

Nukus State Pedagogikal Institute named after Ajiniyaz

The faculty of Primary education the 3-G for course Xudoybergenova Adolat "Self education tasks" in English 2015



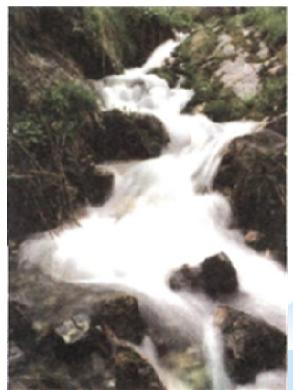




There is not any country in the world, which inhabitants are not involved in agriculture. Development of agriculture is one of the priority directions of economy for the Republic.

Due to natural and climate conditions of the Uzbekistan the development of various branches of its agriculture and cotton growing primarily are based on irrigation.









Cotton growing, alongside with rice growing gardening, grape growing, silk warm breeding, cattle breeding, vegetable and melon growing and others, is the leading branch of agricultural production in the Republic and all this provides the most effektive use of natural and climate environment, the accumulated production skills the experiense of people and the created means of production.

In our country growing a lot of vagetables and fruits









On the basis of cotton growing and the its affiliated branches of agriculture the following branches as mechanical engineering, production of mineral fertilizers, primary processing and reprocessing of agricultural products have developed.

Grain crops, mainly winter and spring wheat, are grown almost everywhere in the Republic.











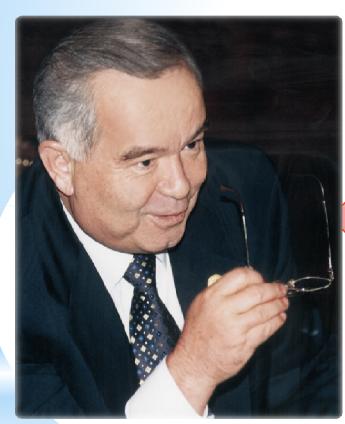
The social sphere is usually regarded as a whole complex of conditions of life activity.It implies a certain system of material and spiritual welfare guaranteed by the government. The system reflects the priorities of the state policy in the field of education heath care, pensions development of housing and municipal economy, art, culture and sport.



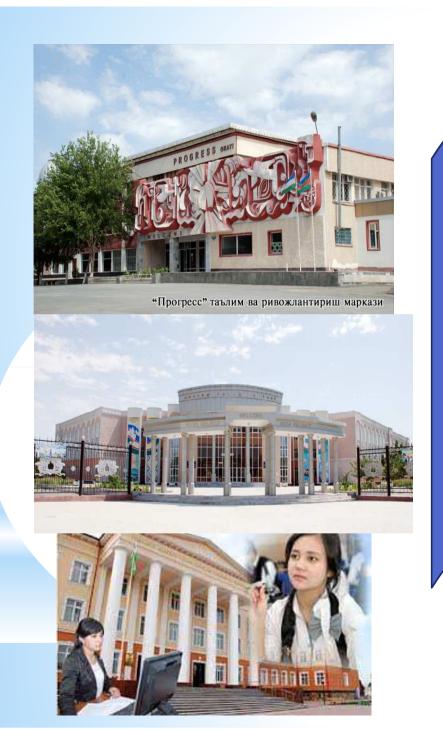


The Government of
Uzbekistan paid rapt
attention to the social
sphere from the first day
of its independence.





On April 14,1999 at the 14 th session of the Oliy Majilis of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Islam Karimov made his speech in which he defined the strategy in the development of Uzbekistan and pointed out the following priorities.



Educational establishments of a new type, such as professional collegs, lyceums, businees schools and academic lyceums are intensively being created.

All of us should realize that on spiritual revival of the nation preservation of traditions, development of culture and art, science and education depends on the situation in other spheres and how productive are reforms that we are conducting.

Islam Karimov



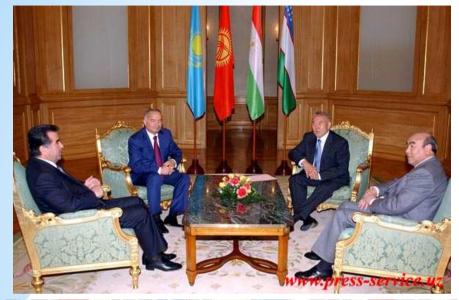






All mentioned above makes family one of the highest moral values of the state. That is why our State pays such a great attention to family life and protects it.







Every nation and state dreams of winning adequate recognition of world community. Uzbekistan has already become a full and equal member in this community and steadily moves along its own way of political and social-economic development.





Uzbekistan.Our country has become the member of the United Nations Organization and other prestigious international organizations.Embassies and councils from all the continents operate in our Republic.By the year 2000 diplomatic relations have set up with 120 countries.

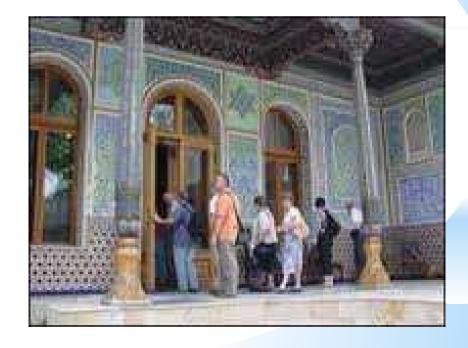
The list of countries that have signed trade economic relations with Uzbekistan is broadening.By 1998,the Republic had trade relations with 140 countries of the world. Among them are such partners as:the USA,the Republic of Korea, Great Britain, Switzerland, France, G ermany, Belgium, Italy, Japan, I ndia, China, Turkey and many others.



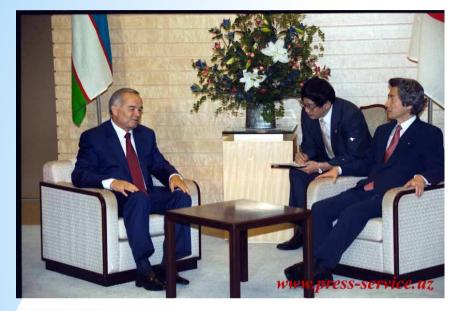


The Republic of Uzbekistan has splendid opportunities for developing international and regional tourism:its beneficial geographical location, faborable and diverse natural and climatic environment, worthly place in the history of civilization, invaluable historical architectural monuments.











Since Uzbekistan gained its independence many heads of governments from all parts of the worl visited our country to establish and strengthen bilateral and multilateral contracts, improving mutually beneficial coorperation.

Numerous meetings and contacts, on all the levels, from formal to informal ones, contacts with guests and tourists who had visited our sunny land, with representatives of business circles who made up their decisions to be our partners in economic and cultural building in the field of healthcare and sports showed that Uzbekistan with its industrial, scientific and cultural potential, with abundance of natural deposits of menerals and raw materials, in the opinion of the world community, is the country that solva the most difficult problems.











People of different nationalities, religions and professions, who visited our country, share their impressions. They are politicians, businessmen, scientists; cultural workers, ecclesiastics from all the parts of the world.





Tourists in

Uzbekistan

