

**O'ZBEKISTON RESPUBLIKASI XALQ TA'LIMI VAZIRLIGI
NAVOIY DAVLAT PEDAGOGIKA INSTITUTI**

XORIJIY TILLAR FAKULTETI

CHET TILLAR KAFEDRASI

Pirmanova Gavhar

Active voice

II—kurs talabalari uchun amaliy dars ishlanmasi

Navoiy—2011

I. The theme of the lesson: Passive voice, Present Indefinite. Text: Preservation of the Environment.

II. The aim of the lesson:

to develop students' phonetic, lexical and oral drills.

III. The equipment of the lesson:

cards, pictures and books.

IV. The beginning of the lesson:

- a) greeting.
- b) to discuss the theme

V. The main part of the lesson:

The passive voice (Majhul nisbat) Present Indefinite Passive.

Hozirgi Noaniq zamon majhullik nisbati to be fe'lining hozirgi zamon shakli va asosiy fe'ning uchinch shaklidan yasaladi.

I am always invited to the meetings of the English club.

Bu nisbatning so'roq formasi to be fe'lini egadan oldin qo'yish yo'li bilan yasaladi.

Is English taught in all classes in your school?

Present Indefinite Passivening bo'lishsiz shaklini yasash uchun to be fe'lidan kyein not inkor yuklamasi ishlatiladi:

This road is not used so often.

Preservation of the Environment

The 20th century is a century of great achievements in all fields. But at present there are many problems that must be solved. One of them is protection of the environment. Many countries all over the world face this problem.

The Uzbek Republic is rich in various natural resources, but they are not always used in the proper ways. We must protect our environment from destruction. That is why we must fight against pollution of our rivers, lakes and seas. We must preserve our forests and our rare animals. Being a developed industrial state, Uzbekistan has a lot of plants and factories in various cities. Their production is very important, but their smoke is harmful to people's health and pollutes the air. Now the suggestion is to build industrial enterprises outside cities, in their suburbs. This will help to keep the air of the cities clear and fresh, but may begin polluting the cleaner areas of Uzbekistan.

The protection of the environment is an international problem too. Scientists and people all over the world must preserve the earth for nature generations.

People need the environment more than they often know. They need trees and plants to provide the oxygen that humans need to breathe. They need clean water to drink and to grow the food they eat. They need clean land without chemicals and trash so that their food will be safe to eat. Whatever we put into our environment, into the air, into the water or into the ground, changes how safe that air, water or ground will be for humans to use later. The land, the water and the air belong to everyone, so it is important that everyone take care of the environment well, because even one bad action can affect the health of everyone everywhere.

We must preserve it for future generations.

We must remember that the power of man to conquer nature is unlimited indeed. We must preserve our environment because it is nature that provides us with everything we need for our existence.

Comprehension Questions

1. Why is it important to protect the environment?
2. What environmental problems are there?
3. Where does air pollution come from?
4. Why does everyone need to be concerned about the environment?

Discussion Questions

1. What is "the environment"?
2. What kinds of pollution are there? Where do you see pollution?
3. What parts of the environment would you miss if they were gone? Why?
4. If "the power of man to conquer nature is unlimited," why should we not do that?
5. What can you do in your community to improve the environment? What can you do with your family? With your class? By yourself?

Past Indefinite Passive(O'tgan noaniq zamon majhullik nisbati) to be yordamchi fe'lining o'tgan zamon shakli va asosiy fe'lining uchinchi shaklidan yasaladi.

The exhibition was opened yesterday.

We were given a new time table.

So'roq formasini yasash uchun yordamchi fe'lni egadan oldinga o'tkazamiz:

When was this monument built?

Bo'lishsiz formani yasash uchun not inkor yuklamasini to be yordamchi fe'lidan kyein qo'yamiz.

We were not told that he was ill.

Amir Temur

In the middle of the 14th century, a fight for independence against the Mongol empire which had begun in Horoson reached Movorounnahr. The main reason for the fate of the Mongol empire was the Central Asian people's fight for their freedom. In this fight the great leader and military strategist Amir Temur made his contribution. He spent his

whole life fighting against oppression, ending the battles between the Khans and Beks and establishing a strong centralized state His name was known not only in Turon but all over the world. He became a famous statesman and great military leader of the Uzbek people. Amir Temur was born on April 9, 1336 in the village of Ho'jailg'or near Shahrisabz. .

As his father was a rich man, he had many servants When he was 12 years old he began to rule over them. He knew how to protect the property horseman and he knew military affairs very well. During one of the battles his leg and hand were injured. His hand soon fully recovered but his leg remained lame.

In Europe he was called Tamerlane, His knowledge of geography, medicine, history and astronomy always astonished scholars.

Comprehension Questions

1. Tell about Amir Temur's family and his birth.
2. What were his strengths?
3. Against whom did he fight for the independence of his land?
4. By what name is Amir Temur known in Europe?
5. What handicap did Temur have?
- 6.

Discussion Questions

- 7.
1. How do you think Amir Temur's childhood affected his later life?
2. Tell about Amir Temur's character. How would you like to be like him? How do you not want to be like him?
3. Temur was lame in one leg. How do you think that affected his life? Do you know anyone with physical handicaps? How does it affect their life?