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2012 . «20.02» 47/
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2. _____ (132 _____)

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(50%):

2...3

51,24 % 7,83 %

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1.	-1 ...	14
1.1.	14
1.2.	...	17
1.3.		
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1.5.		
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1.7.	.	
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1.8.		
	34
2.		
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2.1.		
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	40
2.3.		
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	45
3.1		
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3.2		48
3.3		50
3.4.			
		55
		59
4.			
		60
4.1.			
		60
4.2.		65
4.3.		66
4.4.		,	
		67
4.5.			
		73
4.6.			
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2012

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(85,9%, .1-)

Ўзбекистон электр станцияларининг ўрнатилган қувватлари (МВт), жами	12357,6
Шундан:	
1. «Ўзбекэнерго» ДАК, жами, шу жумладан:	12038,6
Иссиқлик электр станциялари (ИЭС)	10819,0
Гидравлик электр станциялар (ГЭС)	1419,6
2. Блокстанциялар	320



.1-

2013

(.2-) 90,8%

5,3 %,

– 3,9 %,

– 0,3 %.



.2-

2013

(50 %

(,)

- () 60-80
. 80

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27 1
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144

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1.1.

– 484 , – ,
 – . 1953 ,
 1967 . « » 2005 « »
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« »	51%
	1%
	48%

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 -230-2 – 5 .
 -100-90-6 – 4 .

	2011 .	2012 .	2013 .
,	464,3	536,23	621,8
,	553,9	429,08	403,6
,	-	28502,6	28896643,0
,	481,4	4669,2	34269,0
,	5212,4	9313,5	9906955,0
,	11518,3	14649,1	13465813,0

1946 13

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800-900

1997 20 232-

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15200 , 51

- -1727

(.) 407 (). -10200. 2012

1 170777 ,

11,2 .

II . ,

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O'zbekistonda ko'mir qazib olish ishlarini "O'zbekenergo" DAKning "O'zbekko'mir" OAJ, "Shirg'unko'mir" OAJ va "Apartak" MChJ amalga oshiradi. "Angren" ko'mir konida ko'mir zahiralari ochiq usulda ishlab chiqiladi. Bundan tashqari, "Yerostigaz" OAJ yer osti gazlashtirilishi usuli bilan qo'ngir ko'mirdan gaz ajratib oladi.

"Yerostigaz" OAJ stansiyasi jahon amaliyotida o'xshashi bo'lmagan eng qudratli sanoat ob'yekti hisoblanadi. Korxonaning bosh maqsadi qo'ngir ko'mirni yer ostida energetika gaziga qayta ishlab chiqish va undan keyinchalik Angren IESda foydalanishga qaratilgan.

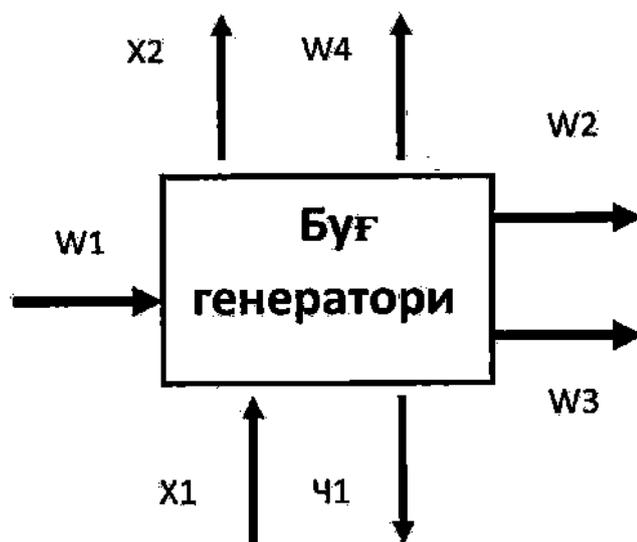
2012 yilda ko'mir qazib olish 3,9 mln. tonnani tashkil qildi, 147 mlrd. so'mdan ziyod tovar mahsuloti ishlab chiqarildi. Respublika energetika balansida ko'mirning ulushini oshirish muhim ekanligini inobatga olib, hukumat qarori bilan Ko'mir sanoatini rivojlantirishning 2019 yilgacha mo'ljallangan dasturi tasdiqlandi. Unga ko'ra, yangi ilg'or texnologiyalarni joriy qilish, ishlab chiqarish jarayonlarini takomillashtirish, mavjud quvvatlarni modernizatsiyalash, texnologik jihatdan yangilash va kengaytirishga qaratilgan qator investitsiya loyihalarini amalga oshirish rejalashtirilmoqda.

Dasturning amalga oshirilishi 2019 yilga kelib foydali qazilmalarning yuzini ochish hajmini 71 mln.m³ gacha, ko'mir qazib olishni - 8,1 mln. tonnaga yetkazish, respublika ko'mir sanoatini sifat jihatidan yangi rivojlanish bosqichiga ko'tarish, uning eksport salohiyatini sezilarli darajada oshirishga imkon beradi.

Investitsiya siyosatiga muvofiq, kompaniya tomonidan "Yangi Angren IESning 1-5-energobloklarini "Angren" ko'mir konini modernizatsiyalash bilan birga yil bo'yi ko'mir yoqishga o'tkazish", "Angren IESda kulchanligi yuqori bo'lgan ko'mirni yoqish uchun issiqlik olish bilan 130-150 MVt quvvatli energoblok qurish" loyihalari amalga oshirilmoqda. Bu "Angren" konida ko'mir qazib olish jarayonida to'planib qoladigan taxminan 1,0 mln. tonna past navli ko'mirni stansiya uchun yoqilg'i sifatida ishlatishga imkon beradi. Mazkur texnologiyadan jahondagi 25 ta issiqlik elektr stansiyalarida foydalaniladi xolos.

Qo'ngir ko'mir qazib olish darajasini oshirish maqsadida, "Apartak" MChJni modernizatsiyalash zaruriyati munosabati bilan innovatsion texnologiyani qo'llagan holda "Apartak" konida muqobil qo'ngir ko'mirdan dizel yoqilg'isi hosil qiluvchi zavod qurilishi ko'zda tutilmoqda. Zavodning loyiha quvvati yiliga 2,2 mln. tonna qo'ngir ko'mirga ishlov berish yoki 700 ming tonna dizel yoqilg'isini olishni nazarda tutadi. Shuningdek, ikkilamchi kaolin (oq rangli gil loy)dan gil-sement ishlab chiqarishini yaratish loyihasi ishlab chiqilmoqda.

1.3.



1.1-

50 %

$$W1=W2+W3+W4,$$

W1 – ;

W2 - ;

W3 – ;

W4 – . 1

2

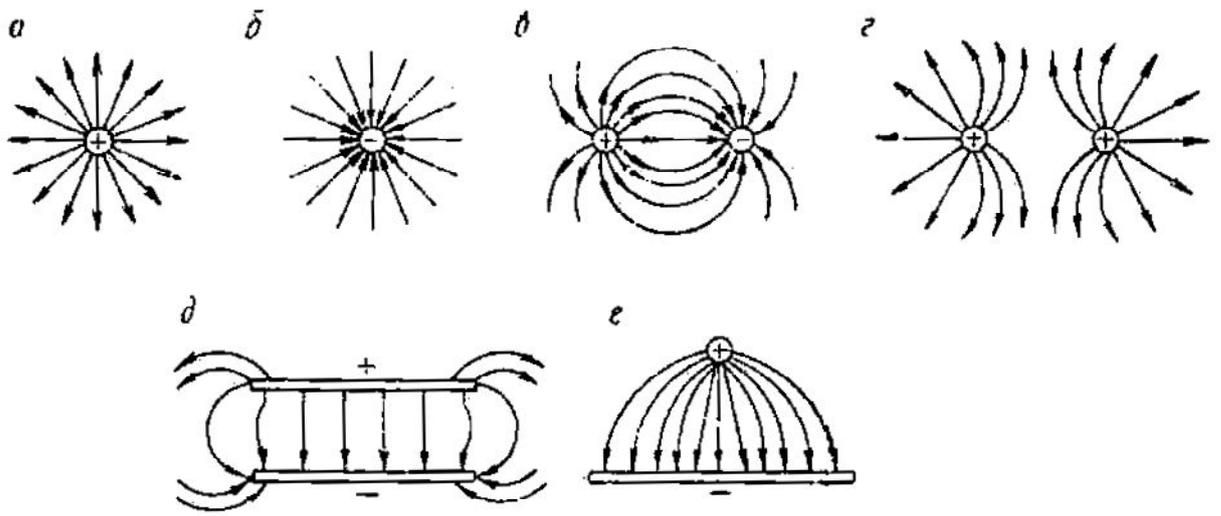
(W3,W4) . . .

1.4.

1.5.

$$=F/Q, \quad (1.1)$$

— , \ ;
 F— , ”
 Q— , .



1.2— . : — ; -
 ; - ; - ; -
 ; -

(1.2, -),

$$= U/h, \quad (1.2)$$

U— , ;

h –

(1.2 , –),

”

$$\text{grad } E = dE/dx, \tag{1.3}$$

grad E –

dE - x

dx

;

/ ².

6·10⁵

/

U=20...70

(ds)

dQ

$$= dQ/ds.$$

(1.4)

(dV)

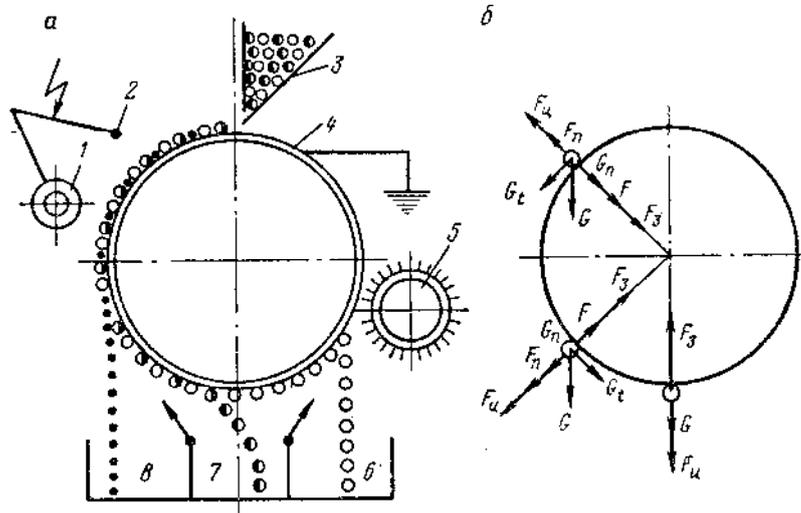
dQ

$$= dQ/dV.$$

(1.5)

1.6.

1.3 -



1.3-

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2

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8

6

5

6

7

1. , - .

:

1.

$$F = Q E, \tag{1.6}$$

Q -

;

E -

r -

$$Q_R = \left(1 + 2 \frac{\varepsilon - 1}{\varepsilon + 2}\right) a^2 E \mu(R) \tag{1.7}$$

: Q_R -

;

E -

, $r = 0$

($R > 0$) 1

R

$$F = Q_R E = \left(1 + 2 \frac{\varepsilon - 1}{\varepsilon + 2}\right) a^2 E^2 \mu(R) \tag{1.8}$$

2.

$$F_{\mathbf{z}} = \frac{Q_R^2}{a^2} = \left(1 + 2\frac{\varepsilon - 1}{\varepsilon + 2}\right) a^2 E^2 \mu^2(R) \quad (1.9)$$

3.

$$F_n = \left(\frac{\varepsilon - 1}{\varepsilon + 2}\right) a^2 E \frac{dE}{dx} \quad (1.10)$$

$$\frac{dE}{dx}$$

4.

$$F_{\mathbf{u}} = \frac{zmv^2}{D} \quad (1.11)$$

: m-

v -

D -

5.

$$G = mg \quad (1.12)$$

: g -

$$F = F + F - F - F \pm G \quad (1.13)$$

F F

$$G \quad (F \quad F)$$

$$F = F + F - F - F \quad (1.14)$$

(1.14)

$$F = [1 + 2(-1)/(+2)]E^2 a^2 \mu(R) + \{1 + [1 + 2(-1)/(+2)]E^2 a^2 \mu^2(R)\} - (2mv^2/D). \quad (1.15)$$

$$v = Dn/60, m = 4na^3$$

: - ; $D \quad n -$

$$F = [1 + 2(-1)/(+2)]E^2 a^2 \mu(R) + \{1 + [1 + 2(-1)/(+2)]E^2 a^2 \mu^2(R)\} -$$

$$(7,4 \cdot 10^{-4} a^3 Dn^2 mv^2/D). \quad (1.16)$$

$$F > 0$$

$$(1.16) \quad a \quad F = 0$$

$$a^1_{\max} = \{ [1 + 2(-1)/(+2)] E^2 \mu(R) + \{ 1 + [1 + 2(-1)/(+2)] E^2 \mu^2(R) \} \} : \\ : 7,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 3 D n^2 m v^2 / D \quad (1.17)$$

$$F = F - F - G . \quad (1.18)$$

$$Q_R = Q_0 e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} \quad (1.19)$$

: $Q_R -$

;

$Q_0 -$;

$e -$;

$R -$;

$C -$

(68)

$$F_3 = \left(1 + 2 \frac{\varepsilon - 1}{\varepsilon + 2} \right)^2 E^2 a^2 \mu^2(R) e^{-\frac{at}{RC}} \quad (1.20)$$

$$G_n \quad G_n = 0 \quad ($$

)

$$G_n = \frac{4}{3} \pi a^3 \delta g = 1,3 \cdot 10^3 \pi a^3 \delta \quad (1.21)$$

()

,

$$a''_{\max} = \frac{\left(1 + 2 \frac{\varepsilon - 1}{\varepsilon + 2}\right) E^2 \mu^2 (R) e^{-\frac{2t}{RC}}}{7,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \pi^3 \delta D n^2 + 1,3 \cdot 10^3 \pi \delta} \quad (1.22)$$

(1.17) (1.20)

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1.4-

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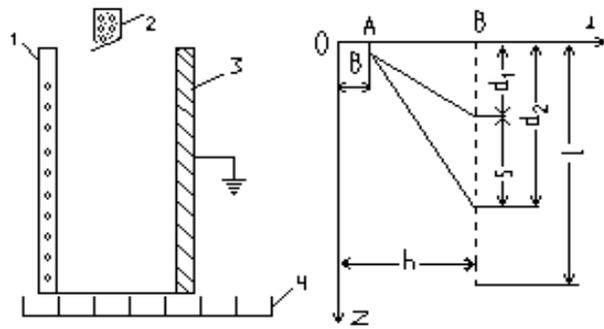
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1.4- .

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$$(1.8)$$

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$$((1.10)$$

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S=d₂-d₁ -

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$$\operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{x}{z} = \frac{\epsilon_0 \left(1 + 2 \frac{\epsilon - 1}{\epsilon + 2}\right) E^2}{4.9 \pi a \epsilon} \quad (1.23)$$

(1.23)

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1.7.

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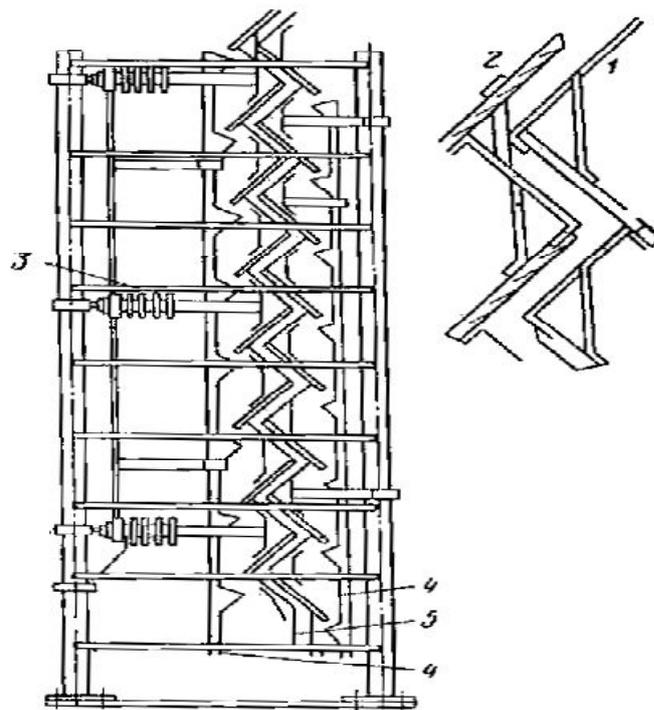
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1.5- . -1

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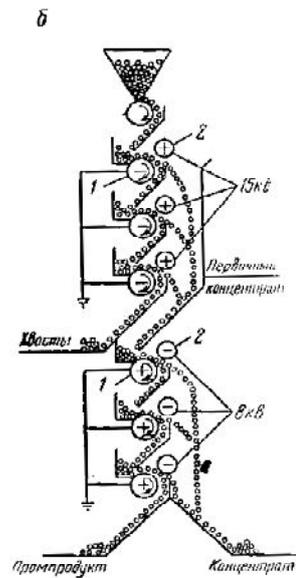
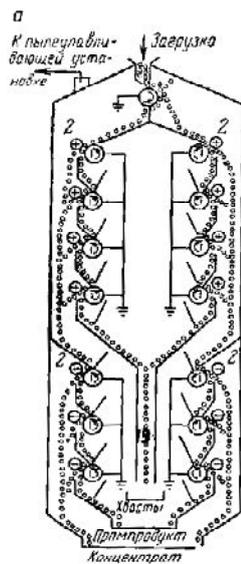
; 2 -

; 3 -

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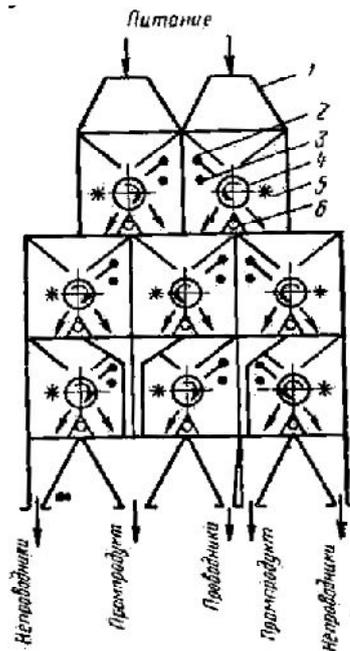
5 -



1.6-

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1.7- -2000

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1.8.

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[5,6,7,8,9,10].

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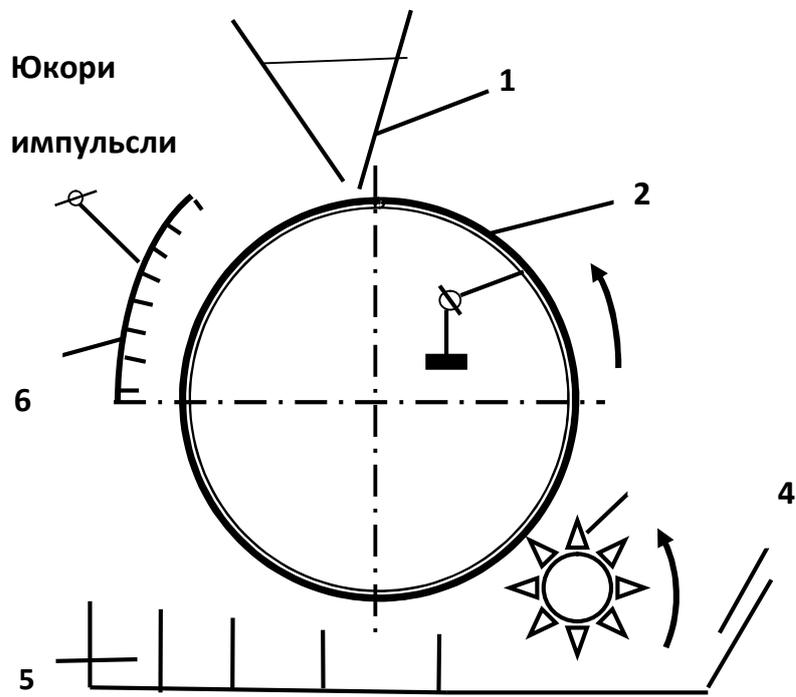
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2.1-



2.2-



2.3 –

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20 ,

23



2.4-

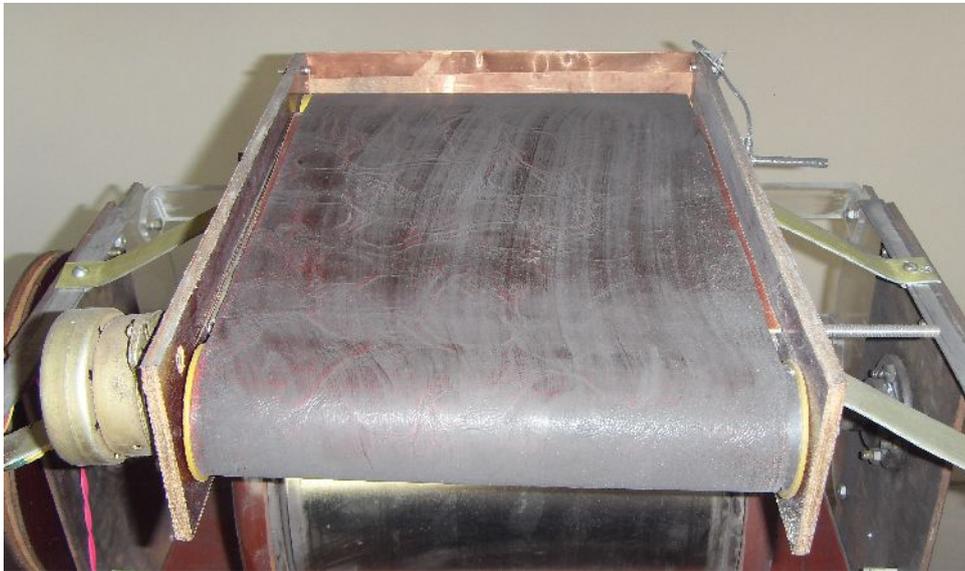
14,5

30

()

3⁻¹,

4,71 / .



2.5- .

4

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, 4-

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10⁻¹

18

600⁻¹ .

2.2.

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 · 0,5 0,25
 · 105⁰
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$$W = (m_1/100)m_2 \%, \quad (2.1)$$

m_1 - ;

m_2 - .

· 200
 · -500
 · 0,2 , 0,25
 ·

$$= / (+) = 200/(20 + 25) = 0,4 / ^2$$

: - ,

- ,

- ,

·

$$= v = 0,4 \cdot 20 \cdot 0,471 = 3,78 / ,$$

19

55⁻¹ 410⁻¹

85%

31,6

4

800

$$m = [m_1(100-W)]/100,$$

$$= (100/m)m$$

m_1 – , ;

W – , %;

m - , ;

m - , .

, 0,5 0,25

2.3.

2.1 -

2.1-

-	, ^{-1/}	-	m ₁ /m	m	%
	-	0,5	11/10,1	5,18	52,3
	-	0,25	6,4/5,86	3,12	53,2
1	21	0,5	10/9,2	3,99	43,4
2		0,5	11,4/10,4	5,9	56,8
3		0,5	11/10,1	6,68	66,1
4		0,5	10,8/9,9	7,9	79,7
1	55/19	0,25	12,7/11,6	2,84	24,5
2		0,25	10/9,2	3,9	42,3
3		0,25	5,7/5,2	3,2	62,3
4		0,25	12,2/11,2	9,8	87,6
1	410/19	0,25	11,3/10,3	2,0	19,4
2		0,25	14,9/13,6	5,0	36,7

3		0,25	7,1/6,5	2,9	45,7
4		0,25	14,1/13,4	3,0	89,0
1	55/19	0,5	4,5/4,1	1,42	34,6
2		0,5	6,9/6,3	2,8	44,6
3		0,5	4,8/4,4	1,9	43,1
4		0,5	6,4/5,9	4,7	79,8
1	410/19	0,5	7,8/7,1	2,2	30,6
2		0,5	16,8/15,4	6,4	41,6
3		0,5	9,2/8,4	3,7	44,1
4		0,5	11,2/10,3	8,6	83,8

1.

2.

3.

4.

:

$$F(t) = qE(t), \quad (3.1)$$

$$t \ll T, \quad (3.2)$$

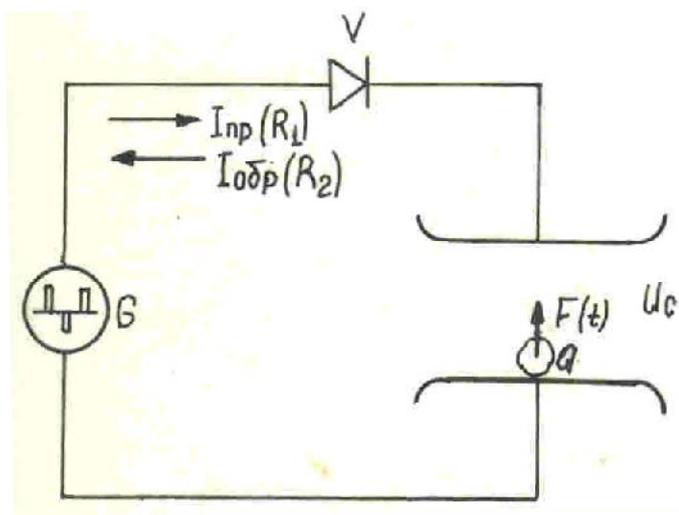
$t -$;

$T, -$.

(3.1-).

(R_1)

(R_2)



3.1- .

U

:

$$U = U_a (1 - e^{-t_1/(R1C)}), \quad (3.2)$$

U_a - :

t_1 - ;

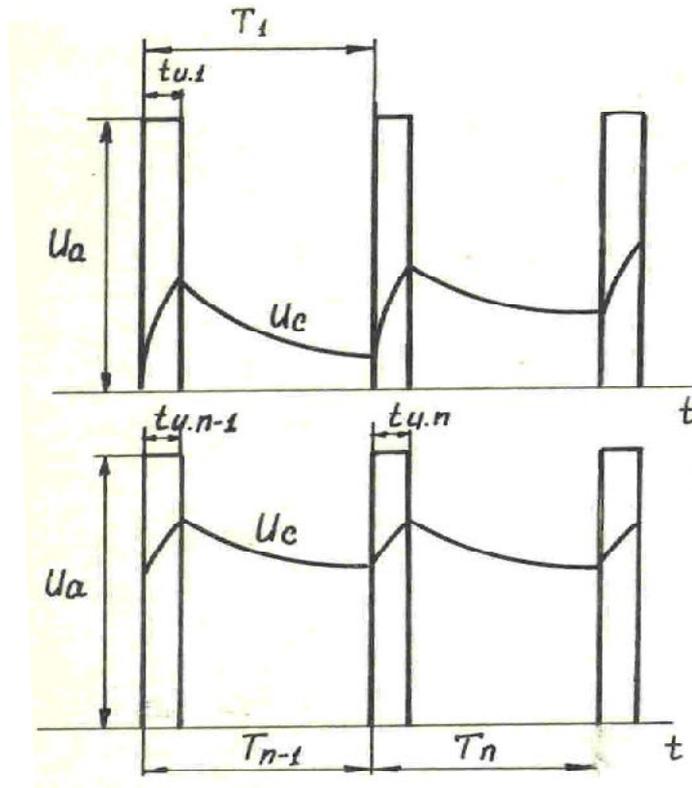
- .

,

:

$$U_{.max} = U_a (1 - e^{-t/(R1C)}), \quad (3.3)$$

t - .



3.2- .

|

$$U_c = U_{c..max} e^{-t_1/(R2C)} = U_a (1 - e^{-t/(R1C)}) e^{-t_2/(R2C)}, \quad (3.4)$$

$$t_2 = T_1 - t_1 .$$

$$U_c(t) = \begin{cases} U_a (1 - e^{-t1/(R1C)}), & 0 \leq t_1 \leq t, \\ U_a (1 - e^{-t1/(R1C)}) e^{-t2/(R2C)}, & t_1 \leq t_2 \leq T_{.1}. \end{cases} \quad (3.5)$$

$$U_c(t) = \begin{cases} U_{c.min.n-1} + U_a(1 - e^{-t1,n/(R1C)}), & 0 \leq t_1 \leq t, \\ U_{c.min.n-1} + U_a(1 - e^{-t1,n/(R1C)}) e^{-t2,n/(R2C)}, & t_{.n} \leq t_{2.n} \leq T_{.n} \end{cases} \quad (3.6)$$

3.2.

[1,51,5]. [13]

$$F = F + mg + F, \quad (3.7)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F - & \quad \quad \quad ; \\
 mg - & \quad \quad \quad ; \\
 F - & \quad \quad \quad .
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F = F + mg + 6 \quad r \quad V, \tag{3.8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 - & \quad \quad \quad ; \\
 r - & \quad \quad \quad ; \\
 V - & \quad \quad \quad .
 \end{aligned}$$

(3.8)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad t \quad \quad \quad : \\
 V = & [(QE + mg) / (6 \quad r)] (1 - e^{-6 \quad r \quad t/m}). \tag{3.9}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad , \\
 & \quad \quad \quad .
 \end{aligned}$$

(3.8)

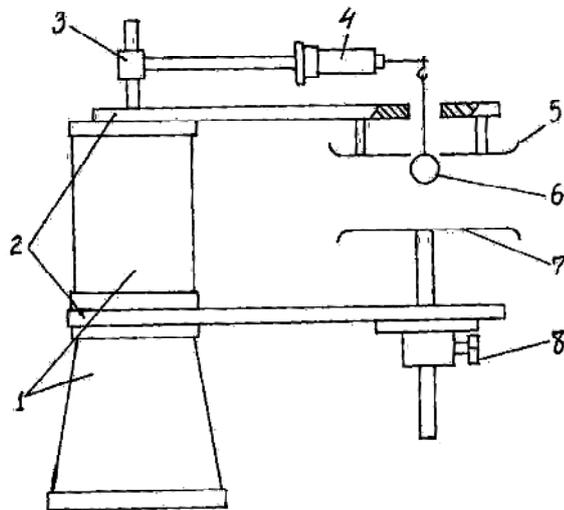
$$F = F(t) + mg + 6 \quad r \quad V. \tag{3.10}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad : \\
 U_c(t) = & \begin{cases} H^{-1}Q [U_{c.min.n-1} + U_a(1 - e^{-t1.n/(R1C)})], & 0 \leq t_1 \leq t, \\ H^{-1}Q [U_{c.min.n-1} + U_a(1 - e^{-t.n/(R1C)})](e^{-t2.n/(R2C)}), & t_{.n} \leq t_{2.n} \leq T_{.n} \end{cases} \tag{3.11}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.3.

3.3-

1
6 4 (4)
3
6
5 7
8



3.3-

: 1 -
; 2 - ; 3 - ; 4 -
6 4 ; 5 - ; 6 - ; 7 -
; 8 -

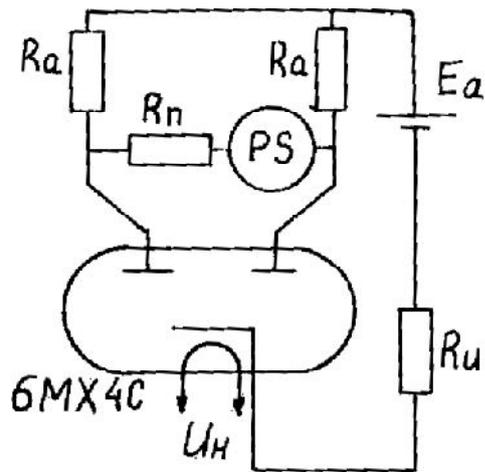
3.4-

R_a

R

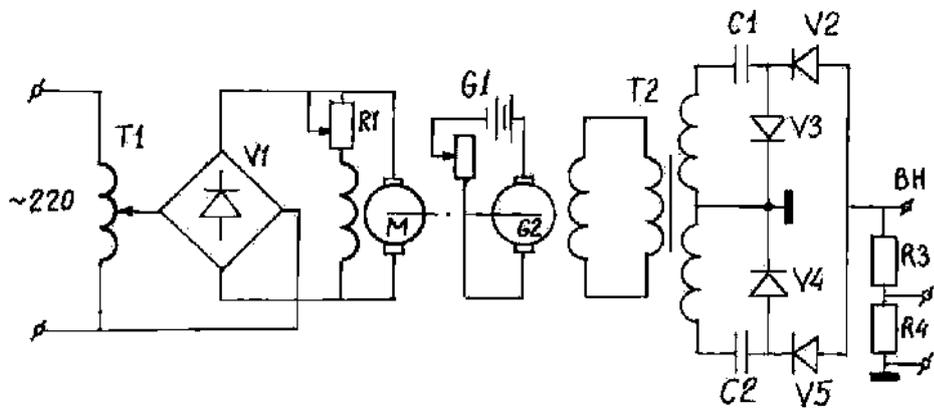
PS

PS



3.4-

3.5-



3.5-

G2

2

()

1

V1

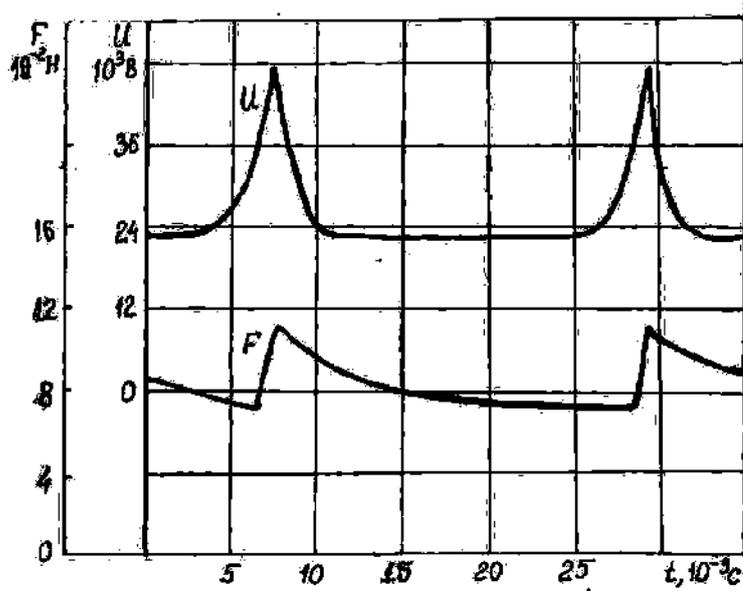
2

2

(1, 2, V2...V5)

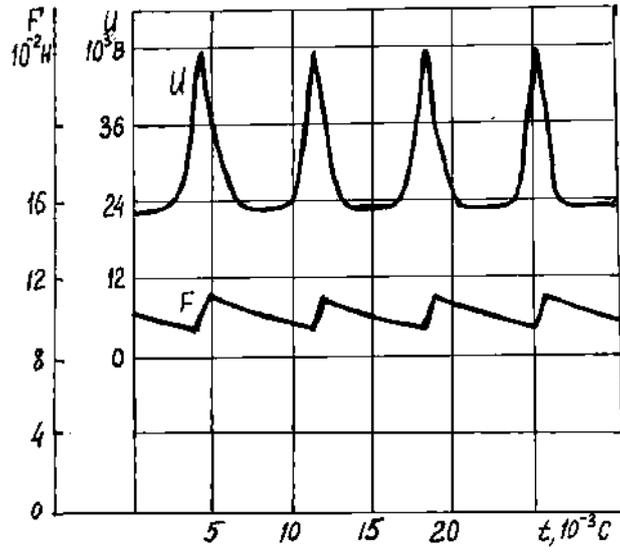
(R3, R4)

. R4



3.6-

22⁻¹



3.7-

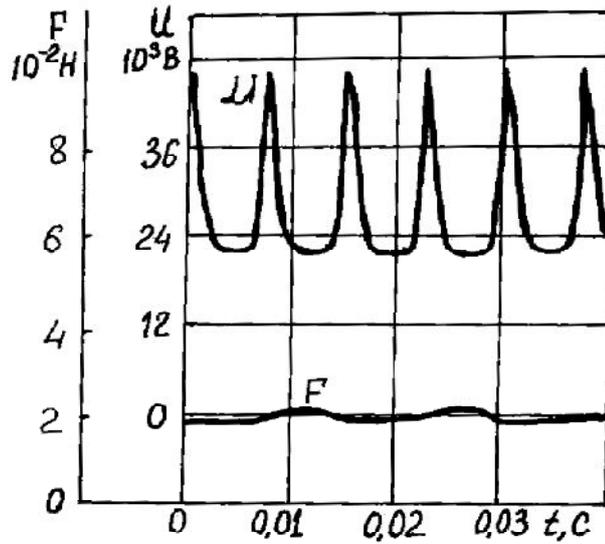
140^{-1}

3.6. 3.7-

22

140^{-1}

3.2-



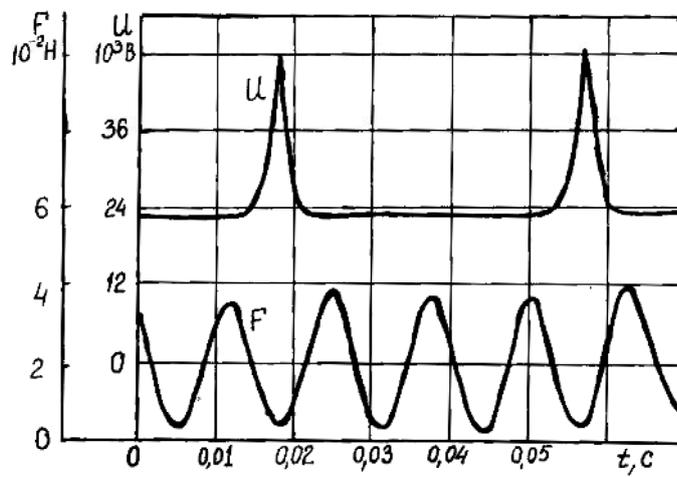
3.8-

180^{-1}

180⁻¹

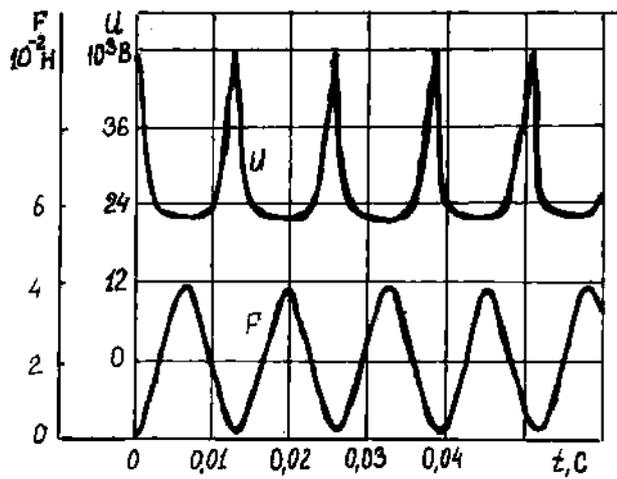
(3.9)

3.10-).



3.9-

180⁻¹



3.10-

75⁻¹

3.4.

2

(3.1-)
5

4,

2

0,25

2

2 %

$$= [100 (U_{\max} - U_{\min}) / U_{\max}], \quad (3.12)$$

U_{\max} -

U_{\min} -

$$K = U_a / U, \quad (3.13)$$

$U_a -$

$U -$

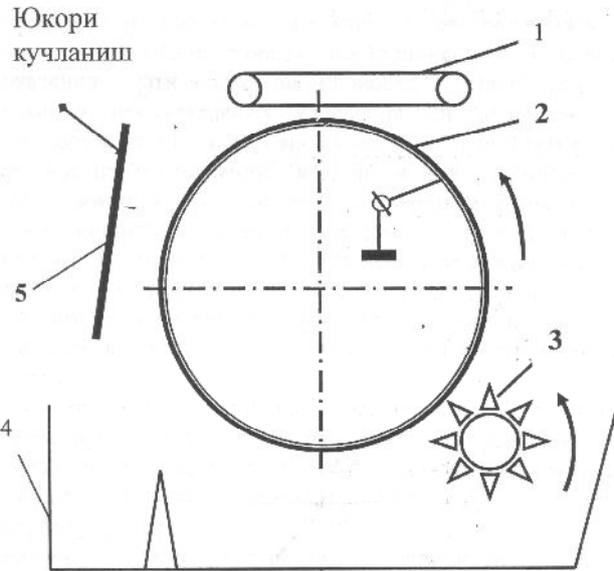
, ;

, .

5

,

-1,67.



3.1- .

: 5 -

; 4 -

;

1.2-

89 %

38 ,

- 32,8

200 500

200,

300, 400 500

3.1-

, . 500⁻¹ 1
 20,14 % .

3.1- .

-1 ,	1 ,	2 ,	1 % ,	2 % ,
	51,24%			
	11,63	8,16	32,12	66,72
200	9,72	9,82	29,21	70,25
300	10,34	8,14	26,14	72,15
400	12,71	7,03	23,81	74,42
500	13,52	6,14	20,14	77,39

. 500⁻¹

3.2-

3.2-

..	1	1	2	1	2
	,	,	,	- , %	- , %
1	12,6	10,2	2,17	8,14	91,02
2	13,2	10,8	2,2	7,82	91,83
3	11,9	9,4	2,2	7,54	92,05
	12,57	10,13	2,17	7,83	91,63

, ,
51,24 % 7,83 %
(
;
;
)

1. ,
2. ,
3. .
4. , 51,24 % 7,83 % .
5. (; ;) .

2009-2012

2009

330

4

, 219
 10 , 2,5 .
 , 40% , 26 6
 , 81 31
 , 554 ,
 ,
 , “ ”(
) 60
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 27 .
 , ,
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 “ ”
 .
 , “
 , ,
 ,
 ,
 ,
 ”
 .
 “Les milieus des empires”
 , , :

1,5

10

2008

. 2008

1

200

. 2009

2009-2012

4.2.

$$=3,6 \cdot 10^3 Bvq \quad (4.1)$$

$v -$

$q -$

$$v = \frac{1}{0,3} \left(\frac{50}{1} \right)$$

$$, q = 0,0006 / ^2,$$

$$:$$

$$= 3,6 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0,0006 = 2 / .$$

4.3.

4.1- . []

4.1- . -

1 0...0,8	0,4	1,2
1 (), .	1,2	0,3
	4,5	50,0
	1	1

3 (300) , 10%
 0,1%
 4.2- . .
 4.2- .

-	-	1					,%	
		-	-		-		1	1
3	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
25	440	88	20	20	100	34	47	43
50	880	88	10	10	100	25	32	30

:
 (, ,
 . .); ;
 ; () ,
 , , ...
 1
 :
 ,% 1

100	100
250	40
500	25
750	16
1000	12

500
 :

1 .	, %
.....	43
.....	23
.....	7
.....	17
.....	10

.....	100

5.1-



4.1-

.....	20
.....	45
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.....	5
.....	5
.....	4
.....	8

4.4.

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()

V

V

19

20

IV

1000

1

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IV

6

11

1

4.5.

- 1. — , , , , .
- 2. — , .
- 3. — .
- 4. - a.
- 5. — .

- 1. :
- 2. .
- 3. .
- 4. .
- 5.) :

100	- 0,5 ;	1000	- 2,5 ;
150	- 0,75 ;	1500	- 4,5 ;
400	- 1,0 ;	2000	- 5,0 ;
500	- 1,5 ;	2500	- 6,0 ;
)	()	:
6	- 0,17 ;	100	- 1,0 ;
10	- 0,23 ;	250	- 1,5 ;
20	- 0,3 ;	400	- 2,5 ;
50	- 0,5 ;	800	- 4,0 .

5.

0,5

6.

7.

8.

9.

)

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)

10.

11.

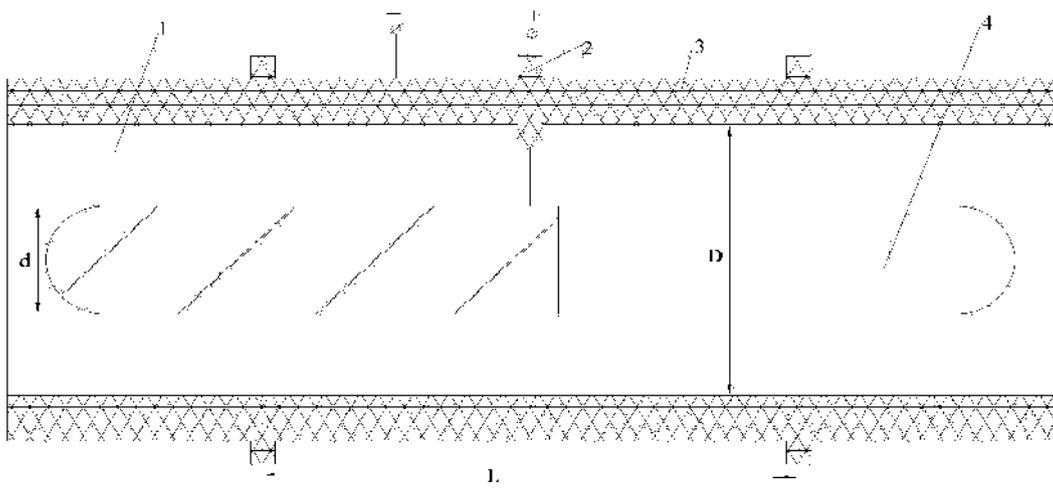
12.

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- ;
- ;
- ;
- ;
- ;

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 = 16^3$$

100³



4.2-

: 1-

; 2-

; 3-

; 4-

; -

;

-

; -

.

3.2-

$$V = Q / \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} + \frac{\pi d^2}{4} \right), \quad (4.1)$$

Q -

, 3/ .

$$t = \left[L \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} - \frac{\pi d^2}{4} \right) \right] / Q. \quad (4.2)$$

$$\rho = \frac{U}{I} = \frac{1}{2\pi L} \ln \frac{D}{d} \quad (4.3)$$

[12]

$$2 / ^2.$$

(4.4)

$$L = tQ / \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} - \frac{\pi d^2}{4} / d \right). \quad (4.4)$$

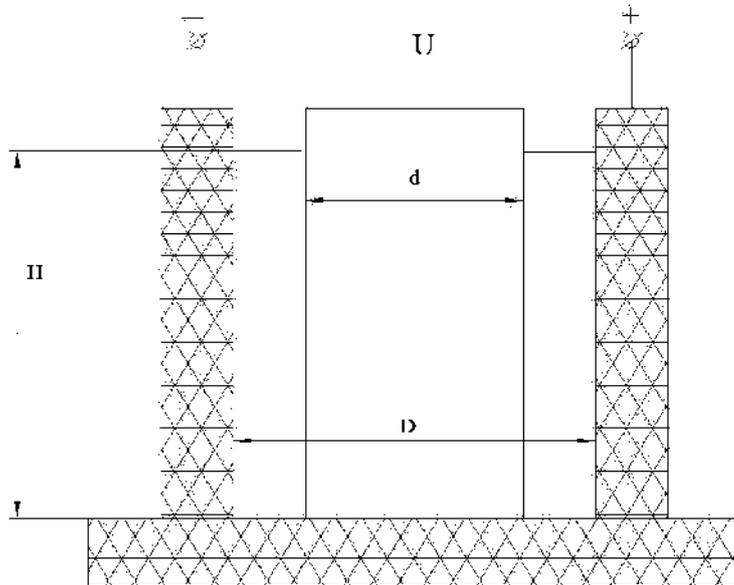
$$S = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} - \frac{\pi d^2}{4}. \quad (4.5)$$

(120)

16³ ,

100³.

16%



4.3-

20

4

$$I = j \cdot S = j \cdot \pi \cdot d \cdot H = 1 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \approx 25A, \quad (4.6)$$

: =1 -

4.3-

	2 mm	1 mm	0,5 mm	0,1 mm	0,1 mm
3	21,16	36,72	24,32	15,64	2,16

5	14,85	27,13	21,38	32,45	4,19
8	0	22,17	19,18	52,51	6,14
12	0	19,13	20,64	52,07	8,16
15	0	17,16	15,23	55,49	12,12
20	0	16,97	14,92	56,01	12,10

$2 / ^2$.
 $1 / ^2$.
 .
 6 . 4 . 5, 10, 15,
 20, 25, 30 .
 10%. 12,4 25
 .
 (2.4-)
 12 .
 .
 : - $1 / ^2$;
 - $0,1 ^3 = 0,0001 ^3$; - 20 ;
 - 60 ; - 12 .
 :
 • - 0,04 / ;
 • - 0,0025 ^2;
 • - 0,48...0,5 ;
 • - 314 ;
 • - 0,0314 ^2;

- 100.....300 .

(5.....15) 104 / .[9] .

0,02

100 300

314

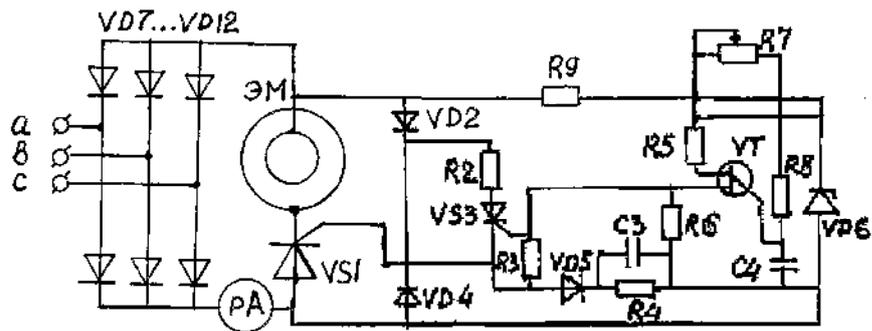
3

(2.13-

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7... 12

1



4.4-

1

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7

6

7

C -

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7

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

51,24 % 7,83 %

1. . . . - . 2012 . 2013 . (2013 18).
2. . . . - . 1977.- 519 .
3. . . . // . , - . 61. , 1988. . 9-32. . - :
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13. . . . - ∴ , 1981. -
120 .
14. . . , .
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. . . , 1998.- . 15-18.
15. . . , .
« - »
// , 1999, 11(2),- .26-29
16. . . , .
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.-1999, 2. . 24-26
17. . . , . . .
// , 1999, 12 (3).- . 23-26.
18. - -19.29
-19 «
- » ().- . . 2003.- 48 .
19. - -19.29
-19 «
- » ().- . . 2004.- 47 .
20. - -19.29
-19 «
- » ().- ∴ . 2005.- 43 .
21. - -7.345
-7 «

- »
- ()- . .2006.- 57 .
 22. - -7.345
 -7 «
- »
- ()- . .2007.- 52 .
 23. - -7.345
 -7 «
- »
- ()- . .2008.- 96 .
 24. . . , . .
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• ” , ” ()

(, , ,)

20%

“ ”

75

• “Calnetix”

“Calnetix”

200000

1700...2400

2006...2011

96

“Calnetix”

31;

-5;

- 33;

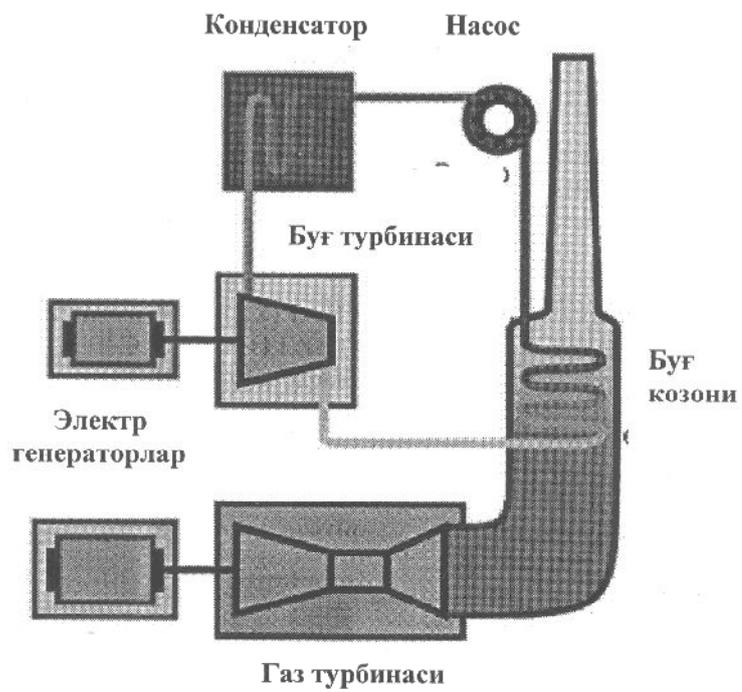
-2.

- 25;

(1-

),

, -

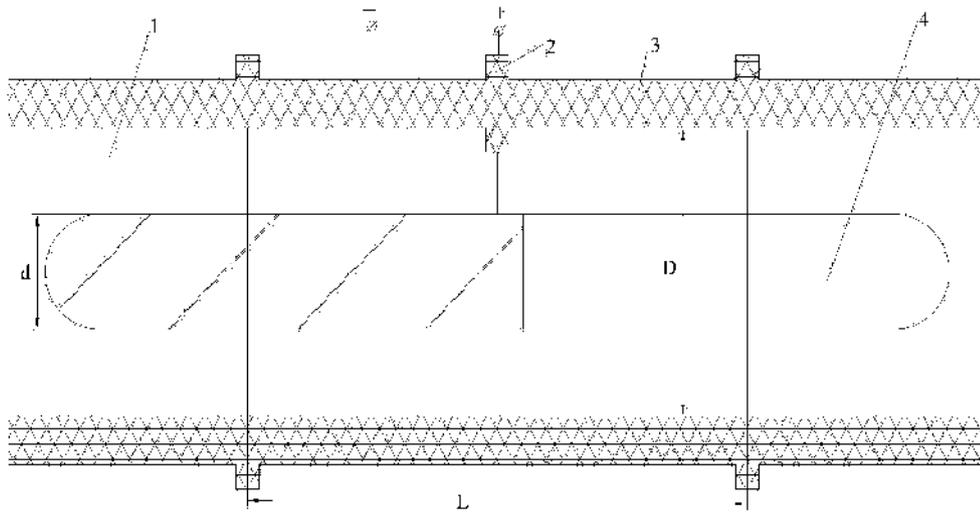


1-

2 2 4=16³

100³

(2-).



2- ; 1- ; 2- ; 3- ;
 4- ; d- ; D- ; L-

2-

$$V = Q / \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} + \frac{\pi d^2}{4} \right), \quad (1)$$

Q-

$$t = \left[L \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} - \frac{\pi d^2}{4} \right) \right] / Q. \quad (2)$$

$$\rho = \frac{U}{I} = \frac{1}{2\pi L} \ln \frac{D}{d} \quad (3)$$

[2]

$$2 / ^2.$$

(32

$$L = tQ / \left(\frac{\pi D^2}{4} - \frac{\pi d^2}{4} / d \right). \quad (4)$$

$$S = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} - \frac{\pi d^2}{4}. \quad (5)$$

12

1.

2. "Calnetix" 200000
. 1 1700...2400 .

3.
: - 1 / ²; 0,0001 ³/_;
- 20 ; - 60 ;
- 12 ; - 0,04 / ; -
0,0025 ²; - 0,48...0,5 ; - 314 ;
- 0,0314 ²; - 100.....300 .

1. : « », 2001, 254 .

2. V « », 1975, 3 84 .

3. ;- . : 1 , 1985, 296 ..