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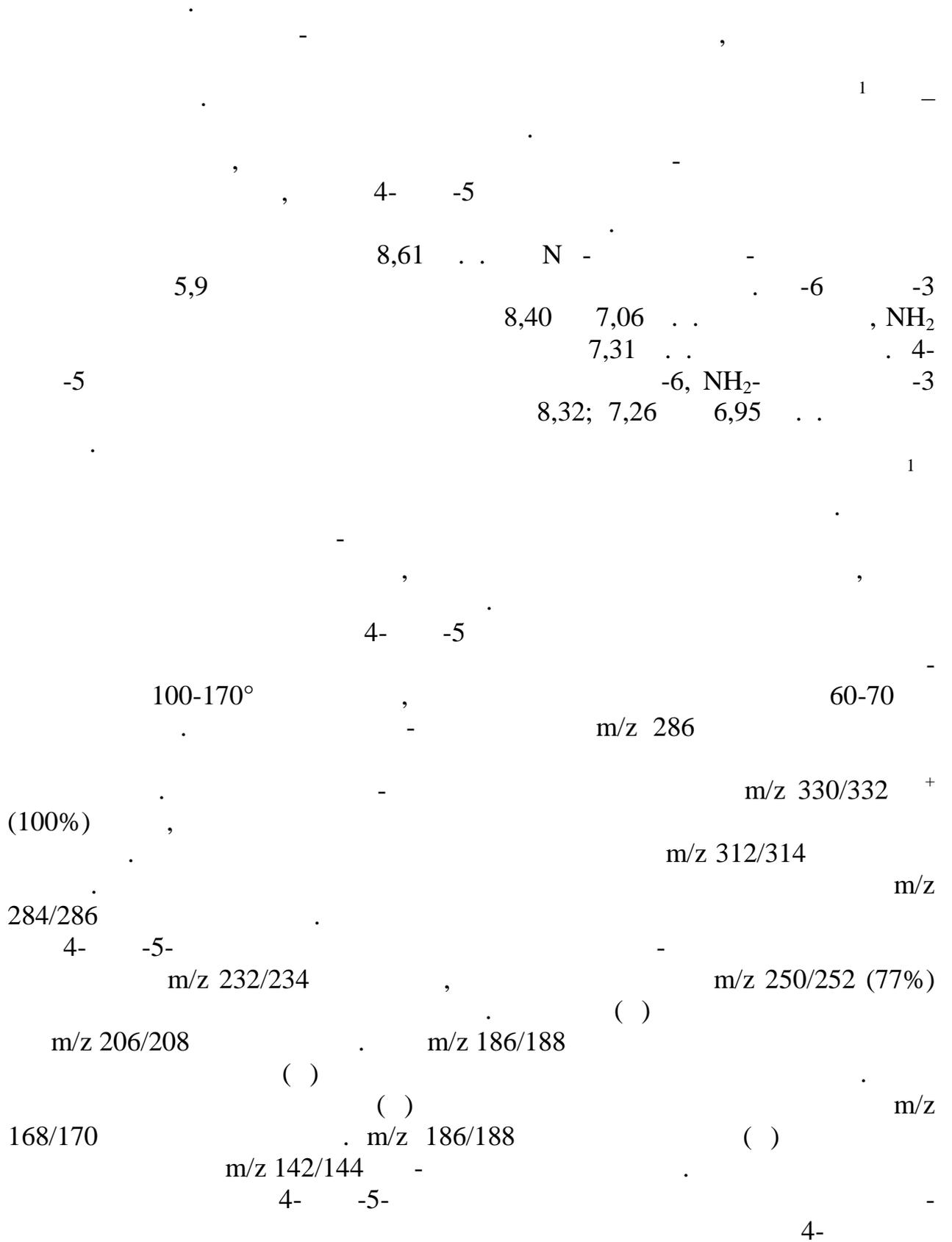
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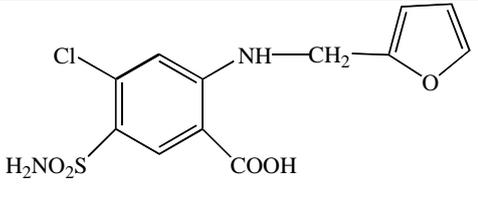
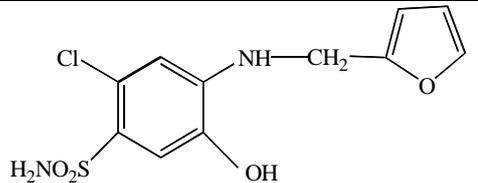
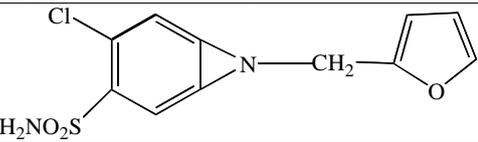
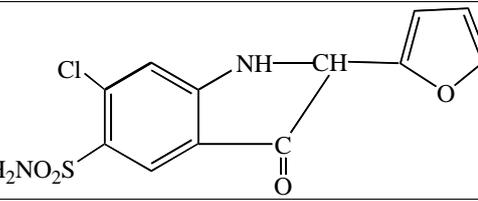
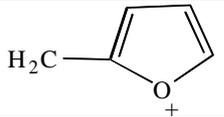
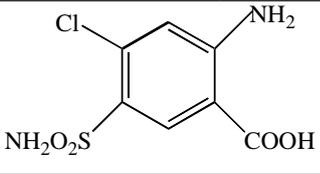
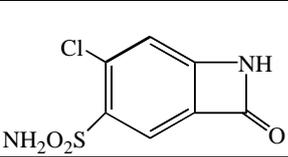
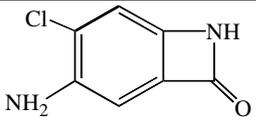
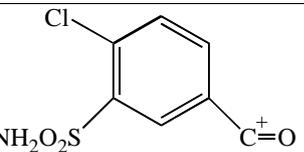


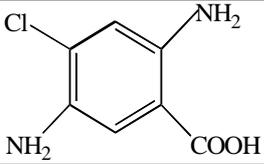
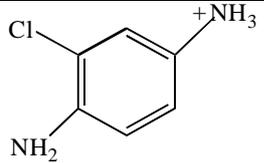
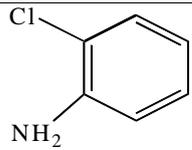
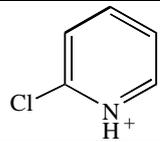
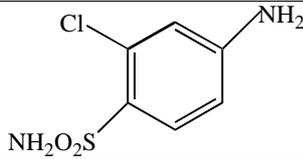
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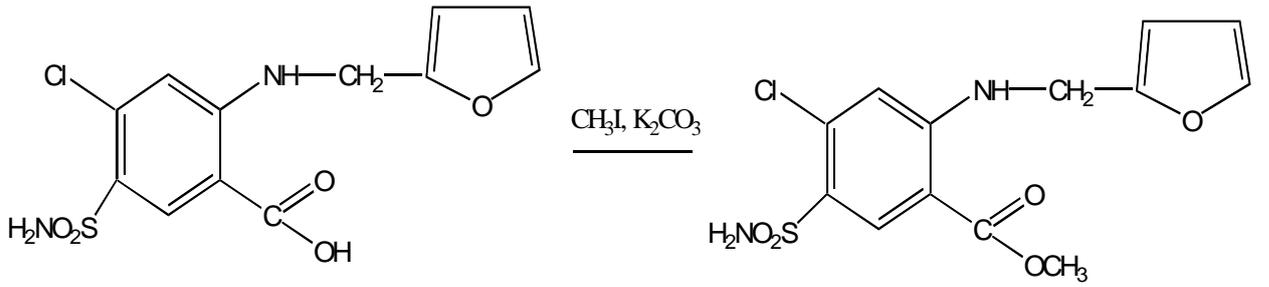
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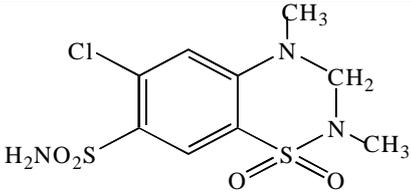
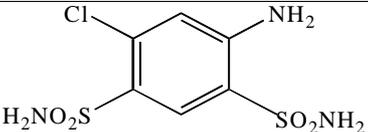
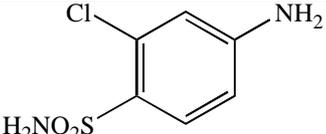
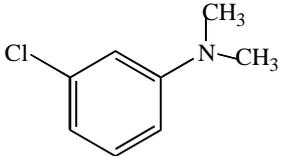
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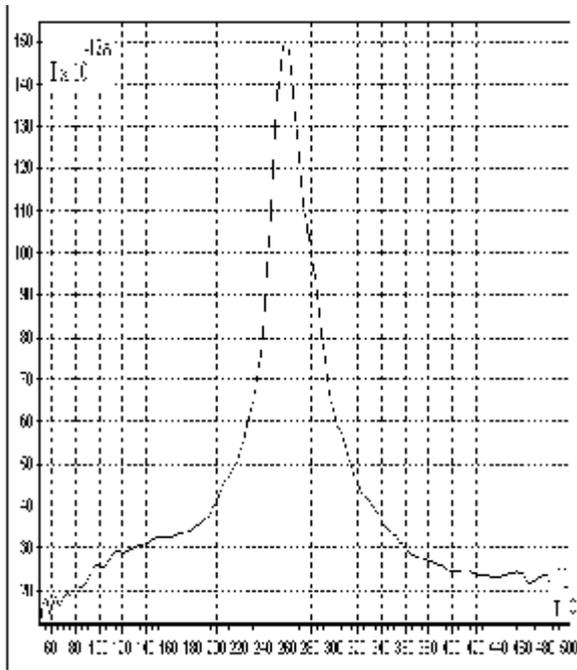
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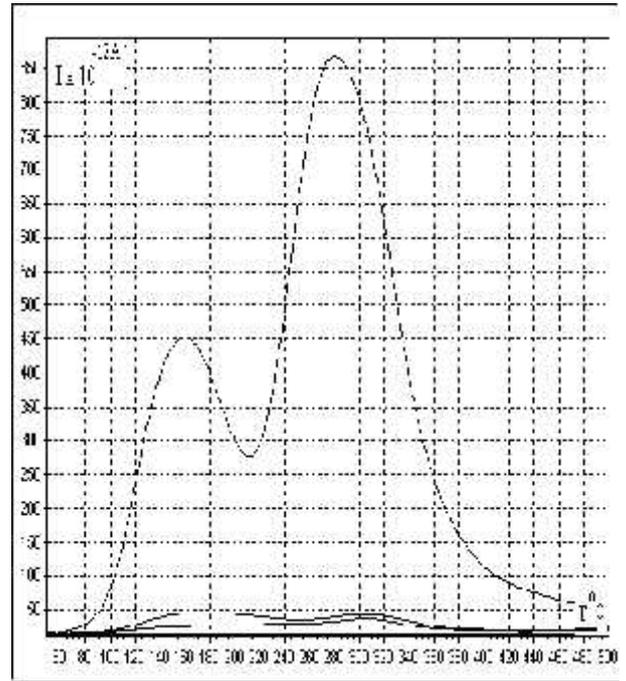
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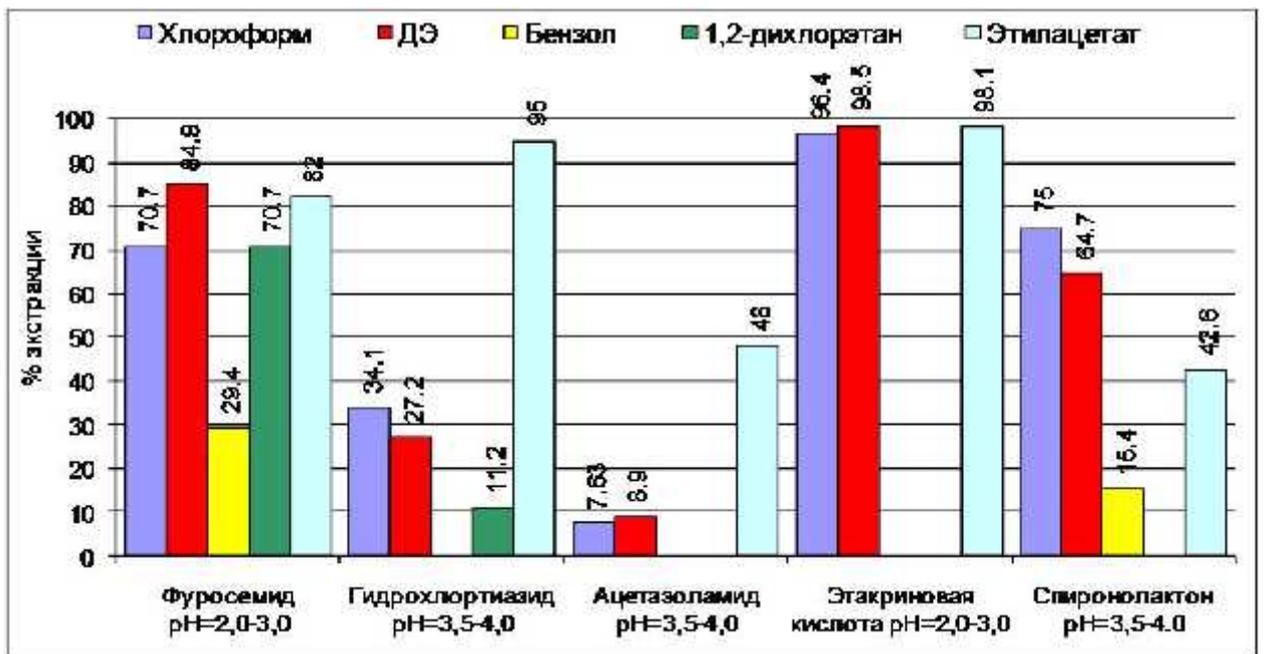
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		3,0 – 4,0	41,0 – 43,9	55,0 – 56,6	45,0 – 47,9
		2,0 – 3,0	84,5 – 85,8	67,5 – 70,0	65,5 – 67,8
4-	-5-	2,0 – 3,0	60,3 – 65,1	50,9 – 54,5	46,3 – 48,1
		8,0 – 9,0	59,2 – 61,7	66,3 – 68,4	64,4 – 66,2
		2,0 – 3,0	72,5 – 74,4	80,6 – 81,7	67,5 – 69,4
		3,5 – 4,0	52,6 – 54,8	57,1 – 58,5	48,0 – 50,6

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	5	2,67 –2,85	55,6 –57,0	$\bar{x}=55,16; S^2=2,54;$ $S=1,59; S_x=0,71;$ $E=16,9% \quad E_x=7,55%$
	10	4,32 –4,45	43,2 –44,5	$\bar{x}=43,28; S^2=0,74;$ $S=0,86; S_x=0,385;$ $E=5,53% \quad E_x=2,42%$
	5	3,4 –3,5	68,5 –70,0	$\bar{x}=68,7; S^2=1,70;$ $S=1,30; S_x=0,58;$ $E=11,08%; E_x=4,95%;$
4- -5-	5	2,42–2,76	48,4– 55,3	$\bar{x}=51,46; S^2=8,65;$ $S=2,94; S_x=1,31;$ $E=26,9% \quad E_x=10,55%$
	5	2,68-2,75	53,6 –55,3	$\bar{x}=54,26; S^2=0,43;$ $S=0,66; S_x=0,29;$ $E=7,12% \quad E_x=3,18%$
	5	2,46–2,57	49,3- 51,4	$\bar{x}=50,29; S^2=0,62;$ $S=0,79; S_x=0,35;$ $E=9,18% \quad E_x=4,10%$

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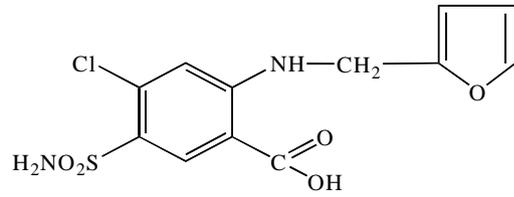
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10	3,71	37,15	1,67	33,54	3,32	33,18	1,64	16,45
15	1,95	19,58	0,87	17,28	2,47	24,74	0,96	9,58
40	0,74	7,42	0,28	5,74	1,05	10,46	-	-
90	5,49	54,9	2,61	52,2	7,01	70,1	2,79	27,9
180	3,86	38,6	1,72	34,5	4,23	42,3	2,01	20,1
365	2,58	25,8	1,08	21,6	2,14	21,42	1,46	14,6

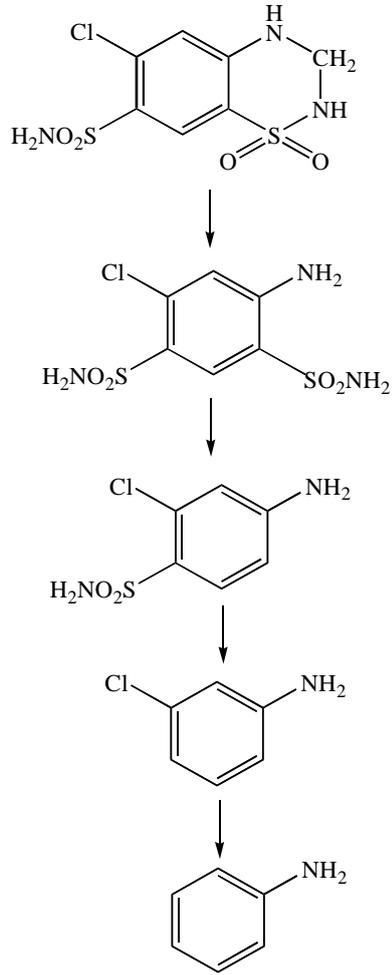
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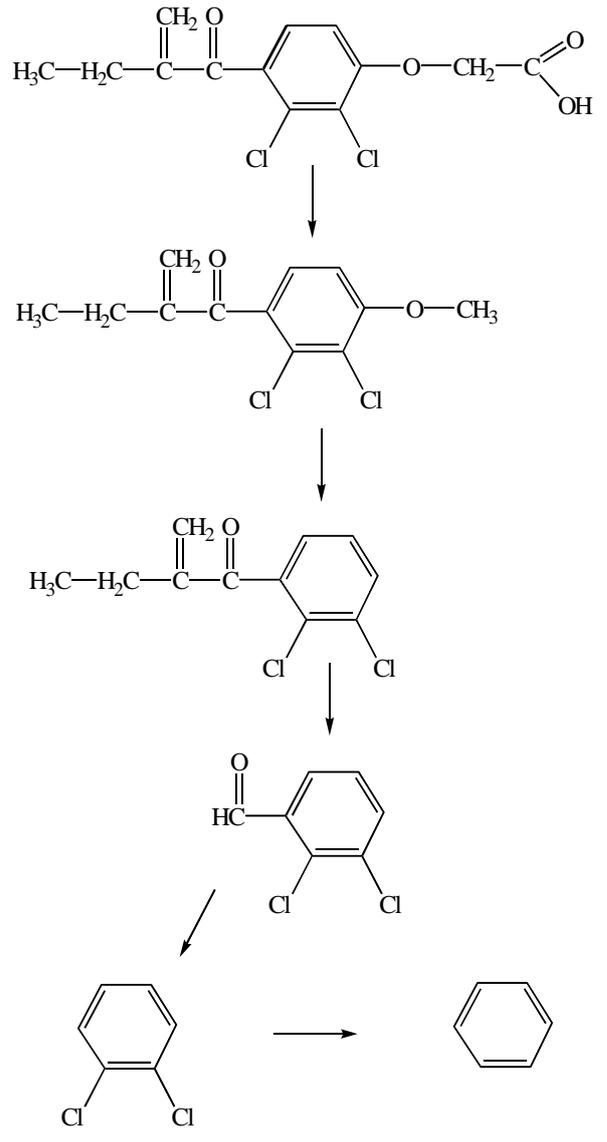
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5	NH =	1	- 359	- 359
6	=	1	- 420	- 420
7	HO =O	1	- 139	- 139
8	H H	1	- 578	-578
9	H = ( ) O	2	- 481	- 962
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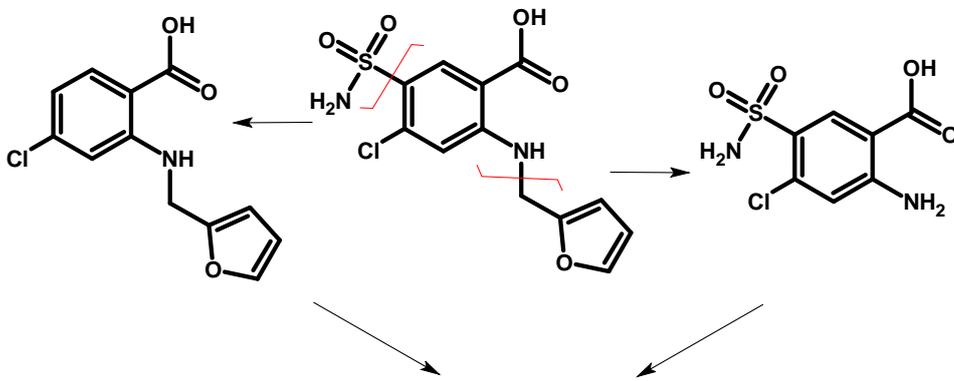
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## RESUME

Thesis of Madina Ilyasovna Alikhodjaeva on the scientific degree competition of the doctor of pharmaceutical sciences in speciality 15.00.02-pharmaceutical chemistry and pharmacognosy; subject “Chemico-toxicological study of diuretics”

**Key words:** diuretics, acetazolamide, hydrochlorothiazide, ethacrynic acid, spironolacton, furosemide, 4-chlor-5-sulfamoilanthranlyic acid, triamterene, adelphan-ezidrex, chemico-toxicological analysis, isolation from biological matrices, TLC, UV, IR-spectrophotometry, mass- and MMR-spectoscopy, GC-MS, thermodynamic methods, extraction, metabolism, metabolites, biological liquids (blood, urine, stomach water).

**Subjects of the inquiry:** acetazolamide, hydrochlorothiazide, ethacrynic acid, spironolacton, furosemide, 4-chlor-5-sulfamoilanthranlyic acid, triamterene, adelphan-ezidrex, biological matrices or subjects (liver, kidneys, stomach with contents, etc.) and biological liquids (blood, urine, stomach water).

**Aims of the inquiry:** development of scientifically motivated and methodological approach to chemico-toxicological study and diuretics quality control and obtained results adoption in practical medicine of the Republic of Uzbekistan

**Method of inquiry:** isolation of diuretics (acetazolamide, hydrochlorothiazide, ethacrynic acid, spironolacton, furosemide, 4-chlor-5-sulfamoylanthranilic acid, triamterene, adelphan-ezidrex) from different matrices and TLC, UV-, IR-spectrophotometry, mass- and NMR- spectroscopy, TDSIS, HPLC, GLC, GC-MS, thermal methods.

**The results achieved and their novelty:** the sensitive and selective methods for diuretics analysis have been developed and recommended. They allow detecting and determining them in different subjects. The elaborated techniques were given a trial on various biological matrices and in vivo experiments as well as in blood, urine tests at patients with cardial insufficiency.

**Practical value:** the developed techniques became a base for some methodical recommendations on isolation and assay of diuretics from biological liquids. Afterwards they were directed to forensic-chemical laboratories of the Republic of Uzbekistan and were introduced in the educational process at the chairs of the pharmaceutical and toxicological chemistry of the Tashkent Pharmaceutical Institute and Russian University of People's Friendship.

**Degree of embed and economic effectivity:** the developed methodical recommendations on diuretics analysis have been introduced in practice of the forensic-chemical departments under the Head Bureau for medico-legal examination of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the city of Tashkent and other regions. Usage of these techniques for analysis of diuretics in the biological liquids gives an opportunity of the above mentioned preparations rational application for treatment of the patients with chronic cardiac insufficiency and also for giving medical care while poisoning with them. The indicated methods reduce working time and expenditures for carrying out forensic-chemical and chemico-toxicological investigations on diuretics.

**Sphere of usage:** toxicological chemistry, forensic-chemical, criminalistic, control-analytical and also doping-control laboratories.