

ANIQ FANLAR

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## QO'ZG'ALISHLI BA'ZI MODEL OPERATORLARINING DISKRET SPEKTRI

**Annotatsiya:** Mazkur ishda

$$H_{\mu\lambda} = H_0 - \mu V_1 - \lambda V_2, \quad \mu\lambda \geq 0,$$

ko'rinishdagi operatorlarning xos qiymatlari hamda ularning joylashgan o'rni tavsiflangan.

**Kalit so'zlar:** *Operator, tor, spektr, Veyl teoremasi, Hilbert fazosi.*

**Abstract:** In the present work, the number and location of discrete spectrum of model operators are studied.

$$H_{\mu\lambda} = H_0 - \mu V_1 - \lambda V_2, \quad \mu\lambda \geq 0,$$

**Key words:** *Operator, tor, spectrum, Veil's theorem, Hilbert space.*

**Аннотация:** В настоящей работе изучается число и местоположения собственных значений модельного оператора.

$$H_{\mu\lambda} = H_0 - \mu V_1 - \lambda V_2, \quad \mu\lambda \geq 0,$$

**Ключевые слова:** *Оператор, тор, спектр, теорема Вейля, Гильбертово пространство.*

$T = (-\pi; \pi]$  — bir o'lchamli tor bo'lsin. Eslatib o'tamizki, torda qo'shish va songa ko'paytirish amallari haqiqiy sonlarni  $2\pi$  modul bo'yicha qo'shish va songa ko'paytirish sifatida kiritiladi. [1].  $L^2(T)$  orqali  $T$  da aniqlangan, Haar ma'nosida o'lchovli va kvadrati bilan integrallanuvchi funksiyalarning Hilbert fazosi ni qaraymiz. Bu fazoda aniqlangan quydagi operatorni qaraymiz:

$$H_{\mu\lambda} = H_0 - \mu V_1 - \lambda V_2$$

Bunda  $\mu, \lambda \in R$  va  $H_0 - L^2(T)$  da  $\cos p$  funksiyaga ko'paytirish operatori

$$(H_0 f)(p) = \cos p f(p)$$

$V_1$  va  $V_2$  lar esa quydagi musbat operatorlar:

$$(V_1 f)(p) = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(q) dq, \quad (V_2 f)(p) = \cos p \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos q f(q) dq.$$

**Eslatma 1.**  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  operator  $L^2(T)$  da chiziqli, chegaralangan va o'z-o'ziga qo'shma operatoridir.

**2.** Muhim spektri haqidagi Veyl teoremasi [2] ga asosan  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  ning muhim spektri

$$\sigma_{ess}(H_{\mu\lambda}) = \sigma(H_0) = [-1, 1]$$

dan iborat.

**3.** Minimaks prinsipi [3] ga asosan  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  ning muhim spektrdan tashqarida ko'pi bilan 2 ta xos qiymati mavjud.

Quyidagi teoremlar mazkur ishning asosiy natijasidir.

**Teorema 1.** *a)  $H_{\mu 0}$   $\mu > 0$  va  $H_{0\lambda}$   $\lambda > 0$  operatorlar  $(-\infty; -1)$  da mos ravishda yagona  $E_1(\mu)$  va  $E_1(\lambda)$  xos qiymatlarga ega.*

*b)  $H_{\mu 0}$ ,  $\mu < 0$  va  $H_{0\lambda}$ ,  $\lambda < 0$  operatorlar  $(1; +\infty)$  da mos ravishda yagona  $E_2(\mu)$  va  $E_2(\lambda)$  xos qiymatlarga ega.*

Quyidagi to'plamlarni kiritamiz.

$$G_1^+ := \{ (\mu, \lambda) \in R^+ \times R^+ \mid 2\pi\mu\lambda - \mu - \lambda > 0 \}$$

$$G_2^+ := \{ (\mu, \lambda) \in R^+ \times R^+ \mid 2\pi\mu\lambda - \mu - \lambda < 0 \}$$

$$G_3^+ := \{ (\mu, \lambda) \in R^+ \times R^+ \mid 2\pi\mu\lambda - \mu - \lambda = 0 \}$$

$$G_1^- := \{ (\mu, \lambda) \in R^- \times R^- \mid -2\pi\mu\lambda - \mu - \lambda > 0 \}$$

$$G_2^- := \{ (\mu, \lambda) \in R^- \times R^- \mid -2\pi\mu\lambda - \mu - \lambda < 0 \}$$

$$G_3^- := \{ (\mu, \lambda) \in R^- \times R^- \mid -2\pi\mu\lambda - \mu - \lambda = 0 \}$$

**Teorema 2.** *Quyidagi tasdiqlar o'rinli:*

**a).** *Agar  $(\mu, \lambda) \in G_1^+$  bo'lsin. U holda  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  operator  $-1$  dan chapda ikkita  $z_1(\mu, \lambda)$  va  $z_2(\mu, \lambda)$  xos qiymatga ega va bu xos qiymatlar uchun*

$$z_1(\mu, \lambda) < \min\{E_1(\mu), E_1(\lambda)\} < z_2(\mu, \lambda) < \max\{E_1(\mu), E_1(\lambda)\} < -1$$

*tengsizliklar o'rinli.*

**b).** *Agar  $(\mu, \lambda) \in G_2^+ \cup G_3^+$  bo'lsin. U holda  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  operator  $-1$  dan chapda yagona  $z(\mu, \lambda)$  xos qiymatga ega. Shuningdek*

$$z(\mu, \lambda) < \min\{E_1(\mu), E_1(\lambda)\}$$

**c).** *Agar  $(\mu, \lambda) \in G_1^-$  bo'lsin. U holda  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  operator  $1$  dan o'ngda ikkita  $u_1(\mu, \lambda)$  va  $u_2(\mu, \lambda)$  xos qiymatga ega va bu xos qiymatlar uchun*

$$1 < u_1(\mu, \lambda) < \min\{E_2(\mu), E_2(\lambda)\} < u_2(\mu, \lambda) < \max\{E_2(\mu), E_2(\lambda)\}$$

*tengsizliklar o'rinli.*

*d). Agar  $(\mu, \lambda) \in G_2^- \cup G_3^-$  bo'lsin. U holda  $H_{\mu\lambda}$  operator 1 dan o'ngda yagona  $u(\mu, \lambda)$  xos qiymatga ega. Shuningdek*

$$\max\{E_2(\mu), E_2(\lambda)\} < u(\mu, \lambda).$$

FOYDALANILGAN ADABIYOTLAR.

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