magazine article and choose the best title.
- Advertising on the net
 - Getting rich on the net
 - Surfing the net
- 2 Read the article again and tick (✓) the information that you can find in the text.
- Amazon has customers all over the world.
 - Jeff Bezos is visiting his companies in Europe.
 - His family were the company's first customers.
 - He started the company with his family's money.
 - Customers liked the Amazon website.
 - The company began with only ten staff.
 - Amazon now sells many different things.
 - Amazon closed one of its offices in 2001.
 - Jeff Bezos wants to travel into space.

- 3 Write the questions for the answers below.

Example

more than 25 million

How many customers does Amazon have?

- a) 8,000

How many _____

- b) \$300,000

How much _____

- c) The first years.

Which years _____

- d) Through word of mouth.

How _____

- e) Under 40.

How _____



Have you ever bought a book or a CD on the internet?

If the answer is 'yes', you probably bought it from amazon.com. Amazon has more than 25 million customers in 150 countries around the world. The company employs 8,000 people.

The founder of Amazon, Jeff Bezos, set up the company with \$300,000 that he borrowed from his parents. Five years later, the company sold \$1.6 billion of books, and *Time* magazine chose Bezos as its Person of the Year. But this was only the start.

Online selling is a difficult business and most companies do not succeed. For Amazon, too, the first years were difficult, but Bezos did not give up. Why has Amazon been so successful? At the beginning, Amazon had no advertising. New customers heard of the website through word of mouth. They returned again and again because their experience was so positive. It's a friendly site, payment is easy and the books arrive fast.

Amazon continues to grow. You can now buy DVDs and videos, mobile phones and computers, clothes, toys and wine. Bezos and the company are worth billions of dollars. Bezos is not forty years old yet. What does he want to do next? 'I would love to go into space,' he says. The last thing that he bought from Amazon was a book about rocket design.

17

Drive

Grammar

1 Rearrange the words to complete the questions.

Example

do English have lessons often you
How often do you have English lessons?

- a) best friend is old your ?
How _____
- b) do does it homework long take to
you your ?
How _____
- c) book did for much pay this you ?
How _____
- d) class are in many students there your ?
How _____
- e) far from home is school your your ?
How _____

2 Write *your* answers to the questions in exercise 1.

Example

Three times a week.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

3 Complete the questions with *How* or *What*.

Example

What kind of TV programmes do you like?

- a) _____ long does it take you to get to work?
- b) _____ sort of food do you prefer?
- c) _____ many different countries have you visited?
- d) _____ often do you go shopping?
- e) _____ size shoes do you take?
- f) _____ time do you get up in the morning?
- g) _____ old is your school?

4 Answer the questions in exercise 3.

Example

I like gameshows and documentaries.

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____
- g) _____

5 Complete the questions for the answers below.

Example

I take size 38 shoes.

What size shoes do you take?

- a) The lesson starts at nine o'clock.
What _____
- b) The nearest bus stop is 500 metres from my house.
How _____
- c) I can run 100 metres in 15 seconds.
How _____
- d) I go to a technical school.
What _____
- e) I've seen six James Bond films.
How _____
- f) It takes me two hours to drive to the beach.
How _____

Pronunciation

1  Listen and repeat.

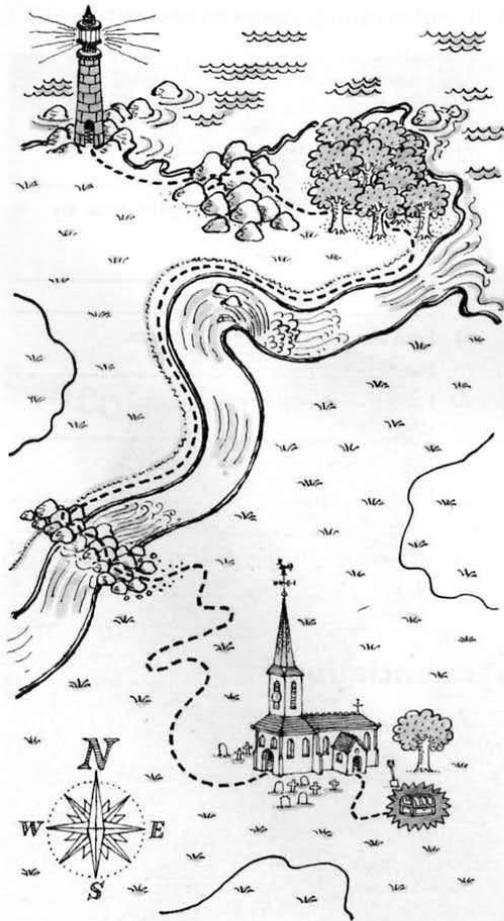
2  Listen and tick (✓) the numbers that you hear.

- | | | | |
|------|-----|-------|------|
| a) 8 | 8th | f) 5 | 5th |
| b) 4 | 4th | g) 2 | 2nd |
| c) 9 | 9th | h) 10 | 10th |
| d) 6 | 6th | i) 7 | 7th |
| e) 3 | 3rd | | |

Vocabulary

- 1 Look at the treasure map below and circle the correct words to complete the instructions.

Start at the old lighthouse and walk *across* / along / *over* the coast to the rocks. Climb (a) *across* / *down* / *over* the rocks and go (b) *along* / *into* / *up* the forest. Walk (c) *down* / *over* / *through* the forest until you come to a river. Continue (d) *into* / *out of* / *along* the path that follows the river and go (e) *into* / *out of* / *past* the waterfall. A little later, go (f) *across* / *past* / *up* the river when you see some rocks. Walk (g) *down* / *into* / *through* the hill on the other side, to the church at the bottom. Go (h) *along* / *into* / *past* the church and come (i) *along* / *out of* / *over* the back door. The treasure is under the tree.



- 2 Complete each sentence with a verb from the box.

drive get have set ~~take~~ turn

Example

Go along this road and take the second right. OK?

- I always _____ off very early when I take the car to work.
- I hate it when I _____ stuck in the traffic.
- Slow down! I don't want to _____ an accident.
- The park? Go out of the shopping centre and _____ left. It's about 500 metres.
- Why do they _____ on the left in England?

- 3 Circle the correct alternative.

Example

I really like driving on the country roads / streets in the north of Scotland.

- The street was closed because of road lights / works.
- The traffic is very slow during the rush hour / time.
- There was a big traffic block / jam in the city centre.
- You can drive at 120 kph on the motorway / pavement.
- You can't indicate / park on the yellow lines.

Writing

- 1 One word in each group has a spelling mistake. Correct the mistakes.

Example

access accident ~~across~~ accountant

- difficult office surface traffic
- allowed brilliant ~~dellete~~ generally
- fammily programme slimmer swimming
- appointment poppular shopping stopped
- earring interesting married terrible
- assitant impossible passion vissited

- 2 Fill each gap with the letter c or s.

Example

concert

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| a) dan_e | h) senten_e |
| b) ex_iting | i) exer_i_e |
| c) expen_ive | j) twi_e |
| d) so_iety | k) univer_ity |
| e) mou_e | l) web_ite |
| f) re_eive | m) wor_e |
| g) sen_e | n) __energy |

18 Justice

Grammar

1 Write sentences in the past continuous.

Example
 What/Jeremy/look at?
 What was Jeremy looking at?

- a) How/he/feel?

- b) What/he/wear?

- c) What/he/hold?

- d) What/his friends/sing?

- e) What/his friends/hold?



2 Look at the picture opposite of Hermione's boyfriend, Jeremy, (see Student's Book page 74) and answer the questions in exercise 1. Use the words and phrases in the box.

a black jacket ~~the clock~~ 'Happy Birthday'
 his mobile phone angry their wine glasses

Example
 He was looking at the clock.

- a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
- 3 Look again at the picture of Hermione's boyfriend, Jeremy, and answer the questions.

Example
 Was Jeremy drinking?
 No, he wasn't.

- a) Was Jeremy having a good party?

 - b) Were his friends smoking?

 - c) Were they looking at the clock?

 - d) Was Jeremy's girlfriend sitting next to him?

 - e) Was Jeremy making a phone call?

- 4 What you were doing yesterday at these times?
- a) 05.00 am

 - b) 09.30 am

 - c) 1.30 pm

 - d) 6.00 pm

 - e) 9.00 pm

Vocabulary

- 1 Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

about from in off outside to ~~with~~

Example

He went out with Hermione for four months.

- I got a postcard _____ Hermione.
 - Lady Moon found out _____ her husband's affair.
 - She drove _____ the lover's house.
 - His car was parked _____ her house.
 - She left some bottles _____ the centre of the village.
 - She cut _____ the arms and legs of his suits.
- 2 Complete the table.

adjective	adverb
angry	_____ <u>angrily</u> _____
good	_____
independent	_____
late	_____
quick	_____
surprising	_____
terrible	_____

- 3 Write the correct word.

Example

He did the exam extremely badly. (*bad / badly*)

- He is a very _____ worker. (*slow / slowly*)
- Her bedroom is very clean and _____. (*tidy / tidily*)
- They sang 'Happy Birthday' very _____. (*loud / loudly*)
- Hermione's boyfriend was _____ with her. (*furious / furiously*)
- They are _____ married with three children. (*happy / happily*)

- 4 Complete the sentences so that they are true for you.

- I always _____ very carefully.
- I sometimes _____ quite late.
- I can _____ very well.
- I _____ very quickly.

Writing

- 1 Circle the correct phrases.

One day / *That evening*, an old witch was looking at herself in the mirror. She was feeling very sad because nobody loved her.

(a) *At first* / *Then*, she had a marvellous idea. She took her magic wand and changed herself into a beautiful princess.

(b) *Finally* / *The next morning*, she was walking near her house when she saw a handsome prince. He was sitting near a pond and (c) *at first* / *one day*, he did not see her. But the witch called to the young man and he turned round.

'Come to my house,' said the witch, and the prince followed her, but he said nothing. (d) *A little later* / *Last year*, they arrived at her house. She said to the prince, 'I want to be your wife. Will you marry me?' The prince did not reply. All afternoon, she repeated her question, but the prince never spoke.

(e) *Once upon a time* / *That evening*, the witch asked her question for the final time. Still, the prince said nothing. (f) *Finally* / *Next*, the witch could stand it no more. She took the prince's face in her hands. She looked him in the eyes, and (g) *a year later* / *then* she kissed him on the lips.

- 2 Rewrite the end of the story, adding full stops, question marks and capital letters.

suddenly there was a flash of light and the prince disappeared in his place was a horrible green frog where was her beautiful prince the witch was furious but she was also hungry she decided to have a delicious dinner of frogs' legs in a cream sauce -



Reading

- 1 Read the story and put parts a)–d) in the correct order.

1	2	3	4



a

There was a moment's silence. Then, the servant replied, 'Yes, sir.'
'And when they are dead, come back to the phone.'
'Yes, sir.'
Five minutes later, the servant returned to the phone. 'They're dead, sir.'

b

One day, an important gangster boss was working late in his night club in Palm Springs. He decided to call his wife to say that he was going to be extremely late. A servant answered the phone.
'Get me my wife,' ordered the gangster.
'I'm afraid it's not possible, sir,' replied the servant.

c

'Good,' said the gangster. 'Now take the gun and throw it in the pond in the garden.'
'But, sir,' replied the servant nervously, 'we haven't got a pond!'
'That is 865 405875, isn't it?' asked the gangster.

d

'What do you mean "It's not possible"?' shouted the gangster angrily. 'Get her immediately!'
'I'm sorry, sir, but she is with her lover,' said the servant.
The gangster was furious. He thought for a moment and said quietly, 'Listen to me carefully. Go to the cellar, do you hear me? In the cellar, there is a plastic bag. There is a gun in the bag. Take the gun, go upstairs and kill them. Kill them, OK?'

- 2 Read the story again and choose the best title.

- a) Guilty or not guilty
- b) Unhappily married
- c) Wrong number

- 3 Answer the questions.

- a) Why did the gangster want to call his wife?

- b) Who answered the phone?

- c) Why was it not possible for the wife to come to the phone?

- d) How did the gangster feel when he heard about his wife?

- e) What did the servant do next?

- f) Why did the gangster think that he had the wrong number?

Pronunciation

Listen to the words *was* and *were* in the recording. Are they long (/wɒz/ and /wɜː/) or short (/wəz/ and /wə/)?

- a) What were you doing?
- b) I was making a call.
- c) Who were you ringing?
- d) I was ringing a friend.
- e) Why were you calling?
- f) I was feeling so sad.
- g) What were you saying?
- h) I said I was leaving.
- i) Who were you leaving?
- j) I said I was leaving you!

Listen again and repeat after the recording.

19

Extreme

Grammar

- 1 Find eight past participles in the word snake and write the infinitives of these verbs in the spaces below.

knowngonemadetakenseenpaidwornfound

- a) know _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____
- f) _____
- g) _____
- h) _____

- 2 Circle the correct verb form.

The Poseidon Palace is an underwater hotel near Aruba in the Caribbean. It built / was built ten metres under the water and a submarine (a) takes / is taken the guests to the hotel. When they (b) arrive / are arrived, they (c) take / are taken to a beautiful bar. The walls (d) make / are made of a special glass and there are stunning underwater views. Champagne (e) serves / is served before the guests (f) show / are shown their rooms. One night at the Poseidon Palace (g) costs / is cost \$650.



- 3 Put the words in the correct order to make questions and answers.

Example

made shoes were Where your ?
Where were your shoes made?

- a) in made Portugal They were .

- b) dinner is served time What ?

- c) at eight It's o'clock served usually .

- d) are formed How passive verbs ?

- e) a and are be formed participle past
They with .

- 4 Put the verbs in brackets into the past simple passive.



Example

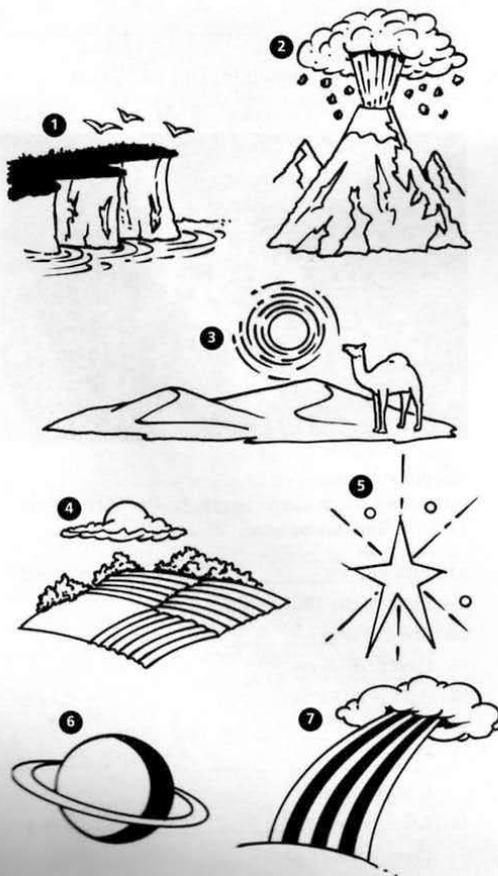
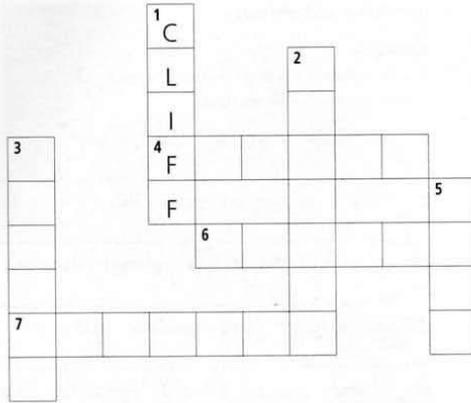
Neuschwanstein Castle was built (build) for King Ludwig II of Bavaria.

- a) Ludwig _____ (call) 'the only true king' of the 19th century.
- b) The castle _____ (design) by a theatre designer.
- c) All the latest technology _____ (use).
- d) It _____ (finish) in 1881.
- e) Ludwig _____ (kill) in an accident five years later.
- f) Later, the castle _____ (open) as a tourist attraction.

Vocabulary

- 1 Complete the picture puzzle. Use the words in the box to help you.

cliff desert fields planet rainbow
star volcano

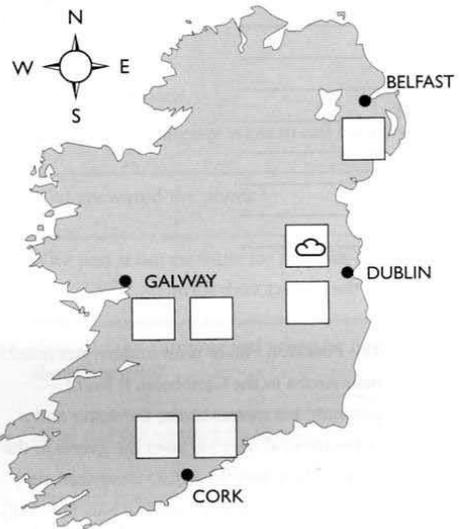


- 2 Label each symbol with a word from the box.

- a) ⚡ _____ e) ☁ _____
b) ☔ _____ f) 🌧 _____
c) 🌀 _____ g) ☀ _____
d) ❄ _____

cloud fog rain snow storm
sun wind

- 3 Read the weather report and complete the map with the symbols from exercise 2.



It will be a cold, cloudy day in Dublin today, with a possibility of rain later in the afternoon. In the south around Cork, the day will start off foggy. However, the fog will soon disappear and it will be sunny later with temperatures of around 3°. In the west, near Galway, it will be very windy, with a possibility of storms. For Belfast and the north, it will be extremely cold with temperatures below zero and snow in the middle of the day.

Pronunciation

- 🎧 Listen to the recording and read the poem at the same time. Keep in time with the beat.

The guesthouse was built in one day
And everyone wanted to stay.
It was all made of ice
And was terribly nice,
But the next day it melted away.

Writing

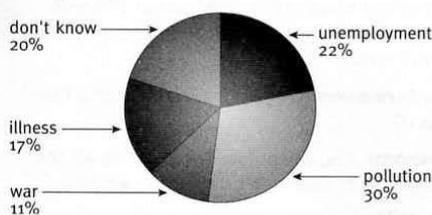
- 1 Look at the results of a survey. Then read Part 1 of the report below and complete the text by choosing the best phrase.

Twenty-five years from now ...

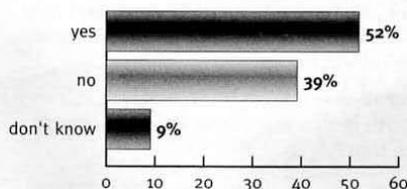
What will the world be like? In a new survey, eight hundred people were asked about the future. The survey was divided in two: people aged 18–30 and people aged over 30.

Group 1: People aged 18–30

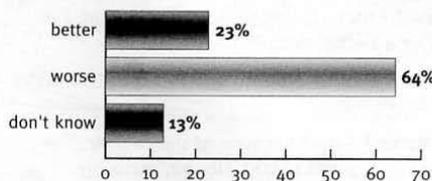
What will be the biggest problem for the world in twenty-five years?



Will there be enough food for everyone to eat?



Will the world be a better or worse place?



Report: Part 1

Pollution is seen as *the biggest* / *the smallest* problem by most young people. Unemployment and illness are also problems for many of the young. 20% of people are (a) *not sure* / *sure* what the biggest problem will be.

Young people are (b) *not very* / *quite* optimistic about feeding the world's population.

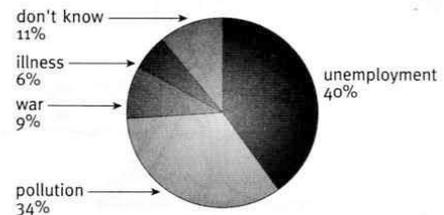
(c) *Most* / *Only a few* of them do not think this will be a problem.

In general, most people in Britain are (d) *optimistic* / *pessimistic* about the future. They think that the world will be a worse place to live in twenty-five years.

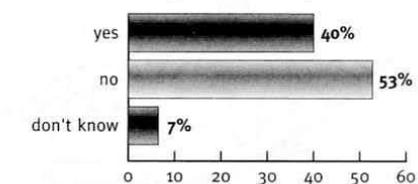
- 2 Now look at the graphs for the second part of the survey and complete Part 2 of the report. Use the phrases from Part 1 to help you.

Group 2: People aged over 30

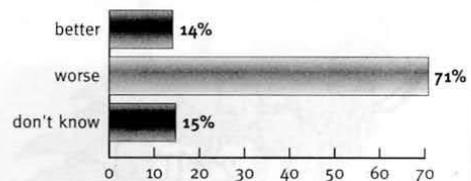
What will be the biggest problem for the world in twenty-five years?



Will there be enough food for everyone to eat?



Will the world be a better or worse place?



Report: Part 2

Unemployment is seen as the biggest problem by most older people. Pollution is also a problem for many of them. 11% of people ...