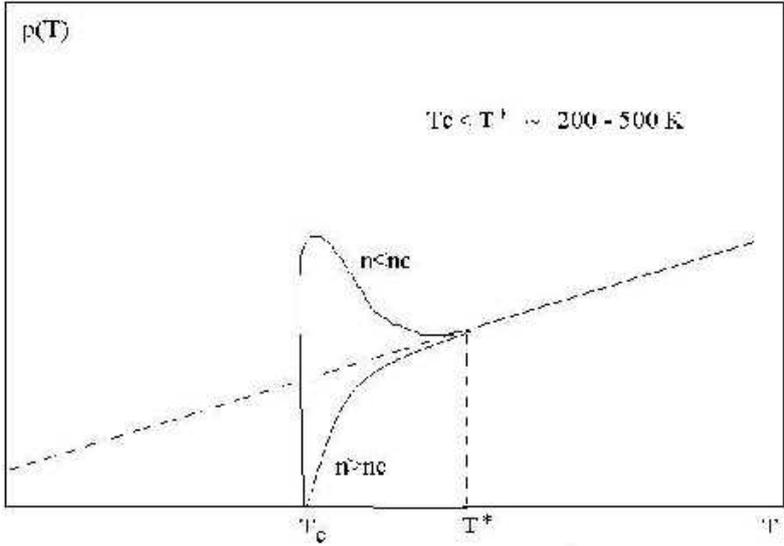


...

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“

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_____ 20_____

:

. .
. .

I.	5
	5
	5
	6
	7
II.	9
	9
	10
	11
	12
III.	15
	18
A.	18
B.	-	21
	23

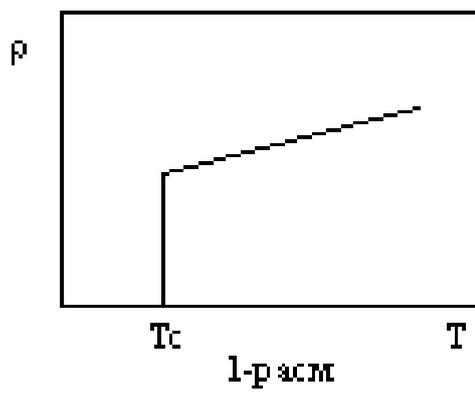
1991

(Hg₍₈₀₎)

4°K

(1-)

T_c



Металл	T_c
Cd	0.56
Al	1.2
Sn	3.75
Pb	7.22

1- ж а д в а л

(>450)

1-

(

)

1933

340, 370 Å

Al, Sn, Pb 160,

$$L(T) = L(0)\sqrt{1 - (T/T_c)^4} \quad (1)$$

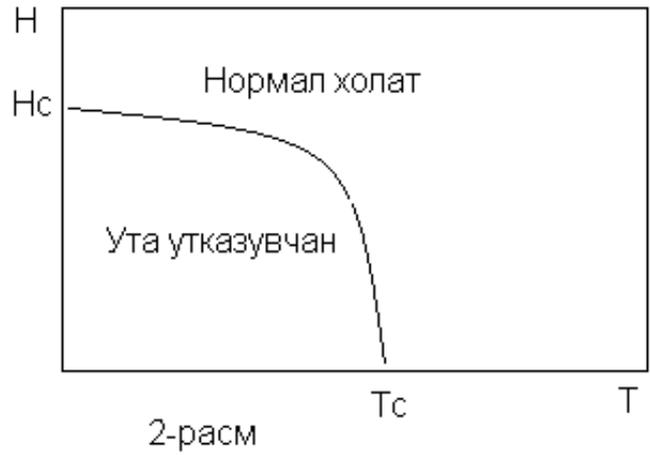
$\ll H_c$, $(H$
 T $(H=0$

) -

H_c

, $H > H_c$

, $H < H_c$



$$H_c(T) = H_c(0)[1 - (T/T_c)^2] \quad (2)$$

1950

$M ()$
 T_c

$$T_c = \frac{const}{M^r} \quad (3)$$

$\alpha \sim 0.5$.
 $\sim 0.46-0.5$, $\alpha \sim 0.5-0.62$, $\alpha \sim 0.4$, $\alpha \sim 0.5$.
 “ ”
 - , 1950
 ()
 Ru, Mo, Nb₃Sn, Os)
 ,
 .

$$C_{es}(T < T_c).$$

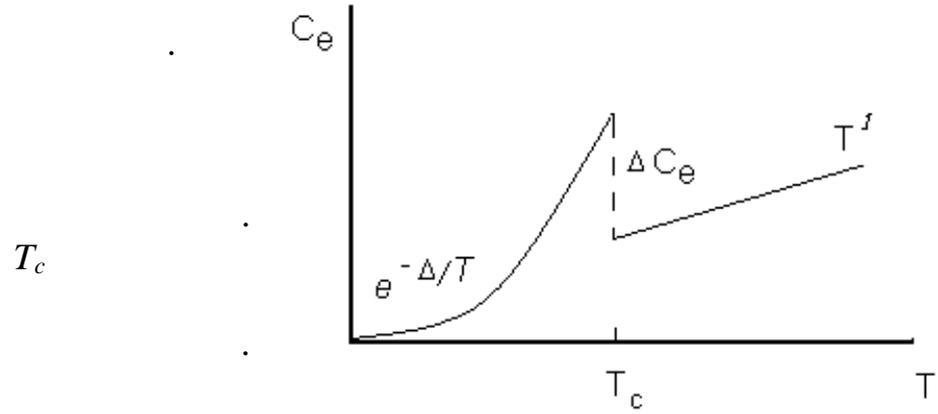
$C = bT^3$
 bT^3
 $T \rightarrow 0$ (,)
 (3-)

$$\frac{C_{es}(T)}{\chi T_c} = a e^{-\frac{\Delta}{T}} \quad (4)$$

$$(4)$$

$T \in 0$

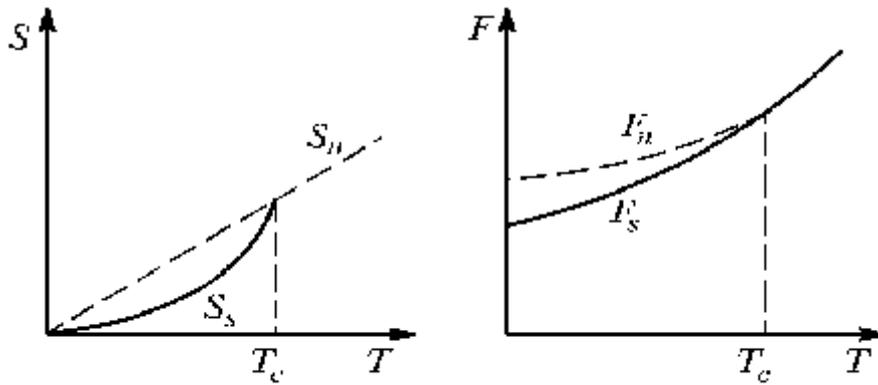
$\Delta -$



3 - расм

$$C_{es} - C_{en} = 2.5 \times T_c \quad (5)$$

4-



4 - расм

2-

1957
46
1938
1941
 $\varepsilon(p)$
 p
 $\lim_{p \rightarrow 0} \varepsilon(p)/p$
 $\min \frac{V(p)}{p} = V_c > 0$ (6)

$\varepsilon(p) = \text{const} ; p$
 $\varepsilon(p) = p^2/2m$
(6) $V () , V < V_c$
 $\lim_{p \rightarrow 0} \varepsilon(p)/p$

() ,

$$V > V_c$$

$$v(p) = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}(p^2 - p_F^2) + \Delta^2} \quad (7)$$

(6)

$$V_c = \min \varepsilon(p)/p = U/p_F > 0.$$

(6)

!.

(-

),

!.

$$T_c \sim M^{-1/2}$$

1950

: “

(),
 ().

$$\begin{aligned}
 & U \quad (3d) \\
 & U < U \quad U \\
 (1d) \quad & U = 0. \quad (2d)
 \end{aligned}$$

1956

$$\varepsilon = p^2/2m, \quad \varepsilon_F$$

$$E = -2\hbar\check{S}_D e^{-2/N(v_F)U} = -2\hbar\check{S}_D e^{-2/\lambda}, \quad \lambda = N(v_F)U \quad (8)$$

$$(8) \quad (\lambda \rightarrow 0) \quad \lambda \quad E > 0 \quad \xi$$

$$H = 2 \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \langle_{\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} a_{\mathbf{k}} - V \sum_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} a_{-\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} a_{-\mathbf{k}} a_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \quad (9)$$

$$\langle_{\mathbf{k}} = v_{\mathbf{k}} - v_F, \quad v_{\mathbf{k}} = \hbar^2 k^2 / 2m - \epsilon_F - \dots$$

$$v_F + \tilde{S}_D < v_{\mathbf{k}} < v_F + \tilde{S}_D \quad (10)$$

“ u-v ” , $a_{\mathbf{k}} = \dots$ ($\gamma_{\mathbf{k}}$)

$$a_{\mathbf{k}} = u_{\mathbf{k}} \gamma_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{\mathbf{k}} \gamma_{-\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}, \quad a_{-\mathbf{k}} = u_{\mathbf{k}} \gamma_{-\mathbf{k}} - v_{\mathbf{k}} \gamma_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}, \quad (11)$$

(9)

$$H_D = 2 \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \langle_{\mathbf{k}} (u_{\mathbf{k}}^2 \chi_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \chi_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{\mathbf{k}}^2 \chi_{-\mathbf{k}} \chi_{-\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}) - \Delta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} u_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} (\chi_{-\mathbf{k}} \chi_{-\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \chi_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \chi_{\mathbf{k}}) \rangle \quad (12)$$

. (12)

$$E(T) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (\langle n_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle - E_{\mathbf{k}}) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} E_{\mathbf{k}} (f_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{-\mathbf{k}}) + \frac{\Delta^2(T)}{V} \quad (13)$$

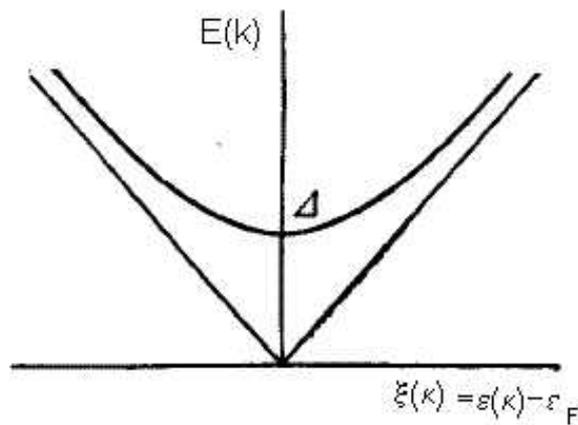
$$f_{\mathbf{k}} = f_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\exp(E_{\mathbf{k}} / k_B T) + 1} \quad (14)$$

(μ - ,) .

$$\xi_{\mathbf{k}} = \varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}} - \varepsilon_F, \quad \varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\hbar^2 \mathbf{k}^2}{2m} \quad -$$

$$E_{\mathbf{k}}(T) = \sqrt{\xi_{\mathbf{k}}^2 + \Delta^2(T)} \quad (15)$$

$$U(T) - \quad (15)$$

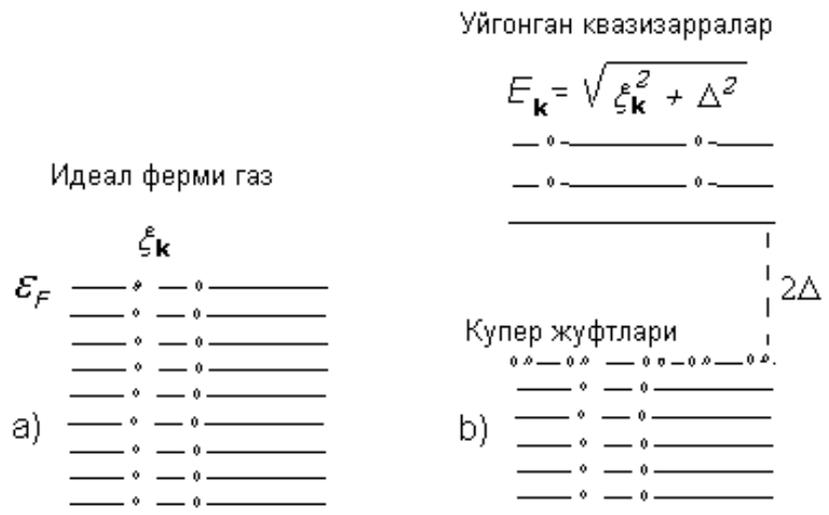


$\omega > 2U(T)$, $2U(T)$ () ,

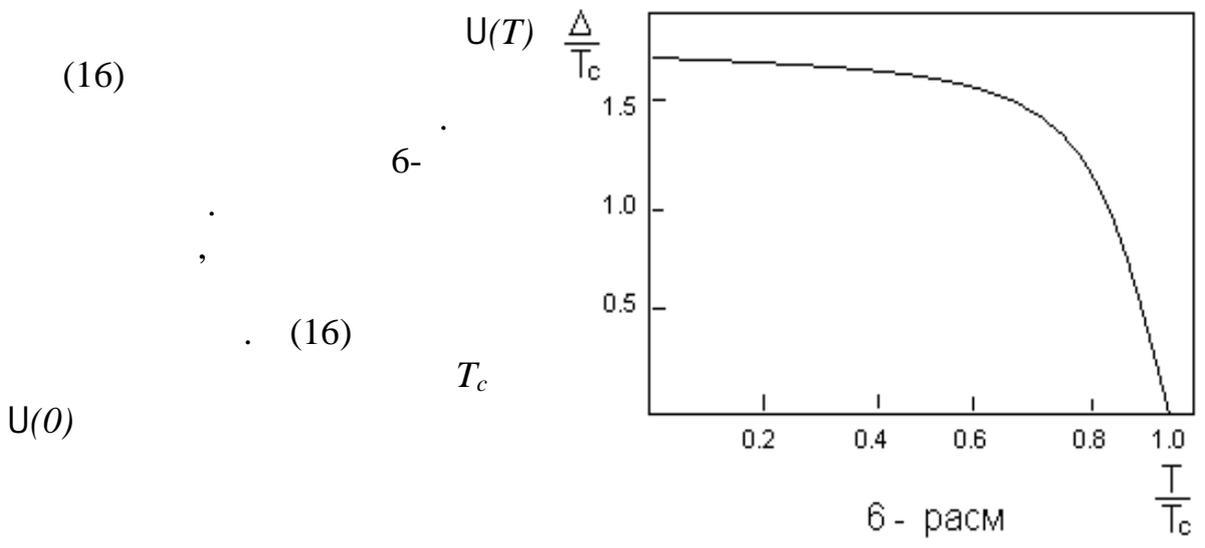
(14) $U = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \dots$ (15)

$$\frac{1}{V} = - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{th(E_{\mathbf{k}}/2T)}{2E_{\mathbf{k}}} \quad (16)$$

(14-16)) (



5 - расм



$$\Delta(0) = 2\hbar\tilde{S}_D e^{-2/\lambda}, \quad \rho = N(v_F)V \quad (17)$$

$$T_c = 2\hbar\tilde{S}_D (1.78/f) e^{-2/\lambda} \quad (18)$$

$$\Delta(0) = 1.76T_c \quad (19)$$

$$T_c = \frac{U(0)}{k_B} \quad (19)$$

$$C_{es}(T) = dE(T)/dT \quad (13)$$

$$\frac{C_{es}(T)}{C_n(T_c)} = (3/1.78) \sqrt{\frac{2}{f}} \left(\frac{\Delta(0)}{k_B T} \right)^{3/2} e^{-\Delta(0)/k_B T} \quad (20)$$

(4)

(1-5)

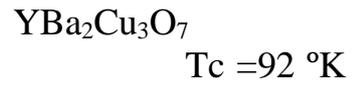
1911-

(, ,)
 Nb₃Ge , Tc = 23.2 °K

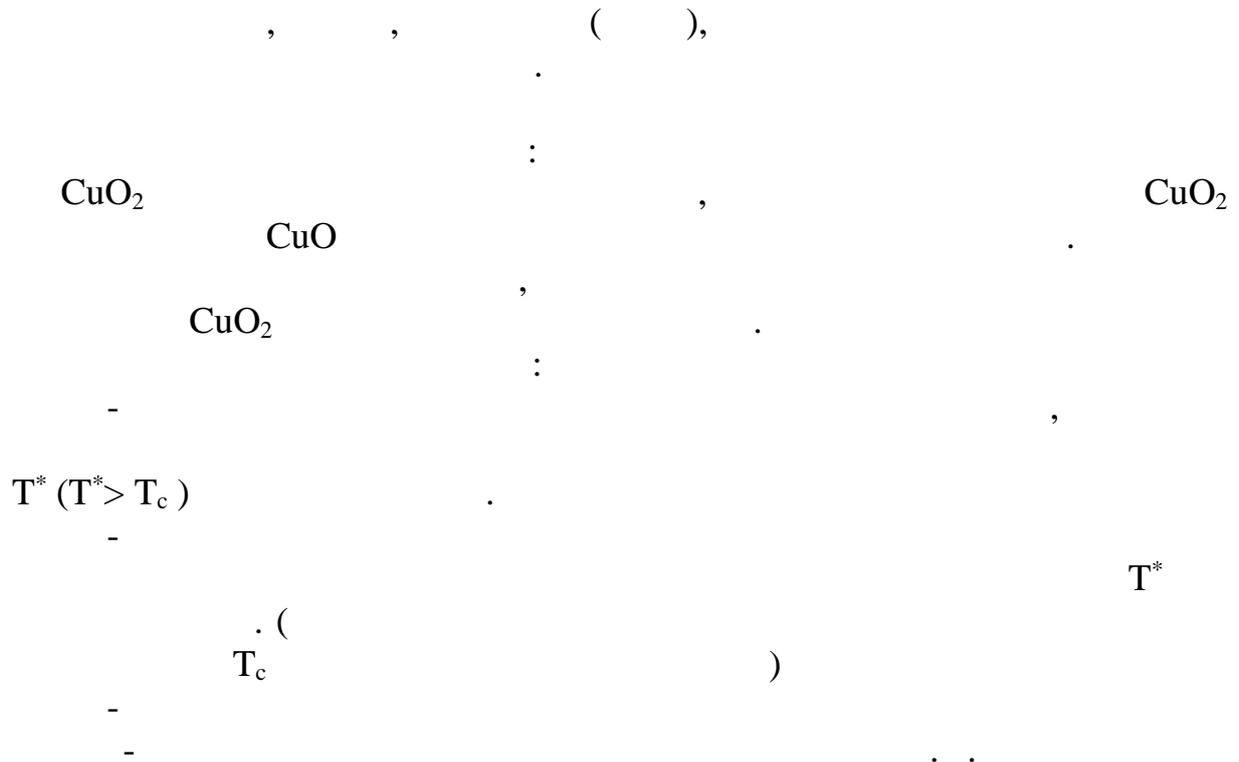
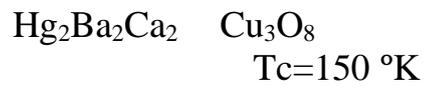
1986 -

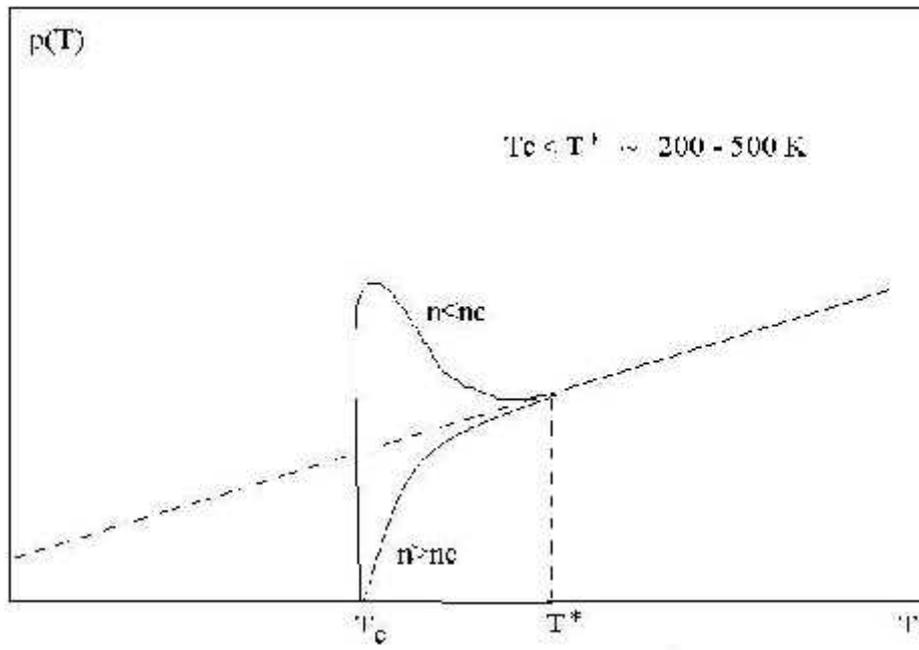
1986 - La_{1.35}Ba_{0.15}CuO₄
 Tc = 35 °K
 ()

100 °K



Al	Sn	Hg	Pb	Nb	Nb ₃ Sn	Nb ₃ Ge	La _{1.83} Sr _{0.17} Sr _{0.17}	YBa ₂ Cur ₃ O ₇
1.2	3.8	4.16	7.2	7.78	18	23.2	37	92 (°K)





A.

$$E_F = \frac{\hbar^2 k_F^2}{2m} \quad (A1)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(r_1, r_2) = \mathbb{E}(r_1 - r_2) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g(\mathbf{k}) e^{-i\mathbf{k}(r_1 - r_2)}, \quad (A1)$$

$$g(\mathbf{k}) = 0 \quad k < k_F \quad (A2)$$

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} (\nabla_1^2 + \nabla_2^2) \mathbb{E}(r_1, r_2) + V(r_1, r_2) \mathbb{E} = \left(E + 2 \frac{\hbar^2 k_F^2}{2m} \right) \mathbb{E} = \left(E + \frac{\hbar^2 k_F^2}{m} \right) \mathbb{E}(r_1, r_2) \quad (A3)$$

$$E - \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{m} g(\mathbf{k}) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} g(\mathbf{k}') = (E + 2E_F) g(\mathbf{k}) \quad (A4)$$

$$V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} = \frac{1}{L^3} \int V(\mathbf{r}) e^{i(\mathbf{k}-\mathbf{k}')\mathbf{r}} d^3 r$$

$$\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}' \in \frac{\pi}{L} \mathbb{Z}^3, \quad \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2, \quad L^3 - V < 0, \quad E < 2E_F, \quad (A4)$$

$$V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} = -\frac{V}{L^3}, \quad \frac{\hbar^2 k'^2}{2m}, \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m} < E_F + \hbar\check{S}_D, \quad V_{\mathbf{k}\mathbf{k}'} = 0 \quad (A5)$$

$$- \quad E_F + w_D \quad (A4)$$

$$\left(-\frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{m} + E + 2E_F \right) g(\mathbf{k}) = C \quad (A6)$$

, C, \mathbf{k} :

$$C = -\frac{V}{L^3} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} g(\mathbf{k}'), \quad E_F < \frac{\hbar^2 k'^2}{2m} < E_F + \hbar\check{S}_D \quad (A7)$$

(A6) (A7),

$$1 = \frac{V}{L^3} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \frac{1}{-E + \frac{\hbar^2 k'^2}{m} - 2E_F}, \quad E_F < \frac{\hbar^2 k'^2}{2m} < E_F + \hbar\check{S}_D \quad (A8)$$

$$\epsilon' = \frac{\hbar^2 k'^2}{2m} - E_F \quad (\text{A9})$$

$$N(\epsilon') = \frac{4fk'^2}{(2f)^3} \frac{dk'}{d\epsilon'}$$

(A8)

$$1 = V \int_0^{\hbar\tilde{S}_D} N(\epsilon') \frac{d\epsilon'}{2\epsilon' - E} \quad (\text{A10})$$

, $E_F \gg w_D$, $N(\xi')$

(A10)

$$1 = \frac{NV}{2} \ln\left(\frac{E - 2\hbar\tilde{S}_D}{E}\right), \quad (\text{A11})$$

$$NV \ll 1$$

$$E = -2\hbar\tilde{S}_D e^{-\frac{2}{NV}} \quad (\text{A12})$$

, $E < 0$, $E_F + w_D$,

(A12)

(

).

II

T_c

B. -

$$n_{v_k} = \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{v_k - \tilde{\mu}}{k_b T}\right) - 1} = \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\hbar^2 k^2 / 2m - \tilde{\mu}}{k_b T}\right) - 1} \quad (\text{B1})$$

k n_k ϵ_k μ $v_k = 0$ $k = 0$ $n_k < 0$ n_k μ n T

$$n = \frac{N}{V} = \frac{1}{2f^2} \int_0^\infty k^2 dk \frac{1}{e^{\frac{v_k - \tilde{\mu}}{k_b T}} - 1} \quad (\text{B2})$$

$$T_0 \quad \tilde{\mu} = 0 \quad T_0 \quad (\text{B2})$$

$$n = \frac{1}{2f^2} \frac{\sqrt{2m}^{3/2}}{\hbar^3} \int_0^\infty \frac{v^{1/2} dv}{e^{\frac{v - \tilde{\mu}}{k_b T_0}} - 1} \quad (\text{B3})$$

T_0

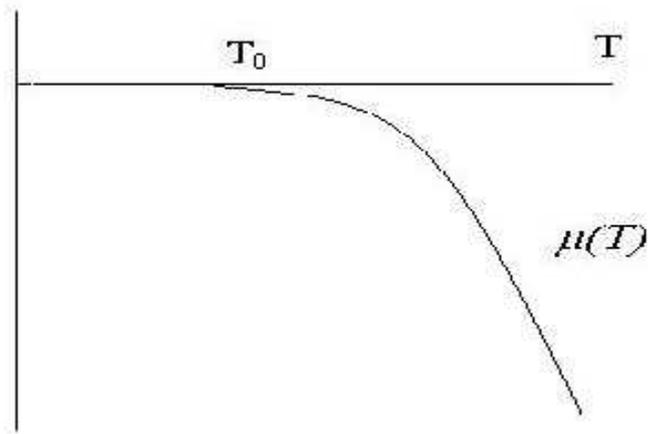
$$k T_0 = \frac{3.31 \hbar^2 n^{2/3}}{m} \quad (\text{B4})$$

, n

T_0

$\sim(T)$

(B2)



$T < T_0 \quad \sim = 0$

$$n_k = \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{v_k}{k T}\right) - 1} = \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\hbar^2 k^2 / 2m}{k T}\right) - 1}, \quad T < T_0 \quad (\text{B5})$$

, $T < T_0$

$k=0$

()

n_0 “ ∞ ”

“!

$n_{k=0} = \infty$.

$T < T_0$

T_0

$s=1/2$

$T=0$

, 1962

, 1958

, 1968

, 1969

, 1976

, 1978

, 1965

Cooper L.N., Phys.Rev., **104.**, 1189. (1956)

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