

OUTLINE:

Introduction

Ancient 7 wonders

The official new 7 wonders

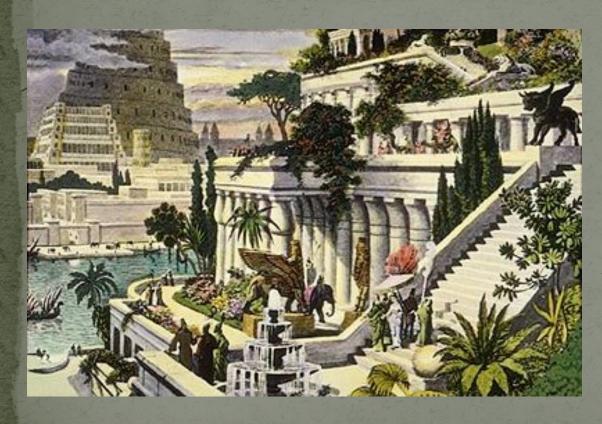
Conclusion

The Great Pyramid of Giza (Khufu's Pyramid and Pyramid of Cheops)

Constructed over a 20 year period concluding around 2560 BC
The Great
Pyramid was the tallest man-made structure in the world for over 3,800 years.

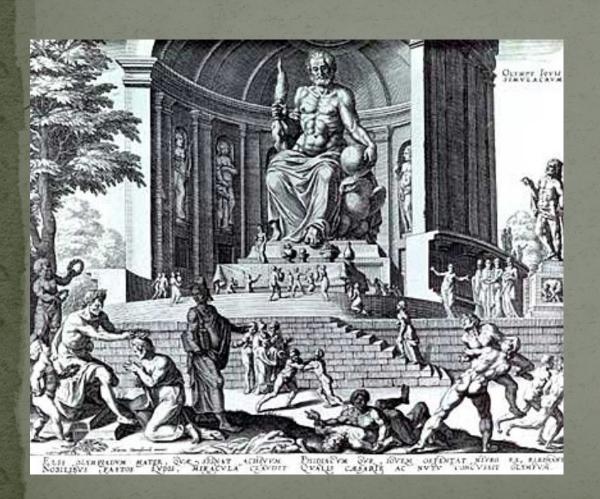


The Hanging Gardens of Babylon (the Hanging Gardens of The Sumerians)



They were built by Nebuchadnezzar II around 600 BC. He is reported to have constructed the gardens to please his wife, Amytis of Media, who longed for the trees and fragrant plants of her homeland Persia.

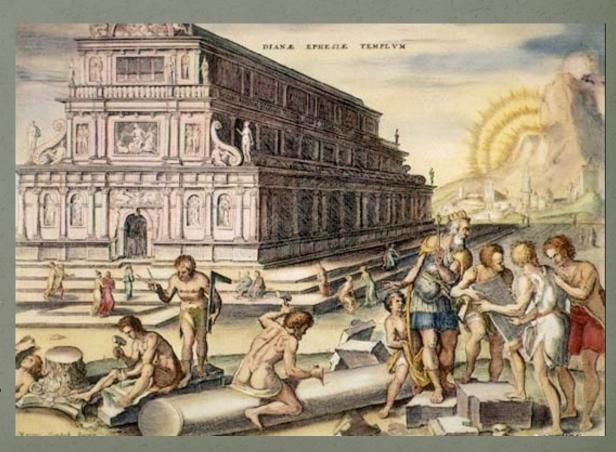
The Statue of Zeus at Olympia



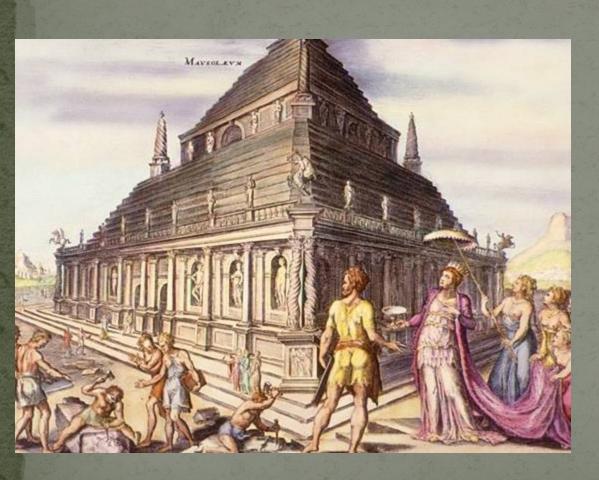
It was made by the Greek sculptor of the Classical period, Phidias in 432 BC

The Temple of Artemis

Was built in
550 BC at
Ephesus (in
present-day
Turkey) under
the Achaemenid
dynasty of the
Persian Empire.



The Tomb of Mausolus (Mausoleum at Halicarnassus)



Was a tomb built between 353 and 350 BC at Halicarnassus (present Bodrum, Turkey) The structure was designed by the **Greek architects** Satyrus and Pythius. It stood approximately 45 metres

The Colossus of Rhodes

It was a statue of the Greek god Helios, erected on the Greek island of Rhodes between 292 and 280 BC.



The lighthouse of Alexandria



was a tower built in the 3rd century BC (between 285 and 247 BC) on the island of Pharos in Alexandria, Egypt to serve as that port's landmark, and later, its lighthouse. With a height variously estimated at between 115 and 150 m

The official new 7 wonders



CHICHEN ITZA, MEXICO



CHRIST REDEEMER, BRASIL



COLOSSEUM, ITALY



TAJ MAHAL, INDIA



07.07.2007 LISR**®**NI OFFICIAL DECLARATION OF



GREAT WALL OF CHINA



PETRA, JORDAN



MACHU PICCHU, PERU

Christ Redeemer (1931) Rio de Janeiro, Brazil



This statue of Jesus stands some 38 meters tall, atop the Corcovado mountain overlooking Rio de Janeiro.

The Pyramid at Chichén Itzá (before 800 A.D.) Yucatan Peninsula, Mexico



Chichén Itzá, the most famous Mayan temple city, served as the political and economic center of the Mayan civilization.

The Roman Colosseum (70 - 82 A.D.) Rome, Italy



This great amphitheatre in the centre of Rome was built to give favours to successful legionnaires and to celebrate the glory of the Roman Empire.

The Taj Mahal (1630 A.D.) Agra, India



This immense mausoleum was built on the orders of Shah Jahan, the fifth Muslim Mogul emperor, to honour the memory of his beloved late wife.

The Great Wall of China (220 B.C and 1368 - 1644 A.D.)



The Great Wall of China was built to link existing fortifications into a united defence system and better keep invading Mongol tribes out of China.

Petra (9 B.C. - 40 A.D.), Jordan



On the edge of the Arabian Desert, Petra was the glittering capital of the Nabataean empire of King Aretas IV (9 B.C. to 40 A.D.).

Machu Picchu (1460-1470), Peru



In the 15th century, the Incan Emperor Pachacútec built a city in the clouds on the mountain known as Machu Picchu ("old mountain").

CONCLUSION:

The power of humanity is great.



Thanks for attention!!!